

(Do not write above this line.)

State Bar Court of California Hearing Department Los Angeles ACTUAL SUSPENSION			
Counsel For The State Bar	Case Number(s):	For Court use only	
Hugh G. Radigan	09-0-17814		
Deputy Trial Counsel			
1149 South Hill Street		PUBLIC MATTER	
Los Angeles, California 90015			
213-765-1206			
		FILED	
Bar # 94251		Ŵ	
		APR 1 5 2013	
Counsel For Respondent			
Jon C. Brissman		STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE	
900 East Washington Street, Suite 210		SAN FRANCISCO	
Colton, California 92324			
909-512-9205			
	Submitted to: Assigned Judge		
Bar # 152609	STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING		
In the Matter of:		5	
Rayehe Mazarei	ACTUAL SUSPENSION	27 \$4	
Bar # 155873	PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED		
A Member of the State Bar of California			
(Respondent)			

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," " "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted December 16, 1991.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of 12 pages, not including the order.

(Effective January 1, 2011)



Actual Suspension

- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."
- (5) Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of Law".
- (6) The parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading "Supporting Authority."
- (7) No more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any pending investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.
- (8) Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & 6140.7. (Check one option only):
 - Until costs are paid in full, Respondent will remain actually suspended from the practice of law unless relief is obtained per rule 5.130, Rules of Procedure.
 - Costs are to be paid in equal amounts prior to February 1 for the following membership years: the two billing cycles immediately following the effective date of the Supreme Court order in this matter. (Hardship, special circumstances or other good cause per rule 5.132, Rules of Procedure.) If Respondent fails to pay any installment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar Court, the remaining balance is due and payable immediately.

Costs are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs".

Costs are entirely waived.

B. Aggravating Circumstances [for definition, see Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct, standard 1.2(b)]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are required.

- (1) Prior record of discipline [see standard 1.2(f)]
 - (a) State Bar Court case # of prior case 01-O-00741
 - (b) Date prior discipline effective August 27, 2003
 - (c) Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations: Rule 3-110(A)
 - (d) Degree of prior discipline six (6) months stayed suspension, one (1) year probation
 - (e) If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below.
- (2) Dishonesty: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by or followed by bad faith, dishonesty, concealment, overreaching or other violations of the State Bar Act or Rules of Professional Conduct.
- (3) Trust Violation: Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property.
- (4) A Harm: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public or the administration of justice. See attachment, page 8.

<u>(Do no</u>	<u>ot write</u>	above this line.)
(5)		Indifference: Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.
(6)		Lack of Cooperation: Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation or proceedings.
(7)		Multiple/Pattern of Misconduct: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing or demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.
(8)		No aggravating circumstances are involved.

Additional aggravating circumstances:

C. Mitigating Circumstances [see standard 1.2(e)]. Facts supporting mitigating circumstances are required.

- (1) **No Prior Discipline:** Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not deemed serious.
- (2) **No Harm:** Respondent did not harm the client or person who was the object of the misconduct.
- (3) Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct and to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation and proceedings.
- (4) Remorse: Respondent promptly took objective steps spontaneously demonstrating remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.
- (5) Restitution: Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.
- (6) **Delay:** These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.
- (7) **Good Faith:** Respondent acted in good faith.
- (8) Emotional/Physical Difficulties: At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and Respondent no longer suffers from such difficulties or disabilities.
- (9) Severe Financial Stress: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.
- (10) **Family Problems:** At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.
- (11) Good Character: Respondent's good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.

- (12) Rehabilitation: Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by convincing proof of subsequent rehabilitation.
- (13) **No mitigating circumstances** are involved.

Additional mitigating circumstances:

See attachment, page 9.

D. Discipline:

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- (1) X Stayed Suspension:
 - (a) Respondent must be suspended from the practice of law for a period of one (1) year.
 - and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and present fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the law pursuant to standard 1.4(c)(ii) Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.
 - ii. and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.
 - iii. and until Respondent does the following:
 - (b) The above-referenced suspension is stayed.

(2) \boxtimes **Probation**:

Respondent must be placed on probation for a period of two (2) years, which will commence upon the effective date of the Supreme Court order in this matter. (See rule 9.18, California Rules of Court)

(3) \boxtimes Actual Suspension:

- (a) Respondent must be actually suspended from the practice of law in the State of California for a period of thirty (30) days.
 - i. and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and present fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the law pursuant to standard 1.4(c)(ii), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct
 - ii. and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.
 - iii. 🔲 and until Respondent does the following:

E. Additional Conditions of Probation:

- (1) If Respondent is actually suspended for two years or more, he/she must remain actually suspended until he/she proves to the State Bar Court his/her rehabilitation, fitness to practice, and learning and ability in the general law, pursuant to standard 1.4(c)(ii), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.
- (2) During the probation period, Respondent must comply with the provisions of the State Bar Act and Rules of Professional Conduct.

(3)	\boxtimes	Within ten (10) days of any change, Respondent must report to the Membership Records Office of the
		State Bar and to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of
		information, including current office address and telephone number, or other address for State Bar
		purposes, as prescribed by section 6002.1 of the Business and Professions Code.

- (4) Within thirty (30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Probation and schedule a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and conditions of probation. Upon the direction of the Office of Probation, Respondent must meet with the probation deputy either in-person or by telephone. During the period of probation, Respondent must promptly meet with the probation deputy as directed and upon request.
- (5) Respondent must submit written quarterly reports to the Office of Probation on each January 10, April 10, July 10, and October 10 of the period of probation. Under penalty of perjury, Respondent must state whether Respondent has complied with the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all conditions of probation during the preceding calendar quarter. Respondent must also state whether there are any proceedings pending against him or her in the State Bar Court and if so, the case number and current status of that proceeding. If the first report would cover less than 30 days, that report must be submitted on the next quarter date, and cover the extended period.

In addition to all quarterly reports, a final report, containing the same information, is due no earlier than twenty (20) days before the last day of the period of probation and no later than the last day of probation.

- (6) Respondent must be assigned a probation monitor. Respondent must promptly review the terms and conditions of probation with the probation monitor to establish a manner and schedule of compliance. During the period of probation, Respondent must furnish to the monitor such reports as may be requested, in addition to the quarterly reports required to be submitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must cooperate fully with the probation monitor.
- (7) Subject to assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully any inquiries of the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which are directed to Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has complied with the probation conditions.
- (8) X Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.
 - No Ethics School recommended. Reason:
- (9) Respondent must comply with all conditions of probation imposed in the underlying criminal matter and must so declare under penalty of perjury in conjunction with any quarterly report to be filed with the Office of Probation.
- (10) The following conditions are attached hereto and incorporated:

Substance Abuse Conditions	Law Office Management Conditions
Medical Conditions	Financial Conditions

F. Other Conditions Negotiated by the Parties:

(1) Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination: Respondent must provide proof of passage of the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination ("MPRE"), administered by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, to the Office of Probation during the period of actual suspension or within one year, whichever period is longer. Failure to pass the MPRE results in actual suspension without further hearing until passage. But see rule 9.10(b), California Rules of Court, and rule 5.162(A) & (E), Rules of Procedure.

No MPRE recommended. Reason:

- (2) Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court: Respondent must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 30 and 40 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.
- (3) Conditional Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court: If Respondent remains actually suspended for 90 days or more, he/she must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 120 and 130 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.
- (4) Credit for Interim Suspension [conviction referral cases only]: Respondent will be credited for the period of his/her interim suspension toward the stipulated period of actual suspension. Date of commencement of interim suspension:

(5) **Other Conditions:**

ATTACHMENT TO

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF:

Rayehe Mazarei

CASE NUMBER(S): 09-0-17814

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that she is culpable of violations of the specified statutes and/or Rules of Professional Conduct.

Case No. 09-O-17814 (Complainant: Behrouz Maneshi)

FACTS:

1. On March 5, 2007, Behrouz Maneshni (hereinafter "Maneshni") appeared before the Department of Homeland Security in a pro per capacity on his application for naturalization.

2. Aware of the deficiencies with his evidentiary showing at that hearing, Maneshni met with Respondent on March 10, 2007, to discuss his options with respect to how to further proceed. Respondent agreed to represent Maneshni in seeking to withdraw his application for naturalization and allow him additional time to secure the proper evidentiary showing required for a successful application for naturalization. In addition, it was agreed Respondent would timely file a Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA") request in March 2007 to determine the contents of the client's file. At that time, Maneshni paid a \$1,200 advanced fee to Respondent. Respondent did not provide Maneshni with a fee agreement clearly articulating the objectives of the employment.

3. When Respondent agreed to represent Maneshni, Respondent knew that there is no procedural vehicle available to effectuate the withdrawal of the application once it is rejected by the court. Respondent did not submit an FOIA request to the government to obtain Maneshni's records until March 2009.

4. On April 20, 2007, the Department of Homeland Security rendered its decision with respect to Maneshni's application. Maneshni was ruled ineligible for naturalization due to his failure to provide competent evidence of good moral character in the form of tax compliance verification, family member birth certificates and proof of physical presence in the United States for the period 2001-2006. According to the ruling, Maneshni was advised at the hearing of March 5, 2007, of these deficiencies and advised that he had thirty days from the hearing date to supplement his evidentiary showing. Maneshni did not provide this required competent evidence to Respondent.

5. On August 18, 2007, Maneshni emailed Respondent requesting a status update as to his matter. It was not until September 25, 2007 that Respondent replied by email to Maneshni advising that the FOIA request was filed in March 2007 and had as yet not been responded to by the Department of Homeland Security. Respondent further advised that the withdrawal of the application for naturalization had also been effectuated, but that confirmation has not yet been received. In fact, Respondent had not requested or obtained the withdrawal of Maneshni's application or made an FOIA request on his behalf.

6. On September 20, 2008, Maneshni emailed Respondent and again requested a status update as to the FOIA request. On September 21, 2008, Respondent replied to Maneshni by email and advised that the FOIA request had still not been responded to by the Department of Homeland Security.

7. On February 17, 2009, Maneshni again emailed Respondent requesting not only a status update but also the control number associated with the FOIA request so as to allow him to track it and ascertain the filing date. On February 17, 2009, Respondent replied by email to Maneshni stating she did not have a control number and indicating her intent to re-file the application for naturalization no later than the first week of March 2009 with or without the FOIA response.

8. On April 12, 2009, Maneshni emailed a request to the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services ("USCIS") requesting the status of the FOIA request. On April 13, 2009, USCIS responded to Maneshni by email that his FOIA request had been filed March 10, 2009.

9. Respondent knew that the statements to Maneshni that the earlier submitted application for naturalization had been withdrawn and that a FOIA request had been submitted in March of 2007, were not true.

10. Respondent responded to Maneshni's email terminating her services by asserting that she had filed the FOIA request and had withdrawn the application for naturalization when neither act had been performed.

11. Respondent refunded to Maneshni the unearned fees of \$1,200 plus interest as of March 15, 2013.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

12. By misrepresenting to Maneshni that the earlier submitted application for naturalization had been withdrawn and that the FOIA request had been submitted in March of 2007, Respondent committed an act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty or corruption in willful violation of Business and Professions Code section 6106.

ADDITIONAL FACTS RE AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Prior Record of Discipline: As noted above, in Case No. 01-O-00741, the court imposed upon Respondent a six months stayed suspension, and one year probation, among other conditions, effective August 27, 2003 for a failure to perform and inadequate staff supervision in willful violation of rule 3-110(A).(Standard 1.2(b)(i).)

Harm: Respondent's continuous misrepresentations to the client that his earlier application for naturalization had been withdrawn and that an FOIA request had been submitted on his behalf in March of 2007 where neither act was accomplished as represented caused harm to the client by virtue of the associated delay in pursuing his status change. Additionally, Respondent's failure to provide a refund of unearned fees denied the client of the beneficial use of those same sums to help secure his status change objective. (Standard 1.2(b)(iv).)

ADDITIONAL FACTS RE MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Pretrial stipulation: Respondent is entitled to mitigation for entering into a full stipulation with the Office of Chief Trial Counsel prior to trial in Case No. 09-O-17814, thereby saving the State Bar Court time and resources. (*In the Matter of Riordan* (Rev. Dept. 2007) 5 Cal Bar State Ct. Rptr. 41, 50.)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct provide a "process of fixing discipline" pursuant to a set of written principles to "better discharge the purposes of attorney discipline as announced by the Supreme Court." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, Introduction (all further references to standards are to this source).) The primary purposes of disciplinary proceedings and of the sanctions imposed are "the protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; the maintenance of high professional standards by attorneys and the preservation of public confidence in the legal profession." (*In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205; std 1.3.)

Although not binding, the standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (*In re Silverton* (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting *In re Brown* (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and *In re Young* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (*In re Naney* (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) Any discipline recommendation different from that set forth in the applicable standards should clearly explain the reasons for the deviation. (*Blair v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

Respondent admits to committing one act of professional misconduct. Standard 1.6 (a) requires that where a Respondent acknowledges an act of misconduct, the appropriate sanction shall be that set forth in the standards for the particular act of misconduct acknowledged.

The sanction applicable to Respondent's misconduct is found in standard 2.3, which applies to Respondent's violation of Business and Professions Code section 6106 (moral turpitude/misrepresentation). Standard 2.3 provides that culpability of a member of a violation of Business and Professions Code section 6106 shall result in actual suspension or disbarment depending upon the extent of the harm to the client and the magnitude of the act. Standard 1.7(a) provides that where a member has one prior record of discipline the degree of discipline to be imposed in the current proceeding shall be greater than that imposed in the prior unless the prior discipline is remote in time to the pending matter and the offense for which it was imposed was minimal in severity. As earlier noted, Respondent was disciplined effective August 27, 2003, with a six month stayed suspension and one year probation for having willfully violated rule 3-110(A).

In this matter, Respondent's misconduct is serious. Respondent repeatedly misrepresented to her client the accurate status of his naturalization application and what efforts she was pursuing to accomplish his objective. The misrepresentations did not accurately reflect the available remedies to the client or the accurate status of what Respondent had performed to accomplish the client's objectives. There existed no procedure to withdraw a pending application where the process had already gone to hearing and the filing of a FOIA request would only would serve to confirm what was before the Department of Homeland Security.

Misrepresentations to the client as to what has been done on his behalf, diminishes the public's confidence in the integrity of the legal profession. An attorney's false statements violate "the fundamental rules of ethics- that of common honesty- without which the profession is worse than valueless in the place it holds in the administration of justice." (*In the Matter of Downey* (Review Dept. 2009) 5 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 151, 157 (internal citations omitted)). These misrepresentations are tempered by the fact that there was little, if anything, Respondent could do to rectify the shortcomings with the original denied application until such time as competent evidence could be provided by the client.

Respondent's act of misconduct harmed Maneshni by leading him to think that Respondent was appropriately handling his immigration matter. Respondent's participation in the drafting of this stipulation prior to trial, saving the State Bar Court time and resources is some mitigation, which together with her restitution to Maneshni of the unearned fee, temper the aggravating factors abovereferred. Therefore, this matter warrants a thirty day actual suspension.

As such, the appropriate level of discipline herein is a one year stayed suspension, with an actual suspension of thirty days and two years of probation. Respondent will also be required to attend State Bar Ethics School, pass the Multi-State Professional Responsibility Exam and pay required disciplinary costs.

The stipulated disposition is consistent with case law. (*Bach v. State Bar* (1987) 43 Cal. 3rd 848 [imposing sixty day actual suspension upon a respondent who mislead a judge regarding his obligation to produce his client for a mediation with aggravation of a prior public reproval]; *Layton v. State Bar* (1990) 50 Cal. 3rd 889 [imposing a thirty day actual suspension on an attorney who over a five year period failed to conserve the assets and distribute an estate for which he was the attorney and executor aggravated by harm to the client and mitigated by a thirty year practice without discipline].)

PENDING PROCEEDINGS.

The disclosure date referred to, on page 2, paragraph A(7), was March 1, 2013.

DISMISSALS.

The parties respectfully request the Court to dismiss the following alleged violations in the interest of justice:

<u>Case No.</u>	<u>Count</u>	Alleged Violation
09-O-17814	Two	Rule 3-110(A)
09-O-17814	Three	Rule 3-700(D)(2)

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of the Chief Trial Counsel has informed respondent that as of March 1, 2013, the prosecution costs in this matter are \$3349. Respondent further acknowledges that

should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

EXCLUSION FROM MCLE CREDIT

Pursuant to rule 3201, Respondent may <u>not</u> receive MCLE credit for completion of State Bar Ethics School and State Bar Client Trust Accounting School (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 3201.)

In the Matter of:	Case number(s):
RAYEHE MAZAREI	09-O-17814

SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

By their signatures below, the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the recitations and each of the terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Facts, Conclusions of Law, and Disposition.

3 Rayehe Mazarei ondent's Signature Print Name Dat 2013 Jon C. Brissman Date spondent's Counsel Signature R Print Name 1 19 13 Hugh G. Radigan Date Depùtý Trial Counsel's Signature Print Name

In the Matter of: RAYEHE MAZAREI	Case Number(s): 09-O-17814	

ACTUAL SUSPENSION ORDER

Finding the stipulation to be fair to the parties and that it adequately protects the public, IT IS ORDERED that the requested dismissal of counts/charges, if any, is GRANTED without prejudice, and:



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The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED and the DISCIPLINE RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.

The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the DISCIPLINE IS RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.



All Hearing dates are vacated.

The parties are bound by the stipulation as approved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed within 15 days after service of this order, is granted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved stipulation. (See rule 5.58(E) & (F), Rules of Procedure.) The effective date of this disposition is the effective date of the Supreme Court order herein, normally 30 days after file date. (See rule 9.18(a), California Rules of Court.)

April 15, 2013

Date

LUC Y ARMENDAR

Judge of the State Bar Court

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of San Francisco, on April 15, 2013, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at San Francisco, California, addressed as follows:

JONATHAN C. BRISSMAN BRISSMAN & ASSOCIATES 900 E WASHINGTON ST #210 COLTON, CA 92324 - 4192

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

HUGH G. RADIGAN, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in San Francisco, California, on April 15, 2013.

Mazie Yip Case Administrator State Bar Court