State Bar Court of California Hearing Department Los Angeles STAYED SUSPENSION

ORIGINAL

Counsel For The State Bar

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Bar # 279064

In the Matter of: RONALD WAYNE GRIGG

Bar # 140947

A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)

Case Number(s): 06-O-14925-YDR

For Court use only

FILED

FEB 0 9 2016

STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE LOS ANGELES

PUBLIC MATTER

Submitted to: Settlement Judge

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

STAYED SUSPENSION; NO ACTUAL SUSPENSION

☐ PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted June 6, 1989.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of 12 pages, not including the order.
- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."

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(5)		onclu aw".	isions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of			
(6)	The parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading "Supporting Authority."					
(7)	No more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any pending investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.					
(8)	Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 6140.7. (Check one option only):					
		b ci	costs are added to membership fee for calendar year following effective date of discipline. Costs are to be paid in equal amounts prior to February 1 for the following membership years: the two illing cycles following the effective date of the Supreme Court order. (Hardship, special ircumstances or other good cause per rule 5.132, Rules of Procedure). If Respondent fails to pay any installment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar Court, the remaining balance is use and payable immediately. The costs are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs".			
Mis		nduc	iting Circumstances [Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional it, standards 1.2(h) & 1.5]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are			
(1)		Pric	or record of discipline			
	(a)		State Bar Court case # of prior case			
	(b)		Date prior discipline effective			
ŧ	(c)		Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:			
	(d)		Degree of prior discipline			
	(e)		If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below or a separate attachment entitled "Prior Discipline.			
2)			ntional/Bad Faith/Dishonesty: Respondent's misconduct was dishonest, intentional, or surrounded or followed by bad faith.			
3)		Mis	representation: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by misrepresentation.			
4)		Con	cealment: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by concealment.			
5)	Overreaching: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by overreaching.					
6)	Uncharged Violations: Respondent's conduct involves uncharged violations of the Business and Professions Code, or the Rules of Professional Conduct.					
7)		to th	et Violation: Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account e client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or erty			

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(8)		Harm: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public, or the administration of justice.				
(9)		Indifference: Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.				
(10)		Candor/Lack of Cooperation: Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct, or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations or proceedings.				
(11)		Multiple Acts: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing.				
(12)		Pattern: Respondent's current misconduct demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.				
(13)		Restitution: Respondent failed to make restitution.				
(14)		Vulnerable Victim: The victim(s) of Respondent's misconduct was/were highly vulnerable.				
(15)	\boxtimes	No aggravating circumstances are involved.				
Adđi	tiona	al aggravating circumstances				
C. Mitigating Circumstances [see standards 1.2(i) & 1.6]. Facts supporting mitigating circumstances are required.						
(1)	Ø	No Prior Discipline: Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not likely to recur. See Stipulation Attachment at page 9.				
(2)		No Harm: Respondent did not harm the client, the public, or the administration of justice.				
(3)		Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations and proceedings.				
(4)		Remorse: Respondent promptly took objective steps demonstrating spontaneous remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.				
5)		Restitution: Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.				
6)		Delay: These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.				
7)		Good Faith: Respondent acted with a good faith belief that was honestly held and objectively reasonable.				
8)	· · · · · ·	Emotional/Physical Difficulties: At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical or mental disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and the difficulties or disabilities no longer pose a risk that Respondent will commit misconduct.				

(Do 1	ot w	rite abo	ve this I	ine.)			
(9)		Severe Financial Stress: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.					
(10)		Family Problems: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.					
(11)		God in th	od Ch	aracter: Respondent's extraordinarily good character is attested to by a wide range of references at and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.			
(12)		Ref folic	n abilit owed b	ation: Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred by subsequent rehabilitation.			
(13)		No	No mitigating circumstances are involved.				
Addi	tion	al mi	tigatin	g circumstances			
	Pre	e-Tria	l Stipu	ulation - See Stipulation Attachment at page 9.			
D. D	isc	iplin	e:				
(1)	\boxtimes	Stay	Stayed Suspension:				
	(a)		Resp	condent must be suspended from the practice of law for a period of one (1) year.			
		i.		and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the general law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.			
		ii.		and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.			
		iii.		and until Respondent does the following:			
	The above-referenced suspension is stayed.						
(2)	\boxtimes	Probation:					
Respondent is placed on probation for a period of two (2) years, which will commence upon the effect of the Supreme Court order in this matter. (See rule 9.18 California Rules of Court.)							
E. Ac	ldit	iona	I Con	editions of Probation:			
1)	X	During the probation period, Respondent must comply with the provisions of the State Bar Act and Rules of Professional Conduct.					
2)		Within ten (10) days of any change, Respondent must report to the Membership Records Office of the State Bar and to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of information, including current office address and telephone number, or other address for State Bar purposes, as prescribed by section 6002.1 of the Business and Professions Code.					
3) [(30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Probation le a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and			

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		pro	nditions of probation. Upon the direction of obation deputy either in-person or by telepion puty meet with the probation deputy as a	none. I	ffice of Probation, Respondent must meet with the During the period of probation, Respondent must and upon request.	
(4)		wh cor are cur	by 10, and October 10 of the period of problether Respondent has complied with the Solutions of probation during the preceding of any proceedings pending against him or the proceedings.	ation. I tate B alenda ner in t port w	the Office of Probation on each January 10, April 10, Jnder penalty of perjury, Respondent must state ar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all ar quarter. Respondent must also state whether there he State Bar Court and if so, the case number and ould cover less than 30 days, that report must be stended period.	
		in a	addition to all quarterly reports, a final repoenty (20) days before the last day of the pe	rt, con riod of	aining the same information, is due no earlier than probation and no later than the last day of probation.	
(5)		Respondent must be assigned a probation monitor. Respondent must promptly review the telesconditions of probation with the probation monitor to establish a manner and schedule of compuring the period of probation, Respondent must furnish to the monitor such reports as may lin addition to the quarterly reports required to be submitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must furnish to the Office of Probation.		establish a manner and schedule of compliance. nish to the monitor such reports as may be requested		
(6)		Subject to assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully an inquiries of the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which directed to Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has complied with the probation conditions.				
(7)		Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the State Bar Ethics School, and passage of test given at the end of that session.				
		×	California, Respondent will not be req	uired	ause Respondent resides outside of the state of to attend State Bar Ethics School, and an d under "Other Conditions Negotiated by the	
(8)		Respondent must comply with all conditions of probation imposed in the underlying criminal matter and must so declare under penalty of perjury in conjunction with any quarterly report to be filed with the Offic of Probation.				
(9)		The 1	following conditions are attached hereto ar	nd inco	rporated:	
			Substance Abuse Conditions		Law Office Management Conditions	
			Medical Conditions		Financial Conditions	
F. O	ther	Con	nditions Negotiated by the Parties	3 :		
(1)	Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination: Respondent must provide proof of past the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination ("MPRE"), administered by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, to the Office of Probation within one year. Failure to pass the National results in actual suspension without further hearing until passage. But see rule 9.10(b), CRules of Court, and rule 5.162(A) & (E), Rules of Procedure.				in ("MPRE"), administered by the National ion within one year. Failure to pass the MPRE inc until passage. But see rule 9.10(b). California	
	☐ No MPRE recommended. Reason:					

(2) M Other Conditions:

As a further condition of probation, because Respondent resides outside of the State of California, Respondent must either 1) attend a session of State Bar Ethics School, pass the test given at the end of that session, and provide proof satisfactory to the Office of Probation within one (1) year of the effective date of discipline herein; or 2) complete six (6) hours of live, in-person Minimum Continuing Legal Education ("MCLE") approved courses in legal ethics offered through a certified MCLE provider in Pennsylvania and provide proof of the same satisfactory to the Office of Probation within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline. If Respondent elects to complete six hours of MCLE approved courses in lieu of State Bar Ethics School, the MCLE hours are in addition to any MCLE hours required by rule or statute.

ATTACHMENT TO

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF:

RONALD WAYNE GRIGG

CASE NUMBER:

06-O-14925-YDR

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that he is culpable of violations of the specified statutes and/or Rules of Professional Conduct.

Case No. 06-O-14925 (Complainant: Blaine John Chaney)

FACTS:

- 1. Between August 2005 and September 2006, Respondent represented Blaine John Chaney ("Chaney") in matters relating to Chaney's marital dissolution proceedings and claims against certain family trusts which concluded with a Settlement Agreement ("SA") in January 2006. Pursuant to the SA, Chaney was entitled to receive several payments. During the ensuing months between January 2006 and September 2006, Respondent received, on behalf of Chaney, payments pursuant to the Settlement Agreement.
- 2. Throughout the period of representation, Respondent frequently provided Chaney with billing statements showing an accounting of the funds Respondent had received.
- 3. In September 2006, a dispute arose between Respondent and Chaney as to the amount of fees Respondent had taken. Chaney thereafter filed a lawsuit against Respondent in the case entitled *Blaine John Chaney v. Ronald Wayne Grigg, et al.*, Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. BC358695 ("the civil case"). The civil case then proceeded to a fee arbitration pursuant to the fee agreement between Chaney and Respondent.
- 4. On June 2, 2010, the court in the civil case issued an order requiring Respondent, among other things:
 - To forthwith provide to Chaney a full and complete accounting of the use of and
 information concerning the present whereabouts of all funds paid to Respondent by
 Chaney;
 - To forthwith provide to Chaney a full and complete accounting of the use of and
 information concerning the present whereabouts of the funds made to or for the benefit of
 Chaney deposited, transferred or wired into Respondent's client trust account ("CTA") or
 other accounts in the name of Respondent or used by Respondent; and
 - To provide Chaney a list of the account numbers or all bank accounts (together with the name and address of each bank involved) in which Respondent had been a signatory within five days of the June 2, 2010 order.

- 5. Respondent received notice of the June 2, 2010 order. Respondent did not comply with the order. On July 2, 2010, Respondent appealed the June 2, 2010 order. In reliance upon his appellate counsel's advice, Respondent believed that he did not have to comply with the June 2, 2010 order while the appeal was pending.
- 6. On June 1, 2011, the court in the civil case issued an order to show cause as to why Respondent should not be held in contempt for violating the court's June 2, 2010 orders and conducted a hearing with respect to the order to show cause re contempt on August 16, 2011, August 17, 2011, August 18, 2011, August 19, 2011, August 23, 2011, August 24, 2011, August 29, 2011, September 9, 2011 and September 16, 2011. Respondent was present at the hearings.
- 7. On October 18, 2011 the appellate court issued a decision affirming the validity of the June 2, 2010 order.
- 8. On October 25, 2011, the court in the civil case issued an order holding Respondent in civil contempt of court based upon his violation of the court's June 2, 2010 order. The court found that Respondent had the means to comply with the court's order. Specifically, Respondent presented evidence at the contempt hearing establishing an accounting and the manner in which the funds were used in response to the June 2, 2010 order, and that the accounting had been prepared prior to the Respondent's receipt of the June 2, 2010 order, but which Respondent did not provide to Chaney until he presented the evidence at the contempt hearing.
 - 9. Respondent violated the court's June 2, 2010 order as follows:
 - he failed to provide to Chaney a full and complete accounting of the use of and information concerning the present whereabouts of all funds paid to Respondent by Chaney,
 - he failed to provide to Chaney a full and complete accounting of the use of and
 information concerning the present whereabouts of the funds made to or for the benefit of
 Chaney deposited, transferred or wired into Respondent's CTA or other accounts in the
 name of Respondent or used by Respondent, and
 - he failed to provide Chaney a list of the account numbers or all bank accounts (together with the name and address of each bank involved) in which Respondent had been a signatory within five days of the June 2, 2010 order.
- 10. Respondent had the ability to comply with the court's June 2, 2010 order because Respondent had already prepared an accounting and information regarding the use and whereabouts of the funds as of June 2, 2010, but he did not disclose it to Chaney until the contempt hearing.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

11. By failing to comply with the court's June 2, 2010 order to provide to Chaney a full and complete accounting of the use of and information concerning the present whereabouts of all funds paid to Respondent by Chaney, by failing comply with the court's June 2, 2010 order to provide to Chaney a full and complete accounting of the use of and information concerning the present whereabouts of the funds made to or for the benefit of Chaney deposited, transferred or wired into Respondent's CTA or

other accounts in the name of Respondent or used by Respondent, and by failing to comply with the court's June 2, 2010 order to provide Chaney a list of the account numbers or all bank accounts (together with the name and address of each bank involved) in which Respondent had been a signatory within five days of the June 2, 2010 order, Respondent failed to maintain the respect due to the courts of justice and judicial officers in willful violation of Business and Professions Code section 6068(b).

MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

No Prior Discipline (Std. 1.6(a)): Respondent has been an attorney in California since 1989 and has no prior record of discipline. The present misconduct is not likely to recur.

ADDITIONAL FACTS RE MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Pretrial Stipulation: Respondent has entered into a complete stipulation fully acknowledging all facts, conclusions of law and level of discipline, thereby saving the State Bar and the court the time and resources of trying this matter. (Silva-Vidor v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigative credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability].)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct "set forth a means for determining the appropriate disciplinary sanction in a particular case and to ensure consistency across cases dealing with similar misconduct and surrounding circumstances." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, std. 1.1. All further references to Standards are to this source.) The Standards help fulfill the primary purposes of discipline, which include: protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; maintenance of the highest professional standards; and preservation of public confidence in the legal profession. (See std. 1.1; *In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205.)

Although not binding, the standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (In re Silverton (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting In re Brown (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and In re Young (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (In re Naney (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) If a recommendation is at the high end or low end of a Standard, an explanation must be given as to how the recommendation was reached. (Std. 1.1.) "Any disciplinary recommendation that deviates from the Standards must include clear reasons for the departure." (Std. 1.1; Blair v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

In determining whether to impose a sanction greater or less than that specified in a given standard, in addition to the factors set forth in the specific standard, consideration is to be given to the primary purposes of discipline; the balancing of all aggravating and mitigating circumstances; the type of misconduct at issue; whether the client, public, legal system or profession was harmed; and the member's willingness and ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. (Stds. 1.7(b) and (c).)

Standard 2.12 applies to a violation of Business and Professions Code section 6068(b). It states:

Disbarment or actual suspension is the presumed sanction for disobedience or violation of a court order related to the member's practice of law, the attorney's oath, or the duties required of an attorney under Business and Professions Code section 6068(a)(b)(d)(e)(f) or (h).

However, the Standards are not to be applied in a talismanic fashion. Standard 1.7(c) states:

If mitigating circumstances are found, they should be considered alone and in balance with any aggravating circumstances, and if the net effect demonstrates that a lesser sanction is needed to fulfill the primary purposes of discipline, it is appropriate to impose or recommend a lesser sanction than what is otherwise specified in a given Standard. On balance, a lesser sanction is appropriate in cases of minor misconduct, where there is little or no injury to the client, the public, the legal system or the profession and where the record demonstrates that the member is willing and has the ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future.

In the instant case, there were two mitigating factors and no aggravating factors. There is no evidence of harm as a result of Respondent's violation of Business and Professions Code section 6068(b). Moreover, the fact that Respondent had no prior discipline over 21 years, makes it unlikely that his misconduct will recur, and the fact that he has entered into a stipulation admitting wrongdoing and agreeing to discipline in this matter demonstrates Respondent's willingness to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. On balance, the net effect of such mitigating circumstances demonstrates that a deviation from Standard 2.12 is appropriate, and discipline consisting of one year stayed suspension and two years' probation is sufficient to protect the public, the courts and the legal profession, the maintain high professional standards, and to preserve public confidence in the legal profession.

Case law also supports the recommended discipline in this matter. In *In the Matter of Riordan* (Review Dept. 2007) 5 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 41, an attorney received a six-month stayed suspension and no actual suspension for failing to perform with competence in a single client matter where he was appointed to handle an automatic appeal from a capital death penalty sentence and had failed to file an opening brief after 8 years and nine extensions of time. The attorney was also held in contempt for failing to obey Supreme Court orders to file the opening brief and he failed to report sanctions to the State Bar. The attorney was credited with seventeen years of practice without prior discipline, exemplary post-misconduct practice, good character and cooperation with the State Bar. In aggravation, the attorney engaged in multiple acts of misconduct and caused significant harm to the administration of justice.

DISMISSALS.

The parties respectfully request the Court to dismiss the following alleged violations in the interest of justice:

Case No.	Count	Alleged Violation		
06-O-14925	One	Rule 3-300, Rules of Professional Conduct		
06-0-14295	Two	Rule 4-100(B)(3), Rules of Professional Conduct		
06-O-14295	Four	Business and Professions Code section 6106		

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of Chief Trial Counsel has informed Respondent that as of January 8, 2016, the prosecution costs in this matter are approximately \$5,418.00. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

EXCLUSION FROM MCLE CREDIT

Pursuant to rule 3201, Respondent may <u>not</u> receive MCLE credit for completion of State Bar Ethics School and/or any other educational course(s) to be ordered as a condition of reproval or suspension. (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 3201.)

SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

By their signatures below, the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the recitations and each of the terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Facts, Conclusions of Law, and Disposition.

1/21/16	1415	Ronald W. Griga
Date /	Restordent's Signature	Print Name
1/26/16	AN Part	Art Barsegyan
Date 1	Respondent's Counse/Signature	Print Name
1/27/16	Man (U (a)	KIMBORLY G. ANDORSON
Date /	Deputy Vrial Counsels Signature	Print Name

In the Mat	ter of:	Case Number(s):
RONALI	WAYNE GRIGG	06-O-14925-YDR
	•	
	STAYE	D SUSPENSION ORDER
Finding the requested d	stipulation to be fair to the parties an ismissal of counts/charges, if any, is	nd that it adequately protects the public, IT IS ORDERED that the GRANTED without prejudice, and:
K	The stipulated facts and disposition Supreme Court.	on are APPROVED and the DISCIPLINE RECOMMENDED to the
	The stipulated facts and dispositio DISCIPLINE IS RECOMMENDED	on are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the to the Supreme Court.
	All Hearing dates are vacated.	
	•	
within 15 day stipulation. (S	is after service of this order, is grante See rule 5.58(E) & (F), Rules of Proc	oved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed ed; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved sedure.) The effective date of this disposition is the effective date of days after file date. (See rule 9.18(a), California Rules of
2/	18/16	wmards ha
ate		DONALD F. MILES
		Judge of the State Bar Court

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of Los Angeles, on February 9, 2016, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at Los Angeles, California, addressed as follows:

ART BARSEGYAN
PANSKY MARKLE HAM LLP
1010 SYCAMORE AVE UNIT 308
SOUTH PASADENA, CA 91030

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

Kimberly G. Anderson, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in Los Angeles, California, on February 9, 2016.

Angela Carpenter
Case Administrator
State Bar Court