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State Bar Court of California
Hearing Department
San Francisco
ALTERNATIVE DISCIPLINE PROGRAM

PUBLIC MATTER

Counsel For The State Bar Manuel Jimenez Deputy Trial Counsel 180 Howard Street San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 538-2288 Bar # 218234	Case Number (s) 09-O-11892 09-O-12850 10-O-00002 10-O-03274 10-O-03975	(for Court's use) <p style="text-align: center;">FILED <i>[Signature]</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">APR 20 2011</p> <p style="text-align: center;">STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE SAN FRANCISCO</p>
In Pro Per Respondent Dennis L. Wright Attorney at Law 4040 Civil Center Drive, Suite 200 San Rafael, CA 94903 (415) 492-4548 Bar # 60210	Submitted to: Assigned Judge STIPULATION RE FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW <input type="checkbox"/> PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED	
In the Matter Of: Dannis L. Wright Bar # 60210 A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)		

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted June 18, 1974.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition (to be attached separately) are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court. However, except as otherwise provided in rule 804.5(c) of the Rules of Procedure, if Respondent is not accepted into the Alternative Discipline Program, this stipulation will be rejected and will not be binding on the Respondent or the State Bar.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated, except for Probation Revocation proceedings. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of 13 pages, excluding the order.
- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."



(Do not write above this line.)

- (5) Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of Law".
- (6) No more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any pending investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.
- (7) Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & 6140.7 and will pay timely any disciplinary costs imposed in this proceeding.

B. Aggravating Circumstances [for definition, see Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct, standard 1.2(b)]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are required.

- (1) **Prior record of discipline** [see standard 1.2(f)]
 - (a) State Bar Court case # of prior case
 - (b) Date prior discipline effective
 - (c) Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:
 - (d) Degree of prior discipline
 - (e) If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below:
- (2) **Dishonesty:** Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by or followed by bad faith, dishonesty, concealment, overreaching or other violations of the State Bar Act or Rules of Professional Conduct.
- (3) **Trust Violation:** Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property. See Below.
- (4) **Harm:** Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public or the administration of justice. See Below.
- (5) **Indifference:** Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.
- (6) **Lack of Cooperation:** Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation or proceedings.
- (7) **Multiple/Pattern of Misconduct:** Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing or demonstrates a pattern of misconduct. The charges against respondent involve four (4) clients and involve fourteen (12) violations of both the California Rules of Professional Conduct, and Business and Professions Code.
- (8) **No aggravating circumstances** are involved.

Additional aggravating circumstances:

C. Mitigating Circumstances [see standard 1.2(e)]. Facts supporting mitigating circumstances are required.

- (1) **No Prior Discipline:** Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not deemed serious.
- (2) **No Harm:** Respondent did not harm the client or person who was the object of the misconduct.
- (3) **Candor/Cooperation:** Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct and to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation and proceedings.
- (4) **Remorse:** Respondent promptly took objective steps spontaneously demonstrating remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.
- (5) **Restitution:** Respondent paid \$ _____ on _____ in restitution to _____ without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.
- (6) **Delay:** These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.
- (7) **Good Faith:** Respondent acted in good faith.
- (8) **Emotional/Physical Difficulties:** At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and Respondent no longer suffers from such difficulties or disabilities. Respondent has been diagnosed with Major Depressive Disorder, with an acute episode of depression coinciding with his professional lapses. The depression has been exacerbated by traumas that resulted in a "perfect storm" of stress since late 2008.
- (9) **Severe Financial Stress:** At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.
- (10) **Family Problems:** At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature. Respondent had to deal with the aftermath of a close family member who attempted suicide during the relevant time period.
- (11) **Good Character:** Respondent's good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.
- (12) **Rehabilitation:** Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by convincing proof of subsequent rehabilitation.
- (13) **No mitigating circumstances** are involved.

Additional mitigating circumstances:

ATTACHMENT TO
STIPULATION RE FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

IN THE MATTER OF: **DENNIS WRIGHT**

CASE NUMBERS: **09-O-11892; 09-O-12850; 10-O-00002; 10-O-03136;
10-O-03274; 10-O-03975**

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Case No. 09-O-11892 (Christopher Gullette):

Facts: On May 7, 2008, Christopher Gullette, the father, (hereinafter, "Gullette") hired respondent to represent him in his ongoing child custody matters, *G. vs. C.*, case no. HF03111630, filed in Superior Court, County of Alameda. Gullette paid respondent the following sums: \$500 on May 7, 2008¹ and; \$1,500 on May 20, 2008. Patricia Gullette paid respondent the sum of \$500 on July 10, 2008, on behalf of Gullette.

On July 10, 2008, respondent appeared at a hearing on Gullette's behalf in the child custody matter. At the hearing, the Court made orders regarding visitation and custody. The Court designated respondent to prepare the Order After Hearing. Respondent was present in Court and assented to preparing the Order After Hearing. Respondent prepared the Order After Hearing late.

At the July 10, 2008 hearing, the Court also set the matter for July 24, 2008 for an OSC for contempt against the mother for failing to abide by the custody and visitation orders. Respondent was present in Court and aware of the July 24, 2008 hearing date. Respondent failed to appear at the July 24, 2008 hearing on behalf of Gullette.

On July 11, 2008 and July 29, 2008 Gullette emailed respondent requesting status of the Order After Hearing. Respondent received Gullette's emails and was aware of their contents. Respondent did not reply to Gullette until August 26, 2008, a delay of over one month. At this time, respondent emailed Gullette to explain that he would get back to him "later tonight or tomorrow". Thereafter, respondent did not contact Gullette "later tonight or tomorrow". Respondent's next communication to Gullette was on September 22, 2008.

On January 20, 2009, Gullette made a complaint to the State Bar. Shortly thereafter, the State Bar opened an investigation, case no. 09-O-11892, based upon Gullette's complaint. On May 12, 2009, State Bar Investigator Majid (hereinafter, "Majid") wrote and mailed a letter to the respondent. In his letter, Majid advised respondent of Gullette's complaint and requested a

¹ Gullette's mother, Patricia Gullette, may have contributed a portion of this fee.

written response no later than May 26, 2009. On May 29, 2009, Majid wrote and mailed a second letter to respondent, again advising him of this investigation and reminding him of his obligation to respond. Majid requested a response no later than June 8, 2009. Respondent received Majid's letters of May 12 and May 29, 2009. On June 8, 2009, and again on July 21, 2009, respondent requested extensions of time to respond, due to personal matters. A third party wrote a letter on respondent's behalf, and indicated that respondent would respond within a month of July 21, 2009. Respondent failed to provide any substantive response to the Gullette investigation, by August 21, 2009 or at anytime thereafter.

Conclusions of Law: By failing to appear at the July 24, 2008 hearing on the OSC on behalf of Gullette, respondent intentionally, recklessly, or repeatedly failed to perform legal services with competence, in violation of Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-110(A).

By failing to timely respond to Gullette's emails of July 11, 2008 and July 29, 2008, and by failing to follow up with a communication of substance between August 26, 2008 and September 19, 2008, respondent failed to respond promptly to reasonable status inquiries of a client in a matter in which Respondent had agreed to provide legal services in willful violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6068(m).

By failing to substantively respond to Majid's letters of May 12, and 29, 2009, respondent failed to cooperate and participate in a disciplinary investigation pending against respondent, in willful violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6068(i).

Case No. 09-O-12850 (Diana Dillworth):

Facts: Diana Dillworth (hereinafter, "Dillworth") retained respondent to represent her in her family law matter, *County of Contra Costa vs. Nicholas Dillworth*, case no. F04-0051, filed in Contra Costa County Superior Court.

On January 16, 2009, Robert B. Mitchell (hereinafter, "Mitchell") wrote and mailed a letter to respondent. In his January 16, 2009 letter, Mitchell advised respondent of his retention and asked that respondent execute a substitution of attorney and return Dillworth's client file to Mitchell. Respondent received Mitchell's January 16, 2009 letter and failed to promptly respond or otherwise return Dillworth's file. Mitchell made additional similar written requests to respondent on January 30, 2009 and February 17, 2009. In addition, Mitchell called respondent on three occasions and left messages for the respondent, again requesting that respondent return the Dillworth file. The respondent did not promptly return the file.

In addition to requesting the return of Dillworth's file, Mitchell also asked, in all of his letters and messages, that respondent execute a substitution of attorney on behalf of Dillworth, substituting in Mitchell for respondent. Respondent failed to execute a substitution of attorney until March 19, 2009, a delay of three months since Mitchell made the first request on or about January 16, 2009.

Conclusions of Law: By failing to release promptly, upon termination of employment, to the client, at the request of the client, all the client papers, respondent wilfully violated Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-700(D)(1).

By failing to execute the substitution of attorney for three months, and by failing to forward the client file to new counsel, respondent failed, upon termination of his services, to take reasonable steps to avoid reasonably foreseeable prejudice to his client, in willful violation of Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-700(A)(2).

Case No. 10-O-00002 (Christina Keefe):

Facts: On October 2, 2009, Christina Keefe (hereinafter, "Keefe") retained respondent to represent her regarding an ongoing family law matter. Keefe executed a letter retainer agreement and paid respondent the sum of \$2,650.00, representing \$2,500 in fees and \$150 for advanced costs, by way of her credit card.

On October 19, 2009, Keefe contacted respondent via email and advised respondent that she no longer needed his services and to refund her fees. On November 2, 2009, respondent replied to Keefe via email and stated he would get her a billing statement and a refund check by the end of the week. Respondent failed to do so, by the end of the week or at anytime thereafter. On November 12, 2009, Keefe sent respondent an email and asked about the billing statement and the refund. Respondent received Keefe's November 12, 2009 email and failed to respond.

On November 24, 2009, Keefe sought a refund directly from her credit card company and obtained a provisional credit reimbursement of her funds. On January 10, 2010, the credit card company resolved the dispute in Keefe's favor, and refunded the amount permanently. Keefe received no funds directly from respondent.

On November 16, 2009, Keefe made a complaint to the State Bar. On January 4, 2010, the State Bar opened an investigation, case no. 10-O-00002, based upon Keefe's complaint. On February 3, 2010, State Bar Investigator Majid (hereinafter, "Majid") wrote and mailed a letter to the respondent. In his letter, Majid advised respondent of Keefe's complaint and requested a written response no later than February 17, 2010. On March 24, 2010, Majid wrote and mailed a second letter to respondent, again advising him of this investigation and reminding him of his obligation to respond. Majid requested a response no later than April 7, 2010. Respondent received Majid's letters of February 3, 2010 and March 24, 2010. Respondent failed to respond to both letters, and respondent failed to otherwise respond to or cooperate with the State Bar investigation of the Keefe matter.

Conclusions of Law: By failing to respond to Keefe's email of November 12, 2009, respondent failed to respond promptly to the reasonable status inquiries of a client in a matter in which he agreed to provide legal services, in willful violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6068(m).

By failing to respond to Majid's letters of February 3, 2010 and March 24, 2010, and by failing to otherwise respond to the State Bar investigation, respondent failed to cooperate and participate in a disciplinary investigation pending against respondent, in willful violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6068(i).

Case No. 10-O-03274 (Charles Reeves):

Facts: On August 14, 2009, Charles Reeves (hereinafter, "Reeves") hired respondent to respond on his behalf to enforcement actions taken against him (suspension of his driver's license) in a child support matter, *Charles Reeve. v. Guadalupe Reeves*, Case no. RIK017009, filed in Superior Court, County of Riverside. Reeves paid respondent \$1,200 to file a motion to modify the support and address the enforcement actions. Reeves was unemployed at the time he hired respondent, and was unable to obtain employment as he customarily sought and obtained employment as a limousine driver, but was unable to obtain employment due to the suspension of his driver's license. Respondent sent Reeves a letter retainer agreement, specifying an hourly fee of \$225 with an advanced fee of \$1,200. Respondent sent one letter to the Department of Child Support Services (hereinafter, "DCSS") on behalf of Reeves, on August 28, 2009. Thereafter, respondent failed to take any action on Reeve's behalf.

On September 28, 2009, there was a hearing scheduled in Reeves' matter, filed by the DCSS. At the time Reeves retained respondent, Reeves told respondent about the hearing and respondent agreed to appear on his behalf. On September 25, 2009, Reeves spoke to respondent, who advised Reeves that there would be a three-way phone conference on Monday September 28, 2009, for the scheduled court date. Reeves contacted respondent's office as scheduled on Monday, September 28, 2009. At that time, respondent's office personnel advised Reeves that respondent had a family emergency.

On October 13, 2009; October 16, 2009; October 17, 2009 Reeves emailed respondent requesting the status of the case and his driver's license. Respondent received the emails from Reeves and did not respond or otherwise apprise Reeves of the status of his case.

Respondent responded to Reeve's letters and emails on November 4, 2009. However, respondent failed to advise Reeves what happened regarding the September hearing. Respondent's letter fee agreement with Reeve's specified that he would send Reeves periodic billing statements describing the services he has rendered, the charges therefore and costs expended. In an email, respondent also advised Reeves that the "retainer" (i.e. advanced fee) was refundable if unused. Respondent failed to send Reeves any periodic billing statement for any services rendered.

On January 23, 2010, Reeves made a complaint to the State Bar. Shortly thereafter, the State Bar opened an investigation, case no. 10-O-3274, based upon Reeves' complaint. On April 21, 2010, State Bar Investigator Majid (hereinafter, "Majid") wrote and mailed a letter to the respondent. In his letter, Majid advised respondent of Reeves' complaint and requested a written response no later than May 5, 2010. On May 6, 2010, Majid wrote and mailed a second letter to respondent, again advising him of this investigation and reminding him of his obligation to respond. Majid

requested a response no later than May 20, 2010. Respondent received Majid's letters of April 21 and May 6, 2010. Respondent failed to respond to both of Majid's letters or to provide any response to the investigation.

Conclusions of Law: By failing to telephonically appear at the September 28, 2009 hearing, and failing to notify the Reeves that he would not appear, respondent intentionally, recklessly, or repeatedly failed to perform legal services with competence, in violation of Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-110(A).

By failing to advise Reeves what happened regarding the September 28, 2009 hearing, respondent failed to respond promptly to reasonable status inquiries of a client in a matter in which Respondent had agreed to provide legal services, in willful violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6068(m).

By failing to respond to Majid's letters of April 21 and May 6, 2010, respondent failed to cooperate and participate in a disciplinary investigation pending against respondent, in willful violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6068(i).

Case No. 10-O-3975;10-O-6132:

Facts: During at least from January 7, 2009 until May 3, 2010 respondent maintained an attorney-client trust account, account number 388299XXX, at Chase Bank (formerly Washington Mutual Bank),² (hereinafter, "CTA account").

On or between May 4, 2009 and December 29, 2009, the CTA account bank notified the State Bar of several insufficient funds (hereinafter, "NSF") transactions in respondent's CTA account. (When or if a check number is not provided by the bank, the State Bar has identified the transaction as a web, or electronic funds transaction (ACH)). These NSF transactions include, but are not limited to, the following transactions:

1. On May 4, 2009,³ respondent conducted an ACH transaction in the sum of \$1,257.50. The bank rejected this check due to NSF. At on or about May 4, 2009, respondent's CTA account had a balance of \$192.55 (-\$1,064.95).⁴
2. On May 5, 2009, respondent presented check number 3388 for \$895.00 for payment. The bank rejected this transaction as NSF. At on or about May 5, 2009, 2008, respondent's CTA account had a balance of \$192.55 (-702.45).

² The original notifications of NSF funds came from Washington Mutual Bank. Washington Mutual Bank was later changed to Chase Bank. The CTA account number remained the same.

³ The date used is the date the check or ACH was presented for payment.

⁴ The amount in parenthesis reflects the balance if the bank had honored the check or ACH.

3. On May 14, 2009, respondent conducted an ACH transaction for a debit of \$1,257.50. The bank rejected this transaction as NSF. At or about May 14, 2009, respondent's CTA account had a negative balance of 129.82(-\$1,257.68).
4. On June 3, 2009, respondent conducted an ACH transaction for a debit of \$933.00. The bank rejected this transaction as NSF. At on or about July 29, 2008, respondent's CTA account had a balance of 313.73(-\$619.27).
5. On November 24, 2009, respondent presented check no. 1953 for \$266.56 for payment. The bank rejected this transaction as NSF. At or about November 24, 2009, respondent's CTA account had a balance of 0.
6. On December 4, 2009, respondent presented check no. 1858 for \$19.15 payment. The bank rejected this transaction as NSF. At or about December 4, 2009 respondent's CTA account had a balance of 0.
7. On December 18, 2009, respondent conducted an ACH transaction for a debit of \$67.64. The bank rejected this transaction as NSF. At or about December 18, 2009 respondent's CTA account had a balance of 0.
8. On December 24, 2009, respondent conducted an ACH transaction for a debit of \$61.38. The bank rejected this transaction as NSF. At or about December 24, 2009 respondent's CTA account had a balance of 0.
9. On January 5, 2010, respondent conducted ACH transactions for a debit of \$67.64 and 83.48 respectively. The bank rejected these transactions as NSF. At or about January 5, 2010 respondent's CTA account had a balance of 0.
10. On January 21, 2010, respondent conducted ACH transactions for a debit of \$67.64 and \$20.00 respectively. The bank rejected these transactions as NSF. At or about January 21, 2010 respondent's CTA account had a balance of 0.
11. On January 29, 2010, respondent conducted an ACH transaction for a debit of \$275.87. The bank rejected these transactions as NSF. At or about January 29, 2010 respondent's CTA account had a balance of 0.
12. On February 2, 2010, respondent conducted an ACH transaction for a debit of \$164.90. The bank rejected these transactions as NSF. At or about February 2, 2010 respondent's CTA account had a balance of 0.
13. On February 3, 2010, respondent conducted ACH transactions for a debit of \$1,177.25 and \$275.87 respectively. The bank rejected these transactions as NSF. At or about February 3, 2010 respondent's CTA account had a balance of 0.

14. On March 2, 2010, respondent conducted an ACH transaction for a debit of \$43.95. The bank rejected these transactions as NSF. At or about March 2, 2010 respondent's CTA account had a balance of 0.

As to each of these transactions, the CTA bank, at or near the time the transaction was presented for payment, notified respondent, in writing, of the NSF transaction. Respondent received the notices and was aware of their contents.

Conclusions of Law: By issuing the aforementioned checks or ACH transactions when respondent knew or should have known there were insufficient funds to honor the transactions, respondent committed acts of moral turpitude, in willful violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6106.

Case No. 10-O-3975; 10-O-6132:

Facts: The State Bar subpoenaed and obtained respondents CTA records for the period of on or about January 1, 2009 through May 3, 2010. A review of the records subpoenaed revealed that respondent issued checks or ACH transactions for numerous personal matters, from his CTA account, including, but not limited to, the following checks and/or web payments:

Date	Check/ACH	Amount	Payee
1/12/09	1881	\$212.35	Safeway
1/21/09	1885	\$298.40	PG&E
1/21/09	1893	\$217.98	Costco
1/21/09	1896	\$189.71	Costco
1/26/09	1895	\$200.00	Comcast
2/3/09	1906	\$219.00	Safeway
2/18/09	1919	\$242.33	Safeway
2/19/09	1920	\$281.00	Bay Club
2/25/09	ACH	\$200	WAMU credit card
3/6/09	1933	\$161.77	Safeway
3/11/09	1946	\$150.46	Safeway
3/30/09	1681	\$13.45	Cleaners

Date	Check/ACH	Amount	Payee
4/16/09	1703	\$114.69	Safeway
4/20/09	ACH	\$389.08	Comcast
4/21/09	1705	\$271.40	PG&E
5/6/09	1748	\$62.73	Safeway
6/2/09	ACH	\$341.09	Kaiser dues
6/8/09	ACH	\$250.00	Comcast
6/12/09	ACH	\$375.02	AT&T
7/9/09	1770	\$146.68	Safeway
7/21/09	1776	\$93.63	Costco
8/5/09	1787	\$74.70	Safeway
8/13/09	ACH	\$347.86	AT&T
8/25/09	1721	\$136.23	Best Buy
9/10/09	1732	\$166.72	Safeway
9/16/09	1802	\$115.47	Best Buy
10/2/09	1819	\$129.81	Safeway
10/15/09	1831	\$233.17	Costco
11/9/09	2102	\$203.40	PG&E
11/12/09	1850	\$400.78	AT&T
11/19/09	ACH	\$175.30	Comcast

Respondent also deposited client funds in his CTA account, or debited from the CTA for client related matters, including, but not limited to, the following matters:

Date	Amount	+/-	Check/ACH	Client	Purpose/Payee/Notation
1/12/09	\$365.00	-	1885	S.	SF Superior Court

1/26/09	\$350.00	-	1897	K.	Superior Court Clerk
1/29/09	\$1,600	+	n/a	B.	Advanced fee -200 of this amount debited for atty court fees
2/12/09	\$445.00	-	1912	Unk.	Clerk of the Court
2/20/09	\$405.00	-	1923	C.	S F Superior Court
3/9/09	\$2,200	+	n/a	A.C.F.	Advanced fee (?) \$300 of this amount debited for "attys fees"
4/13/09	\$20.00	-	1696	Unk.	Contra Costa Sup. Court
5/20/09	\$500.00	+	n/a	K.;B.	Payment against \$1200, cashed out \$700
5/29/09	\$475.00	+	n/a	S.K.	Legal Fee
6/25/09	\$10,000	+	n/a	W.U.	Western United Insurance bodily injury payment
7/2/09	\$3,050	-	1766	J.D.	Return of unearned retainer
7/13/09	\$3,000	+	n/a	M	Advanced fee

Conclusions of Law: By using his CTA as a personal account, and by depositing and/ or commingling his personal funds with client funds, respondent wilfully violated Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 4-100(A).

DISMISSALS

With this stipulation, the State Bar will dismiss case 10-O-03136.

PENDING PROCEEDINGS

The disclosure date referred to, on page one, paragraph A.(6), was January 7, 2011.

(Do not write above this line.)

In the Matter of Dennis L. Wright	Case number(s): 09-O-11892; 09-O-12850; 10-O-00002; 10-O-03274; 10-O-03975
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SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

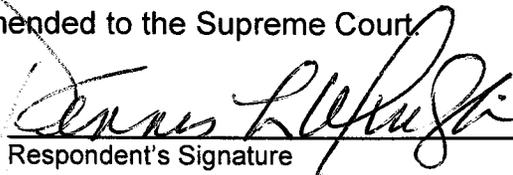
By their signatures below, the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the recitations and each of the terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Facts and Conclusions of Law.

Respondent enters into this stipulation as a condition of his/her participation in the Program. Respondent understands that he/she must abide by all terms and conditions of Respondent's Program Contract.

If the Respondent is not accepted into the Program or does not sign the Program contract, this Stipulation will be rejected and will not be binding on Respondent or the State Bar.

If the Respondent is accepted into the Program, this Stipulation will be filed and will become public. Upon Respondent's successful completion of or termination from the Program, the specified level of discipline for successful completion of or termination from the Program as set forth in the State Bar Court's Confidential Statement of Alternative Dispositions and Orders shall be imposed or recommended to the Supreme Court.

March 18, 2010¹
Date


Respondent's Signature

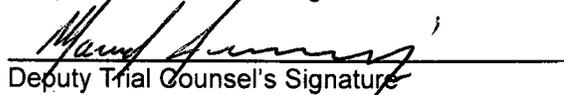
Dennis L. Wright
Print Name

Date

Respondent's Counsel Signature

Print Name

March 18, 2010¹
Date


Deputy Trial Counsel's Signature

Manuel Jimenez
Print Name

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of San Francisco, On April 20, 2011, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

- by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at San Francisco, California, addressed as follows:

**DENNIS LYNN WRIGHT
D L WRIGHT & ASSOCIATES
4040 CIVIC CENTER DR
SAN RAFAEL, CA 94903**

- by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

MANUEL JIMENEZ , Enforcement, San Francisco

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in San Francisco, California, on April 20, 2011.


Laretta Cramer
Case Administrator
State Bar Court