State Bar Court of California **Hearing Department** Los Angeles DISBARMENT

Counsel For The State Bar Case Number(s): For Court use only 12-O-13068, Suzan J. Anderson 12-0-16258 FILED Senior Trial Counsel 1149 S. Hill Street Los Angeles, California 90015 JAN -4 2013 (415) 538-2209 STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE LOS ANGELES Bar # 160559 PUBLIC MATTER In Pro Per Respondent Benjamin Diego Hellewell P.O. Box 31382 Palm Beach Gardens, Florida 33420 (702) 301-7780 Submitted to: Assigned Judge Bar # 263188 STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING: ORDER OF **INVOLUNTARY INACTIVE ENROLLMENT** In the Matter of: BENJAMIN DIEGO HELLEWELL DISBARMENT PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED Bar # 263188

A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted June 1, 2009.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are resolved by this (3) stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of (13) pages, not including the order.
- A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included (4) under "Facts."

100	IOL WILL	ie abov	e tris line.)
(5)	Co La	nclus w."	ions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of
(6)			ies must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading ing Authority."
(7)	No per	more nding	than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, respondent has been advised in writing of any investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.
(8)	Pa;	ymen 40.7. (t of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & Check one option only):
		Co	osts to be awarded to the State Bar. Osts are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs". Osts are entirely waived.
(9)	The und	e part der Bu	OF INACTIVE ENROLLMENT: les are aware that if this stipulation is approved, the judge will issue an order of inactive enrollment usiness and Professions Code section 6007, subdivision (c)(4), and Rules of Procedure of the State 5.111(D)(1).
F	Prof		ting Circumstances [for definition, see Standards for Attorney Sanctions for onal Misconduct, standard 1.2(b)]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstance red.
(1)	\boxtimes	Prio	r record of discipline
	(a)	\boxtimes	State Bar Court case # of prior case 11-O-12505
	(b)	\boxtimes	Date prior discipline effective June 21, 2112
	(c)		Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations: RPC 1-300(B), 3-110(A), 3-700(A)(2), 3-700(D)(2), 4-200(A), B&P 6106.3 - Respondent became involved with a non-attorney owned loan modification business which obtained clients from California and out-of-state. Respondent failed to obtain loan modifications for the California clients and was unable to obtain loan modifications for the out-of-state clients since he was only admitted to practice in California.
	(d)	\boxtimes	Degree of prior discipline Three years' suspension stayed, four years' probation including two years' actual suspension
	(e)		If respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below:
(2)			nonesty: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by or followed by bad faith, dishonesty, sealment, overreaching or other violations of the State Bar Act or Rules of Professional Conduct.
(3)			st Violation: Trust funds or property were involved and respondent refused or was unable to account e client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or

property.

700 1	IOL WIT	e above this line.)
(4)	\boxtimes	Harm: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public or the administration of justice. Please see Attachment.
(5)	\boxtimes	Indifference: Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct. Please see Attachment.
(6)		Lack of Cooperation: Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation or proceedings.
(7)	\boxtimes	Multiple/Pattern of Misconduct: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing or demonstrates a pattern of misconduct. Please see Attachment.
(8)	. 🗆	No aggravating circumstances are involved.
C. I	Mitig	al aggravating circumstances: ating Circumstances [see standard 1.2(e)]. Facts supporting mitigating
	HIGU	ımstances are required.
(1)		No Prior Discipline: Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not deemed serious.
(2)		No Harm: Respondent did not harm the client or person who was the object of the misconduct.
(3)		Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct and to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation and proceedings.
(4)		Remorse: Respondent promptly took objective steps spontaneously demonstrating remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.
(5)		Restitution: Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.
(6)		Delay: These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.
(7)		Good Faith: Respondent acted in good faith.
(8)		Emotional/Physical Difficulties: At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and respondent no longer suffers from such difficulties or disabilities.
(9)		Severe Financial Stress: At the time of the misconduct, respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.
(10)		Family Problems: At the time of the misconduct, respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.

(Do no	t write	e above this line.)
(11)		Good Character: Respondent's good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.
(12)		Rehabilitation: Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by convincing proof of subsequent rehabilitation.
(13)		No mitigating circumstances are involved.
Additional mitigating circumstances:		
	Р	ease see Attachment.

D. Discipline: Disbarment.

E. Additional Requirements:

(1) Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court: Respondent must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 30 and 40 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.

Restitution: Respondent must make restitution to in the amount of \$ plus 10 percent interest per year from . If the Client Security Fund has reimbursed for all or any portion of the principal amount, respondent must pay restitution to CSF of the amount paid plus applicable interest and costs in accordance with Business and Professions Code section 6140.5. Respondent must pay the above restitution and furnish satisfactory proof of payment to the State Bar's Office of Probation in Los Angeles no later than days from the effective date of the Supreme Court order in this case.

(3) Other: Restitution - Respondent must make restitution as detailed in the Attachment.

In the Matter of: BENJAMIN DIEGO HELLEWELL, 263188	Case Number(s): 12-O-13068, 12-O-16258

Financial Conditions

a. Restitution

Respondent must pay restitution (including the principal amount, plus interest of 10% per annum) to the payee(s) listed below. If the Client Security Fund ("CSF") has reimbursed one or more of the payee(s) for all or any portion of the principal amount(s) listed below, Respondent must also pay restitution to CSF in the amount(s) paid, plus applicable interest and costs.

Payee	Principal Amount	Interest Accrues From	
Jason Ronnenstrand	\$1,000	May 13, 2010	
Karen Book	\$2,400	April 23, 2010	

Respondent must pay above-referenced restitution and provide satisfactory proof of payment to the Office	of
Probation not later than	

b. Installment Restitution Payments

Respondent must pay the above-referenced restitution on the payment schedule set forth below. Respondent
must provide satisfactory proof of payment to the Office of Probation with each quarterly probation report, or
as otherwise directed by the Office of Probation. No later than 30 days prior to the expiration of the period of
probation (or period of reproval), Respondent must make any necessary final payment(s) in order to complete
the payment of restitution, including interest, in full.

Payee/CSF (as applicable)	Minimum Payment Amount	Payment Frequency

If Respondent fails to pay any installment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar C	court,
the remaining balance is due and payable immediately.	

c. Client Funds Certificate

- If Respondent possesses client funds at any time during the period covered by a required quarterly report, Respondent must file with each required report a certificate from Respondent and/or a certified public accountant or other financial professional approved by the Office of Probation, certifying that:
 - a. Respondent has maintained a bank account in a bank authorized to do business in the State of California, at a branch located within the State of California, and that such account is designated as a "Trust Account" or "Clients' Funds Account":

- b. Respondent has kept and maintained the following:
 - i. A written ledger for each client on whose behalf funds are held that sets forth:
 - 1. the name of such client:
 - 2. the date, amount and source of all funds received on behalf of such client;
 - 3. the date, amount, payee and purpose of each disbursement made on behalf of such client; and,
 - 4. the current balance for such client.
 - ii. a written journal for each client trust fund account that sets forth:
 - 1. the name of such account;
 - 2. the date, amount and client affected by each debit and credit; and,
 - 3. the current balance in such account.
 - iii. all bank statements and cancelled checks for each client trust account; and.
 - iv. each monthly reconciliation (balancing) of (i), (ii), and (iii), above, and if there are any differences between the monthly total balances reflected in (i), (ii), and (iii), above, the reasons for the differences.
- c. Respondent has maintained a written journal of securities or other properties held for clients that specifies:
 - i. each item of security and property held;
 - ii. the person on whose behalf the security or property is held;
 - iii. the date of receipt of the security or property:
 - iv. the date of distribution of the security or property; and,
 - v. the person to whom the security or property was distributed.
- If Respondent does not possess any client funds, property or securities during the entire period
 covered by a report, Respondent must so state under penalty of perjury in the report filed with the
 Office of Probation for that reporting period. In this circumstance, Respondent need not file the
 accountant's certificate described above.
- 3. The requirements of this condition are in addition to those set forth in rule 4-100, Rules of Professional Conduct.

d. Client Trust Accounting School

Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must supply to the Office of
Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School Client Trust Accounting School
within the same period of time, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.

ATTACHMENT TO

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF:

BENJAMIN DIEGO HELLEWELL

CASE NUMBER(S):

12-O-13068, 12-O-16258

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that he is culpable of violations of the specified statutes and/or Rules of Professional Conduct.

Case No. 12-O-13068 (Complainant: Jason Ronnestrand)

FACTS:

- 1. In May 2010, Wisconsin resident Jason Ronnestrand ("Ronnestrand") employed Respondent to provide him with legal services in connection with negotiating and obtaining a home mortgage loan modification for his residence located in Wisconsin. On May 13, 2012, Ronnestrand paid Respondent \$1,000 in advanced attorney fees.
- 2. Wisconsin SCR Ch. 120:5.5(b) states in pertinent part, "A lawyer who is not admitted to practice in this jurisdiction shall not . . . (2) hold out to the public or otherwise represent that the lawyer is admitted to the practice of law in this jurisdiction."
 - 3. Respondent is not now, nor ever has been, admitted to practice law in the state of Wisconsin.
- 4. Respondent entered into an agreement for, charged, and collected fees for legal services from Ronnestrand, in a jurisdiction in which he is not admitted to practice law.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

- 5. By accepting employment with Ronnestrand and holding himself out as entitled to practice law in Wisconsin in order to perform legal services in connection with negotiating and obtaining a mortgage loan modification, Respondent held himself out as entitled to practice law in the state of Wisconsin, a jurisdiction where he is not admitted and thereby willfully violated the regulations of the profession in that jurisdiction in violation of rule 1-300(B) of the Rules of Professional Conduct.
- 6. By entering into an agreement for, charging, and collecting \$1,000 in legal fees from Ronnestrand, when he was not licensed to practice in Wisconsin, Respondent entered into an agreement for, charged, or collected an illegal fee in willful violation of rule 4-200(A) of the Rules of Professional Conduct.

Case No. 12-O-16258 (Complainant: Karen Book)

FACTS:

- 7. On March 16, 2010, Georgia resident Karen Book ("Book") employed Respondent to provide her with legal services in connection with negotiating and obtraining a home mortgage loan modification for her residence located in Georgia. On March 16, 2010, Book paid Respondent \$700 in advanced attorney fees. On March 26, 2010, Book paid Respondent an additional \$500 in advanced attorney fees. On April 9, 2010, Book paid Respondent an additional \$800 in advanced attorney fees. On April 23, 2010, Book paid Respondent an additional \$400 in advanced attorney fees.
- 8. Georgia Rule of Professional Conduct 5.5 states in pertinent part: "(b) A Domestic Lawyer shall not . . . (2) hold out to the public or otherwise represent that the Domestic Lawyer is admitted to practice law in this jurisdiction."
 - 9. Respondent is not now, nor ever has been, admitted to practice law in the state of Georgia.
- 10. Respondent entered into an agreement for, charged, and collected fees for legal services from Book, in a jurisdiction in which he was not admitted to practice law.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

- 11. By accepting employment with Book and holding himself out as entitled to practice law in Georgia in order to perform legal services in connection with negotiating and obtaining a mortgage loan modification, Respondent held himself out as entitled to practice law in the state of Georgia, a jurisdiction where he is not admitted and thereby willfully violated the regulations of the profession in that jurisdiction in violation of rule 1-300(B) of the Rules of Professional Conduct.
- 12. By entering into an agreement for, charging, and collecting \$2,400 in legal fees from Book, when he was not licensed to practice in Georgia, Respondent entered into an agreement for, charged, or collected an illegal fee in willful violation of rule 4-200(A) of the Rules of Professional Conduct.

ADDITIONAL FACTS RE AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Harm: Respondent's clients were seriously harmed by the above described misconduct. Both Ronnenstrand and Book hired Respondent to assist them with their home loan modifications because they were financially distressed. Thus, the loss of the use of the money they paid in fees to Respondent for work Respondent did not accomplish due to his not being admitted in the states of Wisconsin and Georgia caused significant harm to the clients.

Pattern of Misconduct: Here there is a pattern of misconduct. The instant case involves two out-of-state matters involving the unauthorized practice of law and accepting illegal fees. Respondent's prior involved similar misconduct in 20 matters, of which 13 were also out-of-state clients. Respondent's prior and present misconduct spanned over a year. A pattern of misconduct is egregious aggravation. (In the Matter of Valinoti (Review Dept. 2002) 4 Cal State Bar Ct. Rptr, 498, 566). It is reserved for serious misconduct over a prolonged period of time. (Young v. State Bar (1990) 50 Cal.3d 1204, 1216-1217). Ten months of repetitive fraudulent

billing submitted to an insurance company was found to constitute a pattern of misconduct. (In the Matter of Berg (Review Dept. 1997) 3 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 725, 737). Four abandonments were found to be a pattern. (Lester v. State Bar (1976) 17 Cal.3d 547, 552). A pattern requires a common thread. (In the Matter of Wyrick (Review Dept. 1992) 2 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 83, 93). In these cases we have 55 counts of serious misconduct involving 22 clients over a 12-month period. As established by case law, a pattern of misconduct.

Indifference: Respondent has not been able to refund any of the fees paid by the above-mentioned clients which Respondent wrongfully obtained. (See *In the Matter of Wells* (Review Dept. 2006) 4 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 896, 913 [failure to refund the fees and costs an attorney wrongfully collected demonstrates indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct].)

ADDITIONAL FACTS RE MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Pre-trial Stipulation: Respondent has entered into a pre-trial stipulation (as he did in his prior case number 11-O-12505) thereby saving the time and resources of the State Bar Court, and is receiving some mitigation for doing so. (*In the Matter of Downey* (Review Dept. 2009) 5 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 151, 156; *In the Matter of Johnson* (Review Dept. 200) 4 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 179, 190; see also Silva-Vidor v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079.)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct provide a "process of fixing discipline" pursuant to a set of written principles to "better discharge the purposes of attorney discipline as announced by the Supreme Court." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, Introduction (all further references to standards are to this source).) The primary purposes of disciplinary proceedings and of the sanctions imposed are "the protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; the maintenance of high professional standards by attorneys and the preservation of public confidence in the legal profession." (*In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205; std 1.3.)

Although not binding, the standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (In re Silverton (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting In re Brown (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and In re Young (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (In re Naney (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) Any discipline recommendation different from that set forth in the applicable standards should clearly explain the reasons for the deviation. (Blair v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

Respondent admits to committing four acts of professional misconduct, in addition to the fifty-one in his prior, case number 11-O-12505. Standard 1.6 (a) requires that where a Respondent acknowledges two or more acts of misconduct, and different sanctions are prescribed by the standards that apply to those acts, the sanction imposed shall be the more or most severe prescribed in the applicable standards.

The most severe sanction applicable to Respondent's misconduct is found in standard 2.10, which applies to Respondent's violation(s) of rules 1-300(B) and 4-200(A) of the Rules of Professional Conduct.

Standard 2.10 provides that culpability of a member of a willful violation of any Rule of Professional Conduct not specified in the standards shall result in reproval or suspension according to the gravity of the offense or the harm, if any, to the victim, with due regard to the purposes of imposing discipline set forth in standard 1.3.

The severity and magnitude of Respondent's misconduct, coupled with the lack of any substantial mitigation and the presence of such significant aggravation take this matter beyond that called for in the standard to disbarment.

In the current proceeding and Respondent's prior discipline, Respondent failed to perform, failed to refund unearned fees, improperly withdrew from representation of his clients, collected advance fees for loan modification, committed UPL by being employed by out-of-state clients and collected illegal fees from those out-of-state clients. 55 counts of misconduct involving 22 clients are extensive misdeeds which were commonplace to Respondent's law practice. Respondent's misconduct harmed all of the clients as detailed above and that harm has yet to be rectified.

There are three Supreme Court disbarment cases involving "pattern-type" misconduct, where the respondent had no prior discipline and intentionally dishonest acts were not part of the misconduct that are applicable to this matter: (1) *In re Billings* (1990) – 15 client matters; (2) *Walker v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1107 – abandonment of entire law practice; (3) *Combs v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 679 – 13 client matters.

Respondent's pattern of misconduct as detailed in both the instant case and his prior discipline lead Respondent's disbarment. Respondent's misconduct is the same pattern throughout all 22 client matters. Respondent continued to accept clients and their funds when they were financially distressed that he could not obtain loan modifications for. The pattern of accepting fees for work that was not performed is very egregious. The magnitude and severity of Respondent's offenses, together with the weaknesses in mitigation demonstrate that disbarment in appropriate in this matter. Respondent has failed to rectify the harm he has caused the clients in this matter and has not begun to rectify the seriousness of his misconduct. Accordingly, the only way to protect the public, the courts and the legal profession; to maintain high professional standards; and to preserve public confidence in the legal profession is to recommend Respondent's disbarment and require a reinstatement proceeding.

PENDING PROCEEDINGS.

The disclosure date referred to, on page 2, paragraph A(7), was November 29, 2012.

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of the Chief Trial Counsel has informed Respondent that as of September 24, 2012, the estimated prosecution costs in this matter are \$3,689.00. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

In the Matter of: BENJAMIN DIEGO HELLEWELL, 263188

Case number(s):

12-O-13068, 12-O-16258

SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

By their signatures below, the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the recitations and each of the terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Facts, Conclusions of Law, and Disposition.

BENJAMIN DIEGO HELLEWELL

Print Name

Respondent's Counsel Signature

al Counsel's Signature

Print Name

SUZAN J. ANDERSON

Print Name

In the Matter of: BENJAMIN DIEGO HELLEWELL, 263188	Case Number(s): 12-O-13068, 12-O-16258	
		• . •

DISBARMENT ORDER

Findin reques	g the s sted dis	tipulation to be fair to the parties and that it adequately protects the public, IT IS ORDERED that the smissal of counts/charges, if any, is GRANTED without prejudice, and:
		The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED and the DISCIPLINE RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.
	×	The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the DISCIPLINE IS RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.
		All Hearing dates are vacated.

- On page 2 of the stipulation, at paragraph B.(1)(a), "11-O-12505" is deleted, and in its place is inserted "10-O-05890, etc.".
- On page 2 of the stipulation, at paragraph B.(1)(b), "2112" is deleted, and in its place is inserted "2012".
- On page 2 of the stipulation, at paragraph B.(1)(d), "and until compliance with the requirements of standard 1.4(c)(ii)" is inserted after "two years' actual suspension".
- On page 8 of the stipulation, at numbered paragraph 1, line 3, "May 13, 2012" is deleted, and in its place is inserted "May 13, 2010".
- On page 8 of the stipulation, at numbered paragraph 5, line 5, "willful" is inserted before "violation".
- On page 9 of the stipulation, at numbered paragraph 11, line 5, "willful" is inserted before "violation".
- On page 10 of the stipulation, Pre-trial Stipulation, line 2, "11-O-12505" is deleted, and in its place is inserted "10-O-05890, etc., including case number 11-O-12505".
- On page 10 of the stipulation, under the heading "Authorities Supporting Discipline," paragraph 3, line 2, "11-O-12505" is deleted, and in its place is inserted "10-O-05890, etc.".

The parties are bound by the stipulation as approved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed within 15 days after service of this order, is granted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved stipulation. (See rule 5.58(E) & (F), Rules of Procedure.) The effective date of this disposition is the effective date of the Supreme Court order herein, normally 30 days after file date. (See rule 9.18(a), California Rules of Court.)

Respondent Benjamin Diego Hellewell is ordered transferred to involuntary inactive status pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 6007, subdivision (c)(4). Respondent's inactive enrollment will be effective three (3) calendar days after this order is served by mail and will terminate upon the effective date of the Supreme Court's order imposing discipline herein, or as provided for by rule 5.111(D)(2) of the Rules of Procedure of the State Bar of California, or as otherwise ordered by the Supreme Court pursuant to its plenary jurisdiction.

1/2/13	- Willeam -
Date	

Judge of the State Bar Court

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. Of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of Los Angeles, on January 4, 2013, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING; ORDER OF INVOLUNTARY INACTIVE ENROLLMENT DISBARMENT

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at Los Angeles, California, addressed as follows:

BENJAMIN D. HELLEWELL PO BOX 31382 PALM BEACH GARDENS, FL 33420

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

SUZAN ANDERSON, Enforcement, San Francisco

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in Los Angeles, California, on January 4, 2013.

Tammy Cleaver
Case Administrator
State Bar Court