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State Bar Court of California
Hearing Department
Los Angeles

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<p>Counsel For The State Bar Erin McKeown Joyce Deputy Trial Counsel State Bar of California 1149 South Hill Street Los Angeles, CA 90015-2299 (213) 765-1356</p> <p>Bar # 149946</p>	<p>Case Number (s) 08-O-10259 08-O-14210 09-O-11452 10-O-5267</p> <p>PUBLIC MATTER</p>	<p>(for Court's use)</p> <p>FILED NOV 30 2010 <i>[Signature]</i> STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE LOS ANGELES</p>
<p>In Pro Per Respondent</p> <p>Richard Allan White 38713 Tierra Subida Avenue Unit 200-607 Palmdale, CA 93551 (661) 547-2071</p> <p>Bar # 78566</p>	<p>Submitted to: Assigned Judge</p> <p>STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING; ORDER OF INVOLUNTARY INACTIVE ENROLLMENT</p>	
<p>In the Matter of: Richard Allan White</p> <p>Bar # 78566</p> <p>A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)</p>	<p>DISBARMENT</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED</p>	

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted **December 21, 1977**.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of **(12)** pages, not including the order.
- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."
- (5) Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of Law."

- (6) The parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading "Supporting Authority."
- (7) No more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, respondent has been advised in writing of any pending investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.
- (8) Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & 6140.7. (Check one option only):
- Costs to be awarded to the State Bar
 - Costs waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs"
 - Costs entirely waived
- (9) ORDER OF INACTIVE ENROLLMENT:
The parties are aware that if this stipulation is approved, the judge will issue an order of inactive enrollment under Business and Professions Code section 6007, subdivision (c)(4), and Rules of Procedure of the State Bar, rule 220(c).

B. Aggravating Circumstances [for definition, see Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct, standard 1.2(b)]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are required.

- (1) Prior record of discipline
- (a) State Bar Court case # of prior case
 - (b) Date prior discipline effective
 - (c) Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:
 - (d) Degree of prior discipline
 - (e) If respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below:
- (2) **Dishonesty:** Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by or followed by bad faith, dishonesty, concealment, overreaching or other violations of the State Bar Act or Rules of Professional Conduct. **Respondent has engaged in misappropriation of client funds in case nos. 09-O-11452 and 10-O-5267.**
- (3) **Trust Violation:** Trust funds or property were involved and respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property. **Respondent has engaged in misappropriation of client funds in case nos. 09-O-14210 and 10-O-5267.**
- (4) **Harm:** Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public or the administration of justice. **Respondent's clients, JoAnn Daggett and Wanda Lynch, have not received repayment of the monies Respondent misappropriated in case nos. 09-O-11452 and 10-O-5267.**
- (5) **Indifference:** Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.

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- (6) **Lack of Cooperation:** Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation or proceedings.
- (7) **Multiple/Pattern of Misconduct:** Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing or demonstrates a pattern of misconduct. **Respondent engaged in misconduct in four matters in a span of four years.**
- (8) **No aggravating circumstances** are involved.

Additional aggravating circumstances:

C. Mitigating Circumstances [see standard 1.2(e)]. Facts supporting mitigating circumstances are required.

- (1) **No Prior Discipline:** Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not deemed serious.
- (2) **No Harm:** Respondent did not harm the client or person who was the object of the misconduct.
- (3) **Candor/Cooperation:** Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct and to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation and proceedings. **Respondent has met with the State Bar and agreed to fully resolve these State Bar matters by entering this Stipulation.**
- (4) **Remorse:** Respondent promptly took objective steps spontaneously demonstrating remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.
- (5) **Restitution:** Respondent paid \$ _____ on _____ in restitution to _____ without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.
- (6) **Delay:** These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.
- (7) **Good Faith:** Respondent acted in good faith.
- (8) **Emotional/Physical Difficulties:** At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and respondent no longer suffers from such difficulties or disabilities.
- (9) **Severe Financial Stress:** At the time of the misconduct, respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.
- (10) **Family Problems:** At the time of the misconduct, respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.
- (11) **Good Character:** Respondent's good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.

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- (12) **Rehabilitation:** Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by convincing proof of subsequent rehabilitation.
- (13) **No mitigating circumstances** are involved.

Additional mitigating circumstances:

D. Discipline: Disbarment.

E. Additional Requirements:

- (1) **Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court:** Respondent must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 30 and 40 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.
- (2) **Restitution:** Respondent must make restitution to _____ in the amount of \$ _____ plus 10 percent interest per year from _____. If the Client Security Fund has reimbursed _____ for all or any portion of the principal amount, respondent must pay restitution to CSF of the amount paid plus applicable interest and costs in accordance with Business and Professions Code section 6140.5. Respondent must pay the above restitution and furnish satisfactory proof of payment to the State Bar's Office of Probation in Los Angeles no later than _____ days from the effective date of the Supreme Court order in this case.
- (3) **Client Security Fund Reimbursement:** Respondent must also reimburse the Client Security Fund to the extent that the misconduct in this matter results in the payment of funds and such payment obligation is enforceable as provided under Business and Professions Code section 6140.5.
- (4) **Other: The Attachment to the Stipulation re Facts, Conclusions of Law and Disposition comprises pages 6 through 11.**

In the Matter of
Richard Allan White
 A Member of the State Bar

Case number(s):
08-O-10259
08-O-14210
09-O-11452
10-O-5267

Financial Conditions

a. Restitution

- Respondent must pay restitution (including the principal amount, plus interest of 10% per annum) to the payee(s) listed below. If the Client Security Fund ("CSF") has reimbursed one or more of the payee(s) for all or any portion of the principal amount(s) listed below, Respondent must also pay restitution to CSF in the amount(s) paid, plus applicable interest and costs.

Payee	Principal Amount	Interest Accrues From
JoAnn Daggett	\$2,457.51	February 20, 2007
Wanda Lynch	\$18,510.03	September 6, 2005

- Respondent must pay above-referenced restitution and provide satisfactory proof of payment to the Office of Probation not later than **two (2) years from the effective date of the Supreme Court's order on this Stipulation.**

b. Installment Restitution Payments

- Respondent must pay the above-referenced restitution on the payment schedule set forth below. Respondent must provide satisfactory proof of payment to the Office of Probation with each quarterly probation report, or as otherwise directed by the Office of Probation. No later than 30 days prior to the expiration of the period of probation (or period of preproval), Respondent must make any necessary final payment(s) in order to complete the payment of restitution, including interest, in full.

Payee/CSF (as applicable)	Minimum Payment Amount	Payment Frequency

c. Client Funds Certificate

- 1. If Respondent possesses client funds at any time during the period covered by a required quarterly report, Respondent must file with each required report a certificate from Respondent and/or a certified public accountant or other financial professional approved by the Office of Probation, certifying that:
 - a. Respondent has maintained a bank account in a bank authorized to do business in the State of California, at a branch located within the State of California, and that such account is designated as a "Trust Account" or "Clients' Funds Account";

(Financial Conditions form approved by SBC Executive Committee 10/16/2000. Revised 12/16/2004; 12/13/2006.)

ATTACHMENT TO

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

In the Matter of Richard Allan White

Case Nos. 08-O-10259, 08-O-14210, 09-O-11452 and 10-O-5267

PENDING PROCEEDINGS:

The disclosure date referred to on page two, paragraph A.(7), was November 8, 2010.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that he is culpable of violations of the specified Rules of Professional Conduct and Business and Professions Code sections.

Case No. 08-O-10259

Facts

1. In October 2005, Rhonda Waldorp hired Respondent to represent her in a dissolution action. Waldorp paid \$3,500 as advanced fees.
2. On October 28, 2005, Respondent filed the petition and pleadings related to a restraining order, custody, visitation and support. He obtained a TRO and a child custody and visitation order.
3. On January 9, 2006, Respondent and Waldrop appeared at a hearing in Waldorp's dissolution matter. At the hearing, Respondent represented to the court that the parties had reached a settlement concerning custody and support. The court also issued a permanent restraining order. It was not until over eight months later, in September 2006, that Respondent filed a Restraining Order after Hearing with the court and entered it into CLETS. During the intervening eight months, when Waldorp encountered problems with her ex-husband, she was unable to seek the intervention of the Sheriff since the permanent restraining order was not on file with the Sheriff.
4. On August 15, 2006, Respondent appeared and obtained an order for child support and wage garnishment. Respondent was ordered to prepare a wage garnishment order to reflect child support and add-ons for Waldorp's minor child's nutrition and medications. Respondent failed to prepare the wage garnishment order for over a year. Waldorp was unable to collect any child support, alimony or other support for over a year due to Respondent's delay.
5. In September 2006, Respondent obtained an order requiring Waldorp's ex-husband to quitclaim the family residence to Waldorp and for Waldorp to sell the residence. Respondent failed to properly prepare the inter-spousal deed according to the court order, so the deed signed by Waldorp's ex-husband was deficient and rejected for filing. Respondent did not correct the deed for over a year. In the intervening months, Waldorp's ex-husband took over \$80,000 in equity out of the community residence and then stopped making payments.

Conclusions of Law

By failing to timely file the Restraining Order after Hearing and entering it in CLETS, failing to timely obtain a wage garnishment order, failing to properly prepare the inter-spousal deed, and failing to take steps to prevent Waldorp's ex-husband from encumbering the community residence for over a year, Respondent intentionally, recklessly, or repeatedly failed to perform legal services with competence in wilful violation of Rule of Professional Conduct 3-110(A).

Case No. 08-O-14210

Facts

1. During the time period from at least May 2007 through August 2008, Respondent maintained a client trust account at Antelope Valley Bank, account no. xx-xxxxxx-88 (the "Antelope Valley CTA").

2. During the time period May 2007 through August 2008, Respondent deposited at least 15 settlement checks into his Antelope Valley CTA.

3. During this time period, Respondent arranged for his personal Social Security checks to be automatically deposited into his Antelope Valley CTA.

4. Respondent also arranged for a myriad of personal and business expenses to be paid out of his Antelope Valley CTA, including his Time Warner Bill, his Southern California Edison bill, and his Verizon Wireless bill.

5. Additionally, Respondent paid employee salaries from his Antelope Valley CTA, including payments to Raina Bass and Deborah Haden.

6. Instead of promptly withdrawing funds belonging to Respondent from the Antelope Valley CTA, Respondent maintained the attorney's fees he earned on the settlement of at least 15 personal injury matters in his Antelope Valley CTA and paid personal and business expenses directly from his Antelope Valley CTA.

Conclusions of Law

By using his Antelope Valley CTA to pay business and personal expenses, Respondent failed to withdraw funds formerly belonging in part to a client and in part presently or potentially to Respondent from a client trust account at the earliest reasonable time after Respondent's interest in the funds became fixed in wilful violation of Rule of Professional Conduct 4-100(A).

By arranging for his personal Social Security checks to be automatically deposited into his Antelope Valley CTA, Respondent commingled funds belonging to Respondent in a bank account labeled "Trust Account," "Client's Funds Account" or words of similar import in wilful violation of Rule of Professional Conduct 4-100(A).

By using his Antelope Valley CTA to pay business and personal expenses and arranging for his Social Security checks to be automatically deposited into his Antelope Valley CTA,

Respondent committed an act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty or corruption in wilful violation of Business and Professions Code section 6106.

Case No. 09-O-11452

Facts

1. On October 5, 2005, Respondent took over the personal injury claim of Joann Daggett. Respondent had a contingency agreement with Daggett to collect one third of the recovery as attorney fees on the settlement, if the settlement was completed at least ninety days prior to the first date scheduled for arbitration or trial, and forty percent (40%) of the monies received via settlement, judgment or arbitration award thereafter.

2. In February 2007, Respondent settled Daggett's personal injury claim for \$6,294. Since this settlement occurred after ninety days from the first scheduled arbitration date, Respondent was entitled to 40% of the recovery as attorney fees; however, Respondent reduced his attorney fees to \$2,098.33 (approximately one third of the total recovery).

3. In the settlement breakdown Respondent provided to Daggett, Respondent withheld \$1,733.71 to pay A.V. Spinal Care, and \$361.90 to pay Dr. Mark Greenspan, the medical providers in Daggett's case.

4. On February 20, 2007, Respondent deposited the Daggett settlement check into his Antelope Valley CTA.

5. Respondent failed to pay the medical liens of A.V. Spinal Care or Dr. Mark Greenspan. Respondent failed to maintain funds from Daggett's settlement in trust to pay the medical providers. In fact, by April 2007, the balance in Respondent's Antelope Valley CTA dipped to \$316.95. Subsequently, the balance in the account went negative.

Conclusions of Law

By failing to maintain the funds necessary to pay Daggett's medical providers in trust, Respondent failed to maintain the balance of funds received for the benefit of a client and deposited in a bank account labeled "Trust Account," "Client's Funds Account" or words of similar import in wilful violation of Rule of Professional Conduct 4-100(A).

By misappropriating the funds necessary to pay Daggett's medical providers in the amount of \$2,457.51, Respondent committed an act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty or corruption in wilful violation of Business and Professions Code section 6106.

Case No. 10-O-5267

Facts

6. On February 22, 2005, Wanda Lynch hired Respondent for a dissolution matter. Lynch paid Respondent \$3,339.00 in advanced fees.

7. On February 25, 2005, the trial court ordered Respondent to deposit the proceeds from the sale of the community residence in the amount of \$18,510.03 in a client trust account, until the property issues involved in the dissolution were finally resolved between Lynch and her ex-husband.

8. On September 6, 2005, Respondent deposited the draft of the sale proceeds into a client trust account at California Bank & Trust, account no. xxxxxxxx69 (the "California Bank CTA") Respondent set up specifically to hold the proceeds of the sale of the Lynch community residence.

9. On October 31, 2005, the California Franchise Tax Board levied against Respondent's California Bank CTA in the amount of \$7,659.32 plus a \$50.00 levy fee. The balance in Respondent's California Bank CTA dipped to \$10,820.27, which was \$7,689.76 less than he was required to maintain on behalf of Lynch and her ex-husband.

10. On October 6, 2006, Respondent wrote a check for \$10,000 against the California Bank CTA and deposited the check into his personal account at Antelope Valley Bank.

11. By October 31, 2006, the balance in the California Bank CTA dipped to \$948.01.

12. On August 18, 2008, the California Franchise Tax Board levied against Respondent's California Bank CTA in the amount of \$701.47, which brought the balance in the account down to \$1.00. The following month the balance in the California Bank CTA went negative due to bank charges.

13. In March 2010, Respondent told Lynch the monies he was holding on behalf of Lynch and her ex-husband had been levied by the California Franchise Tax Board, and that he no longer had the funds to pay out.

Conclusion

By failing to maintain the proceeds of the sale of the community residence in the Lynch dissolution in the amount of \$18,510.03 in trust for Lynch and her ex-husband, Respondent failed to maintain the balance of funds received for the benefit of a client and deposited in a bank account labeled "Trust Account," "Client's Funds Account" or words of similar import in wilful violation of Rule of Professional Conduct 4-100(A).

By misappropriating the proceeds of the sale of the community residence in the Lynch dissolution in the amount of \$18,510.03, Respondent committed an act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty or corruption in wilful violation of Business and Professions Code section 6106.

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE

STANDARDS FOR ATTORNEY SANCTIONS

To determine the appropriate level of discipline, the standards provide guidance. *Drociak v. State Bar* (1991) 52 Cal.3d 1085; *In the Matter of Sampson*, 3 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 119. A

disciplinary recommendation must be consistent with the discipline in similar proceedings. See *Snyder v. State Bar* (1990) 49 Cal.3d 1302. Also, the recommended discipline must rest upon a balanced consideration of relevant factors. *In the Matter of Sampson*, 3 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 119.

Pursuant to Standard 1.3 of the Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct:

The primary purposes of disciplinary proceedings conducted by the State Bar of California and of sanctions imposed upon a finding or acknowledgment of a member's professional misconduct are the protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; the maintenance of high professional standards by attorneys and the preservation of public confidence in the legal profession.

Pursuant to Standard 1.2 of the Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct:

(b) "Aggravating circumstance" is an event or factor established clearly and convincingly by the State Bar as having surrounded a member's professional misconduct and which demonstrates that a greater degree of sanction than set forth in these standards for the particular act of professional misconduct found or acknowledged is needed to adequately protect the public, courts and legal profession.

Circumstances which shall be considered aggravating are:

(ii) that the current misconduct found or acknowledged by the member evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing or demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.

Pursuant to Standard 1.6 of the Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct:

(b)(i) Aggravating circumstances are found to surround the particular act of misconduct found or acknowledged and the net effect of those aggravating circumstances, by themselves and in balance with any mitigating circumstances found, demonstrates that a greater degree of sanction is required to fulfill the purposes of imposing sanctions set forth in standard 1.3. In that case, a greater degree of discipline than the appropriate sanction shall be imposed or recommended.

Pursuant to Standard 2.2(a) of the Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct:

Culpability of a member of wilful misappropriation of entrusted funds or property shall result in disbarment. Only if the amount of funds or property misappropriated is insignificantly small or if the most compelling mitigating circumstances clearly predominate, shall disbarment not be imposed. In those latter cases, the discipline shall not be less than one-year actual suspension, irrespective of mitigating circumstances.

Pursuant to Standard 2.2(b) of the Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct:

Culpability of a member of commingling of entrusted funds or property with personal property or the commission of another violation of rule 4-100, Rules of Professional Conduct, none of which offenses result in the wilful misappropriation of entrusted funds or property shall result in at least a three month actual suspension, from the practice of law, irrespective of mitigating circumstances.

Pursuant to Standard 2.4(b) of the Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct:

Culpability of a member of a violation of rule 3-110(A) of the Rules of Professional Conduct shall result in reproof or suspension depending upon the extent of the misconduct and the degree of harm to the client.

In this case, Respondent has engaged in a pattern of misuse of client funds and failing to perform legal services. These matters warrant Respondent's disbarment.

FURTHER AGREEMENTS OF THE PARTIES

The factual statements contained in this Stipulation constitute admissions of fact and may not be withdrawn by either party, except with court approval.

COSTS

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of the Chief Trial Counsel has informed her that as of November 8, 2010, the estimated costs in this matter are \$8,293.70. Respondent further acknowledges that, should this Stipulation be rejected or should relief from the Stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

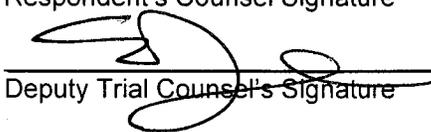
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In the Matter of Richard Allan White	Case number(s): 08-O-10259, 08-O-14210, 09-O-11452, 10-O-05267
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SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

By their signatures below, the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the recitations and each of the terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Fact, Conclusions of Law and Disposition.

11/8/10  Richard Allan White
Date Respondent's Signature Print Name

Date Respondent's Counsel Signature Print Name
11-8-10  Erin McKeown Joyce
Date Deputy Trial Counsel's Signature Print Name

(Do not write above this line.)

In the Matter of Richard Allan White	Case Number(s): 08-O-10259, 08-O-14210, 09-O-11452, 10-O-05267
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ORDER

Finding the stipulation to be fair to the parties and that it adequately protects the public, IT IS ORDERED that the requested dismissal of counts/charges, if any, is GRANTED without prejudice, and:

- The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED and the DISCIPLINE RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.
- The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the DISCIPLINE IS RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.
- All Hearing dates are vacated.

The parties are bound by the stipulation as approved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed within 15 days after service of this order, is granted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved stipulation. (See rule 135(b), Rules of Procedure.) **The effective date of this disposition is the effective date of the Supreme Court order herein, normally 30 days after file date. (See rule 9.18(a), California Rules of Court.)**

Respondent is ordered transferred to involuntary inactive status pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 6007, subdivision (c)(4). Respondent's inactive enrollment will be effective three (3) calendar days after this order is served by mail and will terminate upon the effective date of the Supreme Court's order imposing discipline herein, or as provided for by rule 490(b) of the Rules of Procedure of the State Bar of California, or as otherwise ordered by the Supreme Court pursuant to its plenary jurisdiction.

11-23-10
Date


Judge of the State Bar Court

RICHARD A. HONN

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rule 62(b), Rules Proc.; Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of Los Angeles, on November 30, 2010, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at Los Angeles, California, addressed as follows:

RICHARD ALLAN WHITE
LAW OFFICE OF RICHARD A WHITE
38713 TIERRA SUBIDA AVE
UNIT 200-607
PALMDALE, CA 93551

by certified mail, No. , with return receipt requested, through the United States Postal Service at , California, addressed as follows:

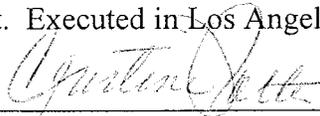
by overnight mail at , California, addressed as follows:

By personal service by leaving the documents in a sealed envelope or package clearly labeled to identify the attorney being served with a receptionist or a person having charge of the attorney's office, addressed as follows:

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

Erin M. Joyce, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in Los Angeles, California, on November 30, 2010.



Cristina Potter
Case Administrator
State Bar Court