



(Do not write above this line.)

**State Bar Court of California
Hearing Department
San Francisco**

<p>Counsel For The State Bar</p> <p>The Office of the Chief Trial Counsel Maria J. Oropeza 180 Howard Street San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 538-2569</p> <p>Bar # 182660</p>	<p>Case Number (s) 06-J-13551</p>	<p>(for Court's use)</p> <p align="center">PUBLIC MATTER</p> <p align="center">FILED</p> <p align="center">MAR 21 2007</p> <p align="center">STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE SAN FRANCISCO</p>
<p>Counsel For Respondent</p> <p>Jonathon Arons 101 Howard Street, #310 San Francisco, CA 94105</p> <p>Bar # 111257</p>	<p>Submitted to: Assigned Judge</p>	
<p>In the Matter Of: Anders Johnson</p> <p>Bar # 139654</p> <p>A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)</p>	<p>STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING</p> <p>PUBLIC REPROVAL</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED</p>	

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted **June 6, 1989**.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of **15** pages, not including the order.
- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."
- (5) Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of Law".
- (6) The parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading "Supporting Authority."

- (7) No more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any pending investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.
- (8) Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & 6140.7. (Check one option only):
- costs added to membership fee for calendar year following effective date of discipline (public reproof)
 - case ineligible for costs (private reproof)
 - costs to be paid in equal amounts for the following membership years:
(hardship, special circumstances or other good cause per rule 284, Rules of Procedure)
 - costs waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs"
 - costs entirely waived
- (9) The parties understand that:
- (a) A private reproof imposed on a respondent as a result of a stipulation approved by the Court prior to initiation of a State Bar Court proceeding is part of the respondent's official State Bar membership records, but is not disclosed in response to public inquiries and is not reported on the State Bar's web page. The record of the proceeding in which such a private reproof was imposed is not available to the public except as part of the record of any subsequent proceeding in which it is introduced as evidence of a prior record of discipline under the Rules of Procedure of the State Bar.
 - (b) A private reproof imposed on a respondent after initiation of a State Bar Court proceeding is part of the respondent's official State Bar membership records, is disclosed in response to public inquiries and is reported as a record of public discipline on the State Bar's web page.
 - (c) A public reproof imposed on a respondent is publicly available as part of the respondent's official State Bar membership records, is disclosed in response to public inquiries and is reported as a record of public discipline on the State Bar's web page.

B. Aggravating Circumstances [for definition, see Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct, standard 1.2(b)]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are required.

- (1) **Prior record of discipline** [see standard 1.2(f)]
- (a) State Bar Court case # of prior case
 - (b) Date prior discipline effective
 - (c) Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:
 - (d) Degree of prior discipline
 - (e) If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below or a separate attachment entitled "Prior Discipline."
- (2) **Dishonesty:** Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by or followed by bad faith, dishonesty, concealment, overreaching or other violations of the State Bar Act or Rules of Professional Conduct.

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- (3) **Trust Violation:** Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property.
- (4) **Harm:** Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public or the administration of justice.
- (5) **Indifference:** Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.
- (6) **Lack of Cooperation:** Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation or proceedings.
- (7) **Multiple/Pattern of Misconduct:** Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing or demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.
- (8) **No aggravating circumstances** are involved.

Additional aggravating circumstances:

C. Mitigating Circumstances [see standard 1.2(e)]. Facts supporting mitigating circumstances are required.

- (1) **No Prior Discipline:** Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice.
- (2) **No Harm:** Respondent did not harm the client or person who was the object of the misconduct.
- (3) **Candor/Cooperation:** Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct and to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation and proceedings.
- (4) **Remorse:** Respondent promptly took objective steps spontaneously demonstrating remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.
- (5) **Restitution:** Respondent paid \$ _____ on _____ in restitution to _____ without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.
- (6) **Delay:** These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.
- (7) **Good Faith:** Respondent acted in good faith.
- (8) **Emotional/Physical Difficulties:** At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and Respondent no longer suffers from such difficulties or disabilities.
- (9) **Severe Financial Stress:** At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.

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- (10) **Family Problems:** At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.
- (11) **Good Character:** Respondent's good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.
- (12) **Rehabilitation:** Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by convincing proof of subsequent rehabilitation.
- (13) **No mitigating circumstances** are involved.

Additional mitigating circumstances:

D. Discipline:

- (1) **Private reproof (check applicable conditions, if any, below)**
- (a) Approved by the Court prior to initiation of the State Bar Court proceedings (no public disclosure).
- (b) Approved by the Court after initiation of the State Bar Court proceedings (public disclosure).

or

- (2) **Public reproof (Check applicable conditions, if any, below)**

E. Conditions Attached to Reproval:

- (1) Respondent must comply with the conditions attached to the reproof for a period of _____.
- (2) During the condition period attached to the reproof, Respondent must comply with the provisions of the State Bar Act and Rules of Professional Conduct.
- (3) Within ten (10) days of any change, Respondent must report to the Membership Records Office of the State Bar and to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of information, including current office address and telephone number, or other address for State Bar purposes, as prescribed by section 6002.1 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (4) Within thirty (30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Probation and schedule a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and conditions of probation. Upon the direction of the Office of Probation, Respondent must meet with the probation deputy either in-person or by telephone. During the period of probation, Respondent must promptly meet with the probation deputy as directed and upon request.
- (5) Respondent must submit written quarterly reports to the Office of Probation on each January 10, April 10, July 10, and October 10 of the condition period attached to the reproof. Under penalty of perjury, Respondent must state whether Respondent has complied with the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all conditions of the reproof during the preceding calendar quarter. Respondent must also state in each report whether there are any proceedings pending against him or her in the State Bar Court and if so, the case number and current status of that proceeding. If the first report would cover less than 30 (thirty) days, that report must be submitted on the next following quarter date, and cover the extended period.

In addition to all quarterly reports, a final report, containing the same information, is due no earlier than twenty (20) days before the last day of the condition period and no later than the last day of the condition period.

- (6) Respondent must be assigned a probation monitor. Respondent must promptly review the terms and conditions of probation with the probation monitor to establish a manner and schedule of compliance. During the period of probation, Respondent must furnish such reports as may be requested, in addition to the quarterly reports required to be submitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must cooperate fully with the monitor.
- (7) Subject to assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully any inquiries of the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which are directed to Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has complied with the conditions attached to the reprobation.
- (8) Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.
- No Ethics School recommended. Reason:
- (9) Respondent must comply with all conditions of probation imposed in the underlying criminal matter and must so declare under penalty of perjury in conjunction with any quarterly report to be filed with the Office of Probation.
- (10) Respondent must provide proof of passage of the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination ("MPRE"), administered by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, to the Office of Probation within one year of the effective date of the reprobation.
- No MPRE recommended. Reason:
- (11) The following conditions are attached hereto and incorporated:
- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Substance Abuse Conditions | <input type="checkbox"/> Law Office Management Conditions |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Medical Conditions | <input type="checkbox"/> Financial Conditions |

F. Other Conditions Negotiated by the Parties:

ATTACHMENT TO

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF: Anders Johnson, Bar No. 139654

CASE NUMBER(S): 06-J-15331 ET AL.

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that he is culpable of violations of the specified statutes and/or Rules of Professional Conduct.

PROFESSIONAL MISCONDUCT IN A FOREIGN JURISDICTION

1. Anders L. Johnson (“respondent”) was admitted to the practice of law in the State of California on June 6, 1989 was a member at all times pertinent to these charges, and is currently a member of the State Bar of California.

2. On October 14, 2005, the Supreme Court of Iowa ordered that respondent be disciplined upon findings that respondent had committed professional misconduct in that jurisdiction as set forth in the Order of Public Reprimand by the Supreme Court of Iowa and Board Hearing meeting determination entered by the Board of Professional Ethics and Conduct in September 2003.

3. Thereafter, the decision of the foreign jurisdiction became final.

4. Certified copies of the October 14, 2005 Iowa Supreme Court Order of Public Reprimand and the September 16, 2003 Disciplinary Commission Report, are collectively attached as Attachment 1, and incorporated by reference.

5. A copy of the statutes, rules (Iowa Rules of Professional Conduct DR6-101(A)(3) and DR 1-102(A)(4)) or court orders of the foreign jurisdiction found to have been violated by respondent is collectively attached as Attachment 2, and incorporated by reference.

6. The attached findings and final order are conclusive evidence that respondent is culpable of professional misconduct in this state.

Conclusions of Law:

7. Respondent’s culpability as determined by the Iowa Supreme Court indicates that the following California statutes or rules have been violated.

Rule 3-110(A), Rules of Professional Conduct [DR-6-101(A)(3)];
Business and Professions Code section 6106 [DR-1-1-2(A)(4)];

AGREEMENTS AND WAIVERS PURSUANT TO BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE SECTION 6049.1.

1. Respondent's culpability determined in the disciplinary proceeding in Iowa would warrant the imposition of discipline in the State of California under the laws or rules in effect in this State at the time the misconduct was committed; and
2. The proceeding in the above jurisdiction provided respondent with fundamental constitutional protection.

PENDING PROCEEDINGS.

The disclosure date referred to, on page one, paragraph A.(7), was February 2, 2007.

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of the Chief Trial Counsel has informed respondent that as of February 2, 2007, the estimated prosecution costs in this matter are approximately \$1983.00. Respondent acknowledges that this figure is an estimate only. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

Standard 2.4(b) states in pertinent part "Culpability of a member of wilfully failing to perform services in an individual matter or matters not demonstrating a pattern of misconduct or culpability of a member of wilfully failing to communicate with a client shall result in a reproof or suspension depending upon the extent of the misconduct and the degree of harm to the client."

Standard 2.6 states in pertinent part "Culpability of a member of a violation of any of the following provisions of the Business and Professions Code shall result in disbarment or suspension depending on the gravity of the offense or the harm, if any, to the victim, with due regard to the purposes of imposing discipline set forth in standard 1.3." Subsection (b) cites to Business and Professions code section 6103.

Decisions of the Supreme Court and the Review Department involving abandonment of a client's case with no prior record of attorney's misconduct have typically resulted in discipline ranging from no actual suspension to 90 days of actual suspension. (*In the Matter of Nunez* (Rev. Dept. 1992) 2 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 196, 206.)

MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

No prior discipline history: Respondent has no prior discipline history, he was admitted into practice in 1989.

Delay Not Attributable to Respondent: Respondent's formal recommendation to the Supreme Court of Iowa was made on September 16, 2003, yet the Supreme Court of the State of Iowa did not act upon the recommendation until October 14, 2005.

STATE BAR ETHICS SCHOOL.

Because respondent has agreed to attend State Bar Ethics School as part of this stipulation, respondent may receive Minimum Continuing Legal Education credit upon the satisfactory completion of State Bar Ethics School.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF IOWA

FILED
OCT 14 2005
ORDER OF PUBLIC REPRIMAND
CLERK SUPREME COURT

THE IOWA SUPREME COURT
ATTORNEY DISCIPLINARY BOARD,
Complainant,

vs.

ANDERS L. JOHNSON,
Respondent.

ORDER OF PUBLIC REPRIMAND

No. 05-1628

Pursuant to Court Rule 35.3 the attached reprimand of attorney Anders L. Johnson, San Francisco, California, by the Iowa Supreme Court Attorney Disciplinary Board has been filed with the clerk of this court together with proof of service thereof and a statement that no exception has been filed within the time prescribed.

It is therefore ORDERED that the reprimand of Anders L. Johnson be included in the records of this court as a public document.

Dated this 14th day of October, 2005.

THE SUPREME COURT OF IOWA

By Louis A. Favorato
Louis A. Favorato, Chief Justice

Copies to:

- ✓ Members of the Court
- ✓ Charles L. Harrington
Attorney Disciplinary Board
- ✓ Paul H. Wieck, II
Client Security Commission
- ✓ Anders L. Johnson (Certified No. 70032260000646896458)
3001 A Judah Street
San Francisco CA 94122

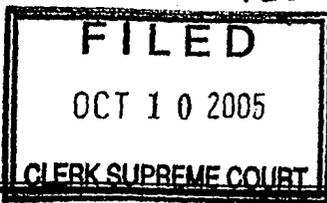
I hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and complete copy of the Order made by said Court in the above entitled cause, as full, true and complete as the same remains on file and of record in my office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the Court, at Des Moines, this 24th day of August 2006

R.K. Richards
By [Signature]

ATTACHMENT (1)

Iowa Supreme Court
Board of Professional Ethics and Conduct



Iowa Judicial Branch Building
1111 East Court Avenue
Des Moines, IA 50319

Phone 515-725-8017
Fax 515-725-8013

NORMAN G. BASTEMEYER
ETHICS ADMINISTRATOR

September 16, 2003

Mr. Anders Johnson
Attorney
PO Box 466
Sonoma, CA 95476

In re: Our File No.: 0203-34
Respondent: Anders Johnson

Dear Mr. Johnson:

The above complaint filed against you came on for consideration by the Board at its recent hearing meeting.

Following a review of the complaint, your response thereto, the Board's investigation, and the file, it was the determination of the Board that you represented a criminal defendant facing federal drug charges filed in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Iowa at the time of his pre-trial proffer statements at which time you failed to advise your client of the significance of the proffer. Although you were in possession of the government's written agreement for your client's signature, which set out the circumstances for which information your client gave could not be used against him and those situations where it could be used against him, you failed to review that offer with your client until the morning of the first proffer session and the record clearly established that it was the government attorney who hurriedly explained it to your client. It was the determination of the Board that you were not sufficiently familiar with federal criminal law, and in particular, the application of the federal sentencing guidelines, to be an effective advocate for your client and you did not adequately prepare him for the interviews which were conducted with law enforcement officials, neither comprehending the significance of the proffer nor reviewing it with your client prior to his interviews.

It was further the determination of the Board that early in the proceedings your client desired to schedule a meeting involving himself, you, his girlfriend and co-defendant, and her attorney, which you neglected to arrange, excusing your neglect by advising your client that your co-defendant's attorney had not returned your calls. That at the subsequent meeting involving those parties, your client berated his co-defendant's attorney for failing to return your calls and, during a break, you sought that attorney's assistance in substantiating your fabrication.

It was thus the determination of the Board that you be and hereby are publicly reprimanded that your failure to comprehend the significance of the proposed proffer agreement and your failure to review it with your client prior to his interviews was in violation of DR 6-

September 16, 2003
Anders Johnson
Page 2

101(A)(3) - handling a legal matter without adequate preparation and further, that your false statements to your client that the delay in arranging the desired meeting was because his co-defendant's counsel did not return your calls and your subsequent request of the co-defendant's counsel to substantiate that false statement was conduct involving dishonesty, contrary to DR 1-102(A)(4) of the Iowa Code of Professional Responsibility for Lawyers.

FOR THE IOWA SUPREME COURT BOARD OF
PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND CONDUCT

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Norman S. Boston", written in a cursive style.

NGB/vls

DISCIPLINARY RULES

DR 1-101 Maintaining Integrity and Competence of the Legal Profession.

- (A) A lawyer is subject to discipline if the lawyer has made a materially false statement in, or has deliberately failed to disclose a material fact requested in connection with, an application for admission to the bar.
- (B) A lawyer shall not further the application for admission to the bar of another person known by the lawyer to be unqualified in respect to character, education, or other relevant attribute.

DR 1-102 Misconduct.

- (A) A lawyer shall not:
 - (1) Violate a disciplinary rule.
 - (2) Circumvent a disciplinary rule through actions of another.
 - (3) Engage in illegal conduct involving moral turpitude.
 - (4) Engage in conduct involving dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation.
 - (5) Engage in conduct that is prejudicial to the administration of justice.
 - (6) Engage in any other conduct that adversely reflects on the fitness to practice law.
 - (7) Engage in sexual harassment or other unlawful discrimination on the basis of sex, race, national origin, or ethnicity in the practice of law or knowingly permit staff and agents subject to the lawyer's direction and control to do so.

Referred to in DR 1-103

DR 1-103 Disclosure of Information to Authorities.

- (A) A lawyer possessing unprivileged knowledge of a violation of DR 1-102 shall report such knowledge to a tribunal or other authority empowered to investigate or act upon such violation.
- (B) A lawyer possessing unprivileged knowledge or evidence concerning another lawyer or a judge shall reveal fully such knowledge or evidence upon proper request of a tribunal or other authority empowered to investigate or act upon the conduct of lawyers or judges.
- (C) A lawyer possessing unprivileged knowledge or evidence that another lawyer or judge is suffering from such mental or emotional instability as renders that lawyer or judge unfit or unable to furnish competent legal services shall report such knowledge to a tribunal or other authority empowered to investigate or act upon the conduct of lawyers or judges.
- (D) No lawyer who is a member or designee of Lawyers Helping Lawyers Committee (committee) or Iowa Lawyers Assistance Program (program) of the Iowa State Bar Association shall be required to disclose any information concerning another lawyer's confidences or secrets received as a committee or program member or designee, except information concerning commingling, mishandling or misappropriation of client's funds, nor shall failure or refusal to disclose such information constitute a violation of any Ethical Consideration or Disciplinary Rule of this Code.

ATTACHMENT (2)

DISCIPLINARY RULES

DR 6-101 Failing to Act Competently.

(A) A lawyer shall not:

- (1) Handle a legal matter which the lawyer knows or should know that the lawyer is not competent to handle, without associating with a lawyer who is competent to handle it.
- (2) Handle a legal matter without preparation adequate in the circumstances.
- (3) Neglect a client's legal matter.

Referred to in R. Prob. P. 5 "d"

DR 6 102 Limiting Liability to Client.

(A) A lawyer shall not attempt to be exonerated from or limit liability to a client for personal malpractice.

CANON 7

*A Lawyer Should Represent a Client
Zealously Within the Bounds
of the Law*

ETHICAL CONSIDERATIONS

EC 7-1 The duty of a lawyer, both to the client and to the legal system, is to represent the client zealously within the bounds of the law, which includes disciplinary rules and enforceable professional regulations. The professional responsibility of a lawyer derives from membership in a profession which has the duty of assisting members of the public to secure and protect available legal rights and benefits. In our government of laws and not of individuals, members of our society are entitled to have their conduct judged and regulated in accordance with the law; to seek any lawful objective through legally permissible means; and to present for adjudication any lawful claim, issue, or defense.

EC 7-2 The bounds of the law in a given case are often difficult to ascertain. The language of legislative enactments and judicial opinions may be uncertain as applied to varying factual situations. The limits and specific meaning of apparently relevant law may be made doubtful by changing or developing constitutional interpretations, inadequately expressed statutes or judicial opinions, and changing public and judicial attitudes. Certainty of law ranges from well-settled rules through areas of conflicting authority to areas without precedent.

EC 7-3 Where the bounds of law are uncertain, the action of a lawyer may depend on whether the lawyer is serving as advocate or adviser. A lawyer may serve simultaneously as both advocate and adviser, but the two roles are essentially different. In asserting a position on behalf of a client, an advocate for the most part deals with past conduct and must take the facts as they are found. By contrast, a lawyer serving as adviser primarily assists a client in determining the course of future conduct and relationships. While serving as advocate, a lawyer should resolve in favor of the client doubts as to the bounds of the law. In serving a client as adviser, a lawyer in appropriate circumstances should give a professional opinion as to what the ultimate decisions of the courts would likely be as to the applicable law.

September 26, 2005

Anders L. Johnson
3001 A Judah St.
San Francisco, CA 94122

(415) 221-6700

Grievance Commission of the Iowa Supreme Court
ATTN: Paul H. Wieck II
Commission Clerk
Judicial Branch Building
1111 E. Court Ave.
Des Moines, IA 50319

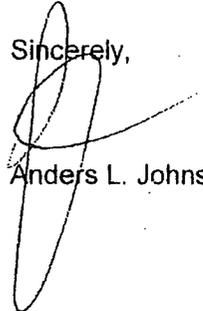
RE: Board v. Johnson, Docket No. 598

Dear Mr. Wieck

Enclosed is the Acceptance of Service in the above matter. Pursuant to my oral agreement with Assistant Ethics Counsel, Wendell J. Harms, I wish at this point to withdraw my October 17, 2003 exception to reprimand. It was not my intention to halt the process at that time, but merely to explain my actions. I do not wish to proceed in disciplinary proceedings, and concede the reprimand.

Please let me know if you need any additional information, or have any questions.

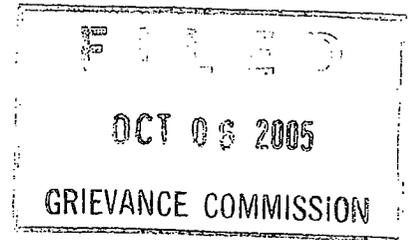
Sincerely,



Anders L. Johnson

ALJ:
Enc.

Cc: Wendell J. Holmes

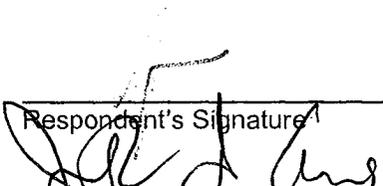
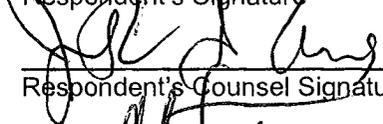
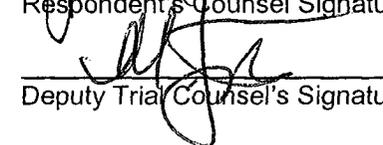


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In the Matter of Anders Johnson	Case number(s): 06-J-13551
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SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

By their signatures below, the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the recitations and each of the terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Fact, Conclusions of Law and Disposition.

<u>3/5/07</u> Date	 Respondent's Signature	<u>Anders Johnson</u> Print Name
<u>March 5, 2007</u> Date	 Respondent's Counsel Signature	<u>Jonathan Arons</u> Print Name
<u>3/6/07</u> Date	 Deputy Trial Counsel's Signature	<u>Maria J. Oropeza</u> Print Name

(Do not write above this line.)

In the Matter of ANDERS JOHNSON	Case number(s): 06-J-13551
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ORDER

Finding that the stipulation protects the public and that the interests of Respondent will be served by any conditions attached to the reproval, IT IS ORDERED that the requested dismissal of counts/charges, if any, is GRANTED without prejudice, and:

- The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AND THE REPROVAL IMPOSED.
- The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the REPROVAL IMPOSED.
- All Hearing dates are vacated.

1. Page 4, E(1)--the reproval period is one year.
2. Page 6, Conclusions of Law, paragraph 7, the Iowa statute that indicates that California Business and Professions Code section 6106 has been violated is DR 1-102(A)(4).

The parties are bound by the stipulation as approved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed within 15 days after service of this order, is granted; or 2) this court modifies or futher modifies the approved stipulation. (See rule 135(b), Rules of Procedure.) **Otherwise the stipulation shall be effective 15 days after service of this order.**

Failure to comply with any conditions attached to this reproval may constitute cause for a separate proceeding for willful breach of rule 1-110, Rules of Professional Conduct.

March 20, 2007
Date


PAT McELROY
Judge of the State Bar Court

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
[Rule 62(b), Rules Proc.; Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of San Francisco, on March 21, 2007, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

**STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION
AND ORDER APPROVING**

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

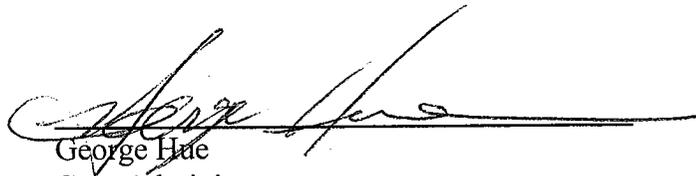
- by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at San Francisco, California, addressed as follows:

**JONATHAN IRWIN ARONS
LAW OFC JONATHAN I ARONS
101 HOWARD ST #310
SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105**

- by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

MARIA J. OROPEZA, Enforcement, San Francisco

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in San Francisco, California, on **March 21, 2007**.



George Hue
Case Administrator
State Bar Court