1 2 3 4 5	PUBLIC MATTER FILED OCT 0 1 2004 STATE BAR COURT STATE BAR COURT CLERKS OFFICE HEARING DEPARTMENT - LOS ANGELES COMPANY
6 7	
8	In the Matter of) Case No. 04-V-12515-RMT
9) PETER J. LONGANBACH,) DECISION
10	Member No. 48988,
11	A Member of the State Bar.
12	
13	I. INTRODUCTION
14	The issue herein is whether Petitioner Peter J. Longanbach ("Petitioner") has
15	demonstrated, to the satisfaction of this Court, his rehabilitation, present fitness to practice law,
16	and present learning and ability in the general law, so that he may be relived from his actual
17	suspension to practice law. (Standard 1.4(c)(ii), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for
18	Professional Misconduct ["standard 1.4(c)(ii)"].) ¹
19	For the reasons set forth below, the Court finds that Petitioner has shown, by a
20	preponderance of the evidence, that he has satisfied the requirements of standard 1.4(c)(ii). The
21	Court therefore grants Petitioner's petition to be relieved from his actual suspension from the
22	practice of law.
23	II. <u>SIGNIFICANT PROCEDURAL HISTORY</u>
24	On June 11, 2004, Petitioner filed a verified petition seeking relief from actual
25 26	
26 27	
27	¹ The standards are found in Title IV of the Rules of Procedure of the State Bar of
	California. All further references to standards are to this source.



	\bullet \bullet
, 1	suspension. He was represented by counsel, Ellen A. Pansky and Thomas A. Kosakowski. The
2	Office of the Chief Trial Counsel ("OCTC"), by Fumiko D. Kimura, filed its response to the
- 3	petition on July 23, 2004, indicating that it did not possess sufficient facts to determine whether
4	it opposed the petition.
5	After a hearing, the matter was submitted for decision after hearing on September 21,
6	2004.
7	III. JURISDICTION
8	Petitioner was licensed to practice law in the State of California on January 18, 1971, and
9	at all times mentioned herein has been a member of the State Bar of California.
10	IV. <u>FINDINGS OF FACT</u>
11	A. <u>Underlying Disciplinary Proceedings</u>
12	On February 2, 2004, the Supreme Court issued an order in Supreme Court matter
13	S120133 (State Bar Court Case No. 01-C-0583) suspending Petitioner from the practice of law
14	for three years, staying execution of said suspension, and placing Petitioner on probation for
15	three years on conditions, including actual suspension from the practice of law for two years and
16	until he complied with standard 1.4(c)(ii). Credit toward the period of actual suspension was to
17	be allowed for the time spent on interim suspension, which commenced on January 7, 2002.
18	Petitioner was also ordered to comply with the other conditions of probation as recommended by
19	the Hearing Department of the State Bar Court, among other things.
20	B. <u>Nature of Underlying Misconduct</u>
21	In Supreme Court matter S120133, discipline was imposed due to Petitioner's November
22	9, 2001, plea and one-count felony conviction for violating Penal Code section 287 (grand theft).
23	(San Diego Superior Court case no. CD163137.)
24	Petitioner was a prosecutor for the San Diego County District Attorney's Office. In
25	entering his plea, Petitioner admitted that he used office staff to prepare personal documents and
26	that he used the office fax, copy machine and telephone equipment for personal purposes. He
27	also admitted that he worked on private matters during work hours. The conduct occurred
28	between 1992 and February 8, 2000.

-2-

1	Petitioner was placed on three years summary probation and also ordered to: (1) pay a
2	\$200 fine and \$200 restitution fine; (2) pay \$25,000 restitution to San Diego County victim; and
3	(3) perform 350 hours of community service, among other things.
4	Petitioner has complied with all of the conditions of his criminal probation. The
5	restitution and fines were paid on March 28 and June 17, 2002, respectively.
6	On November 8, 2002, the superior court reduced the conviction from a felony to a
7	misdemeanor pursuant to California Penal Code section 17(b).
8	On June 8, 2004, Petitioner's unopposed motion for early termination of probation was
9	granted.
10	On August 16, 2004, Petitioner's motion to expunge his conviction for relief pursuant to
11	Penal Code sections 1203.4 and 1203.4a was granted.
12	After referral from the Review Department, Petitioner and OCTC stipulated that his
13	misconduct violated Business and Professions Code section 6068(a) and warranted discipline as
14	more fully described above. In mitigation, the parties stipulated that Petitioner had no prior
15	discipline, was candid and cooperative and that his good character was attested to by persons
16	who were aware of the full extent of his misconduct. The parties agreed that there were no
17	aggravating circumstances. On August 28, 2003, the State Bar Court Hearing Department
18	approved the stipulation and recommended to the Supreme Court the discipline ultimately
19	imposed.
20	Petitioner has complied with the conditions of his disciplinary probation.
21	C. <u>Petitioner's Rehabilitation and Present Fitness to Practice Law</u>
22	1. <u>Rehabilitation</u>
23	In March 2002, Petitioner retired from the San Diego County District Attorney's Office
24	as a result of the investigation that led to the criminal conviction. This was his primary source of
25	income. At the time he retired, he relinquished more than 500 hours of sick and vacation pay.
26	Since then, he has had the opportunity to reflect on his misconduct, which he deeply
27	regrets. He realizes that his misconduct besmirched his professional and personal reputations
28	which he has worked hard to restore. As a result of the failures and successes in his life, he has

.

1

-3-

reprioritzed his values. He has committed to becoming a better person and to emphasizing more the needs of others. He has learned through this experience what is important in life and will strive to make the best decisions based on what is right.

Petitioner had practiced law for over 20 years at the time the misconduct commenced²
and he realized how important his law license still is to him. He would like to return to active
practice.

In early 2003, Petitioner relocated to North Carolina. He continues to manage a small
rental property in California which provides a modest income. He also receives some retirement
benefits from the San Diego County District Attorney's Office.

10

1

2

3

2. Volunteer Work and Court-Ordered Community Service

Petitioner performed volunteer work prior to being ordered to perform community
service. He volunteered at Village Presbyterian Church working on fellowship breakfast and
meetings for church members, among other things. He also was involved in planning community
activities for FRCC, a golf organization, and to a leadership program sponsored by Sigma Nu,
his college fraternity.

Petitioner has exceeded the court's order to completer 350 hours of community service as 16 17 part of his probation in the criminal matter. He completed a total of 426 hours of community 18 service. Between March and October 2002, he completed 351 hours in the kitchen of the St. 19 Vincent de Paul Village, a homeless shelter in downtown San Diego. He continued to work there 20 although he had completed his mandated hours. Laura Kojima, the volunteer coordinator for the 21 shelter, observed his reliability, trustworthiness, kindness and compassion toward clients and 22 leadership in training others who came into the program. She noted that he was a valuable 23 volunteer who would be greatly missed.

Between March and June 2002, Petitioner completed 50 hours of community service with
the American Junior Golf Association, a nonprofit organization dedicated to assisting boys and
girls who aspire to earn scholarships through competitive golf.

- 27
- 28

²Petitioner was admitted to the practice of law in California on January 18, 1971.

Between February and May 2002, Petitioner volunteered 25 hours to the Tri-City Hospital Foundation during their annual fundraiser.

3. Character Witnesses

Petitioner's character witnesses, who were familiar with the nature and extent of his misconduct, consistently attested to his honesty, candor and trustworthiness.

a. <u>William T. Stewart</u>

William Stewart has known Petitioner since 1996. He manages Petitioner's office
building in Carlsbad, California, and has almost daily contact with him. He has worked with
Petitioner in maters relating to leases, tenants, collections in which he could have taken
advantage of others whose minds did not work as quickly or as methodically as his. Petitioner
has not been dishonest or unfair with anyone.

Stewart strongly believes that Petitioner would never again do anything that would cause even the least amount of suspicion or impropriety. In his experience, Petitioner has always been completely truthful and honest. He has the most respect for Petitioner both as an attorney and as a person of high moral character. He would not hesitate to hire him as his attorney.

16Stewart believes that Petitioner will never engage in any type of negative or questionable17behavior and that he will conduct himself in a professional and trustworthy manner in the future.

b. <u>Ron Reina</u>

Ron Reina was a radio and television sportscaster for 25 years and, for the six years prior
to his retirement, was the Special Assistant to the Sheriff of San Diego County in charge of
public affairs.

Reina first met Petitioner in the mid-1970s. They have a common interest in sports which created a bond between them. They got to know each other better on football road trips and also share an interest in basketball and golf. Petitioner often participated in charitable fundraising golf tournaments. Moreover, when Reina was with the Sheriff's Department, he was impressed with Petitioner's efforts in that agency's cases in which he demonstrated a dedication to law enforcement and to victims.

28

18

1

2

3

4

5

6

Reina has the utmost regard for Petitioner. He finds him to be honest, truthful, candid,

trustworthy and loyal. He is respectful of others no matter what their station in life. He has always been willing to help young people in any way possible.

Reina has discussed Petitioner's misconduct with him. He knows that the last two-plus years have been very hard from Petitioner, both personally and professionally. Despite this, he has continued to conduct himself in a first-class manner, maintained an upbeat attitude and an undiminished concern for others in his everyday life. Despite facing his own personal crises, Petitioner frequently set aside his own concerns to reach out to others facing challenges, including Reina, to offer support and encouragement.

9 Reina knows that Petitioner sincerely regrets his misconduct and has taken steps to avoid 10 a reoccurrence. Based on Petitioner's positive attitude and self-reflection, there is no doubt in 11 Reina's mind that Petitioner will continue to be a positive influence in the lives of others and the 12 community. He does not believe that an incident even remotely close to that which caused his 13 suspension would ever reoccur.

14 Reina find the misconduct totally inconsistent with his character. He has observed that 15 Petitioner has refocused his values to what matters most, family, charity and caring for others. 16 He has recommitted to his core being which is being a caring, ethical person looking outward to 17 others and their needs. Reina knows that there are many people in the San Diego area who hold 18 Petitioner in the highest regard personally and professionally. He believes that Petitioner can 19 accomplish much good in the future. The more tools he has to assist others, the more he can accomplish. 20

21

22

23

24

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

c. Shelly Hall

Shelly Hall has owned a San Diego advertising and public relations business for over 23 years. He and his spouse have been friends with Petitioner for over 20 years. Although Hall has worked and interacted with a wide variety of individuals, very few, if any, have demonstrated the 25 quality of character of Petitioner.

26 The Halls know Petitioner well. He has always led his life with the highest integrity and 27 concern for others. Since the conclusion of his legal matters, they have remained in touch 28 through golf, social outings and email. He observed Petitioner continuing to move his life

-6-

forward in a positive direction and he remains a wonderful individual.

1

2

3

4

5

6

Hall knows that Petitioner regrets his misconduct and has taken steps to avoid a reoccurrence. The misconduct is inconsistent with Petitioner's character.

Hall believes that Petitioner is the kind of person who should be practicing law while continuing to influence others around him in a positive way.

d. Charles R. Grebing

Charles R. Grebing is a California attorney, licensed to practice since 1971. He practices
primarily civil litigation. He is a member and past director of the San Diego Bar Association and
served on several of its committees. He is a member of and has served as president of the
American Board of Trial Advocates and the San Diego Defense Lawyers Association.

Grebing and Petitioner have known each other for over 35 years. He characterizes their
relationship as friends, law school classmates and subsequent attorney involved in matters
relating to Petitioner's suspension. Grebing has the utmost regard for Petitioner.

14 When issues arose regarding the prosecution of the *Ginsler* matter, Petitioner contacted 15 Grebing to discuss matters in great detail, including his recollection of events leading up to the various claims being asserted. He found Petitioner to be very honest, truthful, candid, 16 17 trustworthy and observant in describing those facts. His recollection of those facts was 18 subsequently determined to be accurate from all witnesses who provided information regarding 19 Petitioner's handling of his duties as a prosecutor. Issues raised by criminal defendants 20 Petitioner prosecuted have similarly proved to be meritless. I learned, and it was verified, that he 21 was respectful of the rights of others and of the judicial process.

Petitioner has expressed his deep and sincere concern for any harm caused to the District
Attorney's office as a result of his use of staff and equipment while working on private matters.
He regrets these failures and has taken affirmative steps to eliminate or minimize any
reoccurrence.

Grebing believes Petitioner's misconduct is inconsistent with his character. He is confident that if Petitioner's suspension is terminated that he would not engage in the same or similar behavior in the future and that he would conduct himself in a professional, trustworthy

-7-

and commendable manner.

1

2

3

4

5

e. Stephen M. Dorros. M.D.

Dr. Stephen M. Dorros and Petitioner have been good friends for 12 years. He believes that Petitioner is an exemplary person, a role model, especially to Dorros' children. He has always been fair, honest and faithful to the idea that everyone must be treated fairly.

6 When Dorros first met Petitioner, Petitioner was retired from his practice to pursue other
7 interests. It seemed remarkable to Dorros that Petitioner would return to the practice of law
8 because the District Attorney needed his help. Petitioner believed that he could help his
9 community, his city and make a difference to the people who live there. This deep personal
10 commitment to make a difference made a mark on Dorros and his children.

Dorros believes that Petitioner is a professional who is unrelenting in the pursuit of the
truth and the right thing to do. He is the best example of a quality lawyer and, if Dorros needed
representation, he would want Petitioner on his side. He believes that the misconduct is
inconsistent with Petitioner's character.

Dorros has three sons, all of whom are studying law, and he believes that Petitioner had
some part in their career decisions. He has been an example to them that hard work and honesty
have their rewards.

18 Dorros is confident that if Petitioner's suspension is terminated that he would not engage
19 in the same or similar behavior in the future and that he would conduct himself in a professional,
20 trustworthy and commendable manner. Dorros believes that Petitioner has a new sense of
21 direction in his life. After spending considerable time working in the kitchen at the St. Vincent
22 de Paul Center, he has a new appreciation of his past and his future.

23

f. Steven R. Buehler

Steven R. Buehler and Petitioner met 18years ago at the Fairbanks Ranch Country Club
and found that they lived right down the street from each other. They developed a close
relationship.

Buehler has the utmost regard for Petitioner. He has always found Petitioner to
demonstrate tremendous integrity and good character. He has never seen Petitioner compromise

-8-

his integrity firsthand. Buehler believes that Petitioner's misconduct is anomalous. He has found him to be honest, truthful, candid and trustworthy.

Buehler knows that Petitioner sincerely regrets his misconduct and has taken steps to
avoid a reoccurrence. Petitioner has shared with him the community service Petitioner did and
how this entire process has humbled him. They have discussed very candidly his misconduct and
how he wants to get this issue behind him. Petitioner sincerely regrets this period in his life.
Buehler believes that if Petitioner's suspension is terminated that he would not engage in the
same or similar behavior in the future and that he would conduct himself in a professional,
trustworthy and commendable manner.

10

1

2

g. Michael Page Davis

Michael Page Davis and Petitioner have known each other for 25 years. Petitioner placed
his insurance with Davis' office while Petitioner lived in California.

Davis has always known Petitioner to be honest, truthful, candid, diligent, trustworthy
and professional is his duties as an attorney. He is respectful of others and of the judicial
process.

Davis knows that Petitioner sincerely regrets these failures and that he has taken
affirmative steps to minimize the risk of misconduct reoccurring. Davis finds Petitioner's
misconduct to be an aberration and completely inconsistent with his character. Davis believes
that he would not engage in the same or similar behavior in the future and that he would conduct
himself in a professional, trustworthy and commendable manner.

21

D. <u>Petitioner's Present Learning and Ability in the General Law</u>

In July and August 2003, Petitioner participated in California-approved MCLE courses,
 completing approximately 19 hours in a wide range of practice areas, including legal ethics,
 elimination of bias, substance abuse prevention, commercial law, real property, business and
 corporations.³

26

27

28

³Petitioner submitted completion certificates for continuing legal education courses in excess of 19 hours, however, it appeared from the certificates that only 19 hours were for courses approved for California MCLE credit. The balance appeared to be approved for other states.

Petitioner completed the State Bar's Ethics School as required by the Supreme Court's disciplinary order.

Petitioner continues to read the *Los Angeles Daily Journal, California Lawyer* and other legal periodicals. He also maintains regular contact with several attorneys in the San Diego area.

V. DISCUSSION

1

2

3

4

5

Standard 1.4(c)(ii) provides, in relevant part, that normally actual suspension imposed for
two years or more shall require proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of the attorney's
rehabilitation, present fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the general law before
he or she will be relieved of the actual suspension.

In this proceeding, Petitioner has the burden of proving by a preponderance of the
evidence that he has satisfied the conditions of standard 1.4(c)(ii). The Court looks to the nature
of the underlying misconduct as well as the aggravating and mitigating circumstances
surrounding it to determine the point from which to measure Petitioner's rehabilitation, present
learning and ability in the general law, and present fitness to practice before being relieved from
his actual suspension. (*In the Matter of Murphy* (Review Dept. 1997) 3 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr.
571, 578.)

To establish rehabilitation, the Hearing Department must first consider the prior
misconduct from which Petitioner seeks to show rehabilitation. The amount of evidence of
rehabilitation varies according to the seriousness of the misconduct at issue. Second, the Court
must examine Petitioner's actions since the imposition of his discipline to determine whether his
actions, in light of the prior misconduct, sufficiently demonstrate rehabilitation by a
preponderance of the evidence. (In the Matter of Murphy, supra, 3 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. at
p. 581.)

Petitioner must show strict compliance with the terms of probation in the underlying
disciplinary matter; exemplary conduct from the time of the imposition of the prior discipline;
and must demonstrate "that the conduct evidencing rehabilitation is such that the court may make
a determination that the conduct leading to the discipline ... is not likely to be repeated." *(In the Matter of Murphy, supra*, 3 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. at p. 581.)

-10-

1 Petitioner was found culpable of serious misconduct on the basis of a criminal conviction, 2 as was set forth above. He has acknowledged the wrongfulness of his misconduct and has 3 expressed remorse as well as his resolve to avoid a reoccurrence. Petitioner complied with the 4 conditions of his criminal and disciplinary probations. The credible testimony of a long-time 5 attorney friend is persuasive in supporting the conclusion that Petitioner has been rehabilitated 6 and presently possesses good moral character. Favorable character testimony from attorneys are 7 entitled to considerable weight. (Cf. Feinstein v. State Bar (1952) 39 Cal.2d 541, 547.) Other 8 witnesses credibly attested to Petitioner's good moral character as well.

9 There is nothing in Petitioner's background other than this one incident which would
10 suggest that he is not fit to practice law. On the contrary, he has had no other disciplinary contact
11 with the State Bar in many years of practice prior to the commencement of the misconduct.

The evidence of Petitioner's good moral character was uncontroverted.
 Moreover, Petitioner has demonstrated his present learning and ability in the general law.
 Therefore, the Court finds that Petitioner has demonstrated, by a preponderance of the
 evidence, that he is rehabilitated and has present fitness to practice law.

16

VI. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

Based on the foregoing, the Court finds that Petitioner Peter J. Longanbach has
established by a preponderance of the evidence his rehabilitation, present fitness to practice and
present learning and ability in the general law.

Accordingly, Petitioner's petition for relief from actual suspension from the practice of
law pursuant to standard 1.4(c)(ii) is GRANTED. It is further ordered that Petitioner's actual
suspension from the practice of law in the State of California is hereby terminated and he shall
hereafter be entitled to resume the practice of law in this state upon the payment of all applicable
State Bar fees and previously assessed costs.

25

26

28

²⁷ Dated: October 1, 2004

ROBERT M. TALCOTT

ROBERT M. TALCOTT Judge of the State Bar Court

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE [Rule 62(b), Rules Proc.; Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of Los Angeles, on October 1, 2004, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

DECISION, filed October 1, 2004

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

[X] by overnight mail at Los Angeles, California, addressed as follows:

THOMAS KOSAKOWSKI, ESQ. PANSKY & MARKLE 1114 FREMONT AVE SOUTH PASADENA CA 91030

[X] by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

FUMIKO KIMURA, A/L, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in Los Angeles, California, on **October 1, 2004**.

Luth

Rose M. Luthi Case Administrator State Bar Court