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State	Bar Court of Califor Hearing Department San Francisco ACTUAL SUSPENSION	nia			
Counsel For The State Bar	Case Number(s): 12-0-14411-PEM	For Court use only			
Sherrie B. McLetchie Senior Trial Counsel 180 Howard Street	12-0-14411-1 EM	PUBLIC MATTER			
San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 538-2297		FILED			
Bar # 85447		MAR 2 9 2016			
In Pro Per Respondent					
Larry Alvin Donaldson Larry A Donaldson Attorney at Law 6091 N Poplar Ave Apt G Fresno, CA 93704 (559) 907-3389		STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE SAN FRANCISCO			
(655) 551 5555	Submitted to: Settlement Judge				
Bar # 65658	STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING				
In the Matter of:					
LARRY ALVIN DONALDSON	ACTUAL SUSPENSION				
Bar # 65658	☐ PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED				
A Member of the State Bar of California					

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted **December 18, 1975**.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of 13 pages, not including the order.
- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."



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(5)	Co: Lav	onclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of law".						
(6)	The "Su	The parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading Supporting Authority."						
(7)		o more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any inding investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.						
(8) Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 6140.7. (Check one option only):								
		Until costs are paid in full, Respondent will remain actually suspended from the practice of law unless						
		relief is obtained per rule 5.130, Rules of Procedure. Costs are to be paid in equal amounts prior to February 1 for the following membership years: 2017. (Hardship, special circumstances or other good cause per rule 5.132, Rules of Procedure.) If Respondent fails to pay any installment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar Court, the remaining balance is due and payable immediately.						
		Costs are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs". Costs are entirely waived.						
		ravating Circumstances [Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional onduct, standards 1.2(h) & 1.5]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are ired.						
(1)	[] (a)	Prior record of discipline State Bar Court case # of prior case						
	(b)	☐ Date prior discipline effective						
	(c)	Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:						
	(d)	☐ Degree of prior discipline						
	(e)	☐ If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below.						
(2)		Intentional/Bad Faith/Dishonesty: Respondent's misconduct was dishonest, intentional, or surrounded by, or followed by bad faith.						
(3)		Misrepresentation: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by, misrepresentation.						
(4)		Concealment: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by, concealment.						
(5)		Overreaching: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by, overreaching.						
(6)	\boxtimes	Uncharged Violations: Respondent's conduct involves uncharged violations of the Business and Professions Code, or the Rules of Professional Conduct. See Attachment to Stipulation at page 11.						
(7)	\boxtimes	Trust Violation: Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property. See Attachment to Stipulation at page 10.						

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(8)		Harm: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public, or the administration of justice.						
(9) (10)		Indifference: Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct. Candor/Lack of Cooperation: Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his her misconduct.						
(11)	\boxtimes	his/her misconduct, or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations or proceedings. Multiple Acts: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing. See Attachment to Stipulation at page 10.						
(12)		Pattern: Respondent's current misconduct demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.						
(13)		Restitution: Respondent failed to make restitution.						
(14)		Vulnerable Victim: The victim(s) of Respondent's misconduct was/were highly vulnerable.						
(15)		No aggravating circumstances are involved.						
C. N	litig	ating Circumstances [see standards 1.2(i) & 1.6]. Facts supporting mitigating mstances are required.						
(1)	\boxtimes	No Prior Discipline: Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not likely to recur. See Attachment to Stipulation at page 11.						
(2)		No Harm: Respondent did not harm the client, the public, or the administration of justice.						
(3)		Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct or `to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations and proceedings.						
(4)		Remorse: Respondent promptly took objective steps demonstrating spontaneous remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconductions.						
(5)		Restitution: Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.						
(6)		Delay: These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.						
(7)		Good Faith: Respondent acted with a good faith belief that was honestly held and objectively reasonable.						
(8)		Emotional/Physical Difficulties: At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical or mental disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and the difficulties or disabilities no longer pose a risk that Respondent will commit misconduct.						

(Do n	ot writ	e abov	e this li	ne.)				
(9)		whic	ch rest	nancial Stress: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress ulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and e directly responsible for the misconduct.				
(10)		Family Problems: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.						
(11)		Good Character: Respondent's extraordinarily good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.						
(12)		Reh follo	Rehabilitation: Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by convincing proof of subsequent rehabilitation.					
(13)		No	mitiga	ting circumstances are involved.				
Addi	tiona	al mit	tigatin	g circumstances:				
	P	retria	al Stip	ulation See Attachment to Stipulation at page 11.				
	С	ivic a	and Vo	olunteer Services See Attachment to Stipulation at page 11.				
D. D	isci	iplin	e:					
(1)	\boxtimes	Stay	ed Su	spension:				
	(a)	\boxtimes	Resp	ondent must be suspended from the practice of law for a period of three years.				
		i.		and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the general law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1) Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.				
		ii.		and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.				
		iii.		and until Respondent does the following:				
	(b)	\boxtimes	The a	above-referenced suspension is stayed.				
(2)	\boxtimes	Prol	oation	:				
	ust be placed on probation for a period of three years , which will commence upon the effective reme Court order in this matter. (See rule 9.18, California Rules of Court)							
(3)	\boxtimes	Actu	ıal Su	spension:				
	(a)	\boxtimes		ondent must be actually suspended from the practice of law in the State of California for a period days.				
		i.		and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the general law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct				
		ii.		and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.				

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(10) The following conditions are attached hereto and incorporated:							
			Substance Abuse Conditions		Law Office Management Conditions		
			Medical Conditions	\boxtimes	Financial Conditions		
F. C	Other	Cor	nditions Negotiated by the Parties	s:			
(1)	\boxtimes	Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination: Respondent must provide proof of passage of the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination ("MPRE"), administered by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, to the Office of Probation during the period of actual suspension or within one year, whichever period is longer. Failure to pass the MPRE results in actual suspension without further hearing until passage. But see rule 9.10(b), California Rules of Court, and rule 5.162(A) & (E), Rules of Procedure.					
			No MPRE recommended. Reason:				
(2)		Cali	ifornia Rules of Court, and perform the act	s spec	must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20 , ified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 30 e date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.		
(3)		Conditional Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court: If Respondent remains actually suspended for 90 days or more, he/she must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 120 and 130 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.					
(4)		Credit for Interim Suspension [conviction referral cases only]: Respondent will be credited for the period of his/her interim suspension toward the stipulated period of actual suspension. Date of commencement of interim suspension:					
(5)		Other Conditions:					

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	In the Matter of: LARRY ALVIN DONALDSON			nber(s): I 1-PEM			
Fir	nancial Conditions						
a.	Restitution						
	Respondent must pay restitution payee(s) listed below. If the Color any portion of the principal amount(s) paid, plus applicable	lient Security Fund (" amount(s) listed below	CSF") has	reimbursed one or more of t	he payee(s) for all		
	Payee	Principal Amount	,	Interest Accrues From]		
					j		
b.	 Installment Restitution Payments Respondent must pay the above-referenced restitution on the payment schedule set forth below. Responder must provide satisfactory proof of payment to the Office of Probation with each quarterly probation report, or as otherwise directed by the Office of Probation. No later than 30 days prior to the expiration of the period of probation (or period of reproval), Respondent must make any necessary final payment(s) in order to complete the payment of restitution, including interest, in full. 						
	Payee/CSF (as applicable)	Minimum Payment	Amount	Payment Frequency			
	☐ If Respondent fails to pay any i the remaining balance is due a	installment as descrit nd payable immediat	ped above, eely.	or as may be modified by th	ı e State Bar Court,		
Э.	Client Funds Certificate						
	public accountant or ot a. Respondent has m California, at a brai	ist file with each requi her financial professi naintained a bank acc	ired report onal approv count in a ba e State of C	g the period covered by a re a certificate from Responde yed by the Office of Probation ank authorized to do busine alifornia, and that such acco	nt and/or a certifie on, certifying that: ss in the State of		

- b. Respondent has kept and maintained the following:
 - i. A written ledger for each client on whose behalf funds are held that sets forth:
 - 1. the name of such client;
 - 2. the date, amount and source of all funds received on behalf of such client;
 - 3. the date, amount, payee and purpose of each disbursement made on behalf of such client; and,
 - 4. the current balance for such client.
 - ii. a written journal for each client trust fund account that sets forth:
 - 1. the name of such account;
 - 2. the date, amount and client affected by each debit and credit; and,
 - 3. the current balance in such account.
 - iii. all bank statements and cancelled checks for each client trust account; and,
- iv. each monthly reconciliation (balancing) of (i), (ii), and (iii), above, and if there are any differences between the monthly total balances reflected in (i), (ii), and (iii), above, the reasons for the differences.
- Respondent has maintained a written journal of securities or other properties held for clients that specifies:
 - i. each item of security and property held;
 - ii. the person on whose behalf the security or property is held;
 - iii. the date of receipt of the security or property;
 - iv. the date of distribution of the security or property; and,
 - v. the person to whom the security or property was distributed.
- 2. If Respondent does not possess any client funds, property or securities during the entire period covered by a report, Respondent must so state under penalty of perjury in the report filed with the Office of Probation for that reporting period. In this circumstance, Respondent need not file the accountant's certificate described above.
- The requirements of this condition are in addition to those set forth in rule 4-100, Rules of Professional Conduct.

d. Client Trust Accounting School

Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must supply to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School Client Trust Accounting School, within the same period of time, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.

ATTACHMENT TO

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF:

LARRY ALVIN DONALDSON

CASE NUMBER:

12-O-14411-PEM

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that he is culpable of violations of the specified statutes and/or Rules of Professional Conduct.

Case No. 12-O-14411 (Complaint of Laura & Timothy Leonard)

FACTS:

- 1. Respondent drafted the 2007 Paul Harvey Wallace Family Trust ("the trust") for Paul Harvey Wallace ("Wallace"), one of his best friends. Wallace executed the trust on May 2, 2007.
- 2. The trust named respondent as successor trustee of the trust and provided that after payment of death taxes, debts, and expenses, the trust assets be distributed in the form of one \$10,000 bequest, two trusts of \$75,000 each, and the remainder in two separate trusts to be distributed over a ten-year period.
- 3. Respondent also drafted Wallace's will which nominated respondent as executor and directed that upon Wallace's death all property to be disposed of under the will be added to the trust and distributed in accordance with the provisions of the trust. Wallace executed the will on May 10, 2007.
 - 4. On June 22, 2007, Wallace died and respondent began acting as trustee of the trust.
- 5. On March 24, 2008, respondent filed a petition to probate Wallace's will and for letters testamentary in *Estate of Paul Harvey Wallace*, Fresno Superior Court case number 08CEPR00294 ("the estate"). On May 6, 2008, Respondent filed an amended petition.
- 6. On May 27, 2008, Respondent was appointed executor, a personal representative, of the *Estate of Paul Harvey Wallace*. No bond was required.
 - 7. On June 18, 2008, the letters testamentary were issued.
- 8. California Probate Code section 16062 requires, among other things, that a trustee shall account at least annually to each trust beneficiary.
- 9. Beginning in 2008, and continuing into 2014, the remaindermen beneficiaries of the trust, Laura Leonard ("Laura") and Timothy Leonard ("Timothy"), requested accountings from respondent.
- 10. California Probate Code section 16063 provides that an accounting must contain, among other things, a statement of receipts and disbursements of principal and income during year or since the last accounting, a statement of the assets and liabilities of the trust as of the end of the period covered by

the accounting, information regarding the trustee's compensation, and information regarding the agents hired by the trustee, their relationship to the trustee, if any, and their compensation.

- 11. Respondent did not provide accountings annually to Laura or Timothy as required by Probate Code section 16062.
- 12. California Probate Code section 8800 provides that a personal representative shall file an inventory of property to be administered in a decedent's estate together with an appraisal of property within four months after letters are issued.
- 13. Respondent did not file an inventory of property to be administered in the decedent's estate together with an appraisal of property within four months after letters were issued.
- 14. On July 26, 2013, respondent resigned as trustee and executor without having filed an inventory acceptable to the court. On August 25, 2014, the Public Guardian was appointed as successor trustee and personal representative for *Estate of Paul Harvey Wallace*. Despite respondent's resignation, the probate court required respondent to account for his actions as trustee and personal representative.
- 15. Not until January 13, 2016, were respondent's reports as former trustee and former personal representative settled and approved by the probate court finding, *inter alia*, that respondent incorrectly paid himself legal fees from estate assets before he realized that such legal fees require court approval.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

- 16. By not providing annual accountings as defined by Probate Code section 16063 to beneficiaries Laura and Timothy, in violation of Probate Code section 16062, respondent failed to support the laws of this state in violation of Business and Professions Code section 6068(a).
- 17. By not filing an inventory and appraisal within the first four months after letters were issued in violation of Probate Code section 8800, respondent failed to support the laws of this state in violation of Business and Professions Code section 6068(a).
- 18. By not providing full and accurate accountings to the beneficiaries, by paying himself fees without court approval, and by not filing with the probate court an inventory and appraisal before resigning as executor, respondent handled his fiduciary responsibilities as trustee and executor with gross negligence amounting to moral turpitude, in violation of Business and Professions Code section 6106.

AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Multiple Acts of Misconduct (Std. 1.5(b)): Respondent's failure to provide annual accountings to Laura and Timothy, and respondent's failure to file a timely inventory with the probate court, are multiple acts of wrongdoing.

Trust Violations (Std. 1.5(e)): The trust assets were, in fact, entrusted funds and property, and until 2016, respondent was unable to account to the Fresno County probate court or the trust beneficiaries for his improper handling of said funds and real property.

Uncharged Violation: In 2013, Laura and Timothy filed a civil suit against respondent based on his mishandling of the trust and estate. In September 2014, respondent entered into a civil settlement with Laura and Timothy which expressly required that Laura and Timothy "Within 30 days of their receipt of the above-listed settlement sums, Releasors will withdraw any and all pending complaints and requests for disciplinary action with the State Bar of California, to the extent such complaints or requests for disciplinary action are related to the events and circumstances forming the basis for Releasors allegations against Releasees in Laura Leonard and Timothy Leonard v. Larry A. Donaldson, Koczanowicz & Donaldson, and Cota Cole & Associates, Case No. 13CECG02120 in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Fresno. Further, Releasors agree to not make any further complaint or report against Releasees to the State Bar of California, or any other State Bar, regarding this same set of events or circumstances, or to report to the State Bar that Releasees have entered into this Agreement." This agreement was in violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6090.5(a)(2), which prohibits a member -- whether as a party or counsel -- from seeking agreement that "The plaintiff shall withdraw a disciplinary complaint or shall not cooperate with the investigation or prosecution conducted by the disciplinary agency."

MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

No Prior Discipline (Std. 1.6(a)): Respondent was admitted to the practice of law on December 18, 1975, and the misconduct herein began in 2008. Respondent had no prior record of discipline over more than 32 years in practice. The misconduct is not likely to recur because respondent took on the duties of a trustee and executor at the request of his best friend, although respondent had no prior trust or probate experience. This was the only instance respondent assumed such duties.

Pretrial Stipulation: Respondent has stipulated to facts, conclusions of law, and disposition in order to resolve his disciplinary proceeding prior to trial, thereby avoiding the necessity of trial and saving the State Bar Court time and resources. (Silva-Vidor v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigative credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability].)

Civic and Volunteer Service: Respondent has performed pro bono services on behalf of foster parents in his community and was for many years on the Board of Tulare County Legal Aid. (Calvert v. State Bar (1991) 54 Cal.3d 765, 785 [pro bono work and community service may mitigate an attorney's misconduct].)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct "set forth a means for determining the appropriate disciplinary sanction in a particular case and to ensure consistency across cases dealing with similar misconduct and surrounding circumstances." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, std. 1.1. All further references to Standards are to this source.) The Standards help fulfill the primary purposes of discipline, which include: protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; maintenance of the highest professional standards; and preservation of public confidence in the legal profession. (See std. 1.1; *In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205.)

Although not binding, the standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (In re Silverton (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting In re Brown (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and In re Young (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring

consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (*In re Naney* (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) If a recommendation is at the high end or low end of a Standard, an explanation must be given as to how the recommendation was reached. (Std. 1.1.) "Any disciplinary recommendation that deviates from the Standards must include clear reasons for the departure." (Std. 1.1; *Blair v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

In determining whether to impose a sanction greater or less than that specified in a given standard, in addition to the factors set forth in the specific standard, consideration is to be given to the primary purposes of discipline; the balancing of all aggravating and mitigating circumstances; the type of misconduct at issue; whether the client, public, legal system or profession was harmed; and the member's willingness and ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. (Stds. 1.7(b) and (c).)

Respondent admits to committing three acts of professional misconduct in one matter: failure to support the laws of this state by committing Probate Code violations through gross negligence amounting to moral turpitude in the handling of a trust and estate. The sanction applicable to respondent's misconduct is found in standard 2.7(c), which applies to respondent's violations of Business and Professions Code, sections 6068(a) and 6106. Standard 2.7(c) provides that "Suspension or reproval is the presumed sanction for performance, communication, or withdrawal violations, which are limited in scope or time. The degree of sanction depends on the extent of the misconduct and the degree of harm to the client or clients."

Balancing the aggravating circumstances (an uncharged violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6090.5, trust violation, and multiple acts) against strong mitigating circumstances (more than 32 years of practice prior to the misconduct which is unlikely to recur, a pretrial stipulation, and civic and volunteer services), a short period of actual suspension with lengthy periods of stayed suspension and probation is appropriate. As stated above, "If a recommendation is at the high end or low end of a Standard, an explanation must be given as to how the recommendation was reached. (Std. 1.1.)" A 30-day actual suspension is at or near the mid-point of standard 2.7(c)'s range.

Layton v. State Bar (1990) 50 Cal.3d 889 also supports a three-year period of probation conditioned on a 30-day suspension as the appropriate level of discipline here. Layton was an attorney acting for a trust and an estate for which he was also the executor, like respondent. Layton similarly failed through neglect and inattention to fulfill material requirements as executor for over five years. Specifically, one of Layton's failings was not filing an inventory and appraisal for more than four years. Like respondent, Layton had practiced for more than 30 years without discipline before the misconduct began.

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of Chief Trial Counsel has informed respondent that as of March 17, 2016, the prosecution costs in this matter are \$5,486. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

EXCLUSION FROM MINIMUM CONTINUING LEGAL EDUCATION ("MCLE") CREDIT

Respondent may <u>not</u> receive MCLE credit for completion of State Bar Ethics School, State Bar Client Trust Accounting School, and/or the MPRE. (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 3201.)

(Do not write above this line.)						
In the Matter of: LARRY ALVIN DON	NALDSON	Case number(s): 12-O-14411-PEM				
	SIGNA	ATURE OF THE PA	RTIES			
By their signatures below, the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the recitations and each of the terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Facts, Conclusions of Law, and Disposition.						
3-21-2016	A RI	<u> </u>	Larry Alvin Donaldson			
Date	Kespondent's Signa	ature	Print Name			
Date	Respondent's Coun	sel Signature	Print Name			
March 22, 2014		B. Mc/del	Sherrie B. McLetchie			
Date	-Deputy Trial Counse	el's Signature	Print Name			
	Sr.					

ACTUAL SUSPENSION ORDER

Finding the stipulation to be fair to the parties and that it adequately protects the public, IT IS ORDERED that the requested dismissal of counts/charges, if any, is GRANTED without prejudice, and:

The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED and the DISCIPLINE RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court. The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the DISCIPLINE IS RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.

All Hearing dates are vacated.

The parties are bound by the stipulation as approved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed within 15 days after service of this order, is granted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved stipulation. (See rule 5.58(E) & (F), Rules of Procedure.) The effective date of this disposition is the effective date of the Supreme Court order herein, normally 30 days after file date. (See rule 9.18(a), California Rules of Court.)

Judge of the State Bar Court

LUCY ARMENDARIZ

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of San Francisco, on March 29, 2016, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at San Francisco, California, addressed as follows:

LARRY ALVIN DONALDSON LARRY A DONALDSON ATTORNEY AT LAW 6091 N POPLAR AVE APT G FRESNO, CA 93704

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

SHERRIE B. McLETCHIE, Enforcement, San Francisco

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in San Francisco, California, on March 29, 2016.

Mazie Yip

Case Administrator

State Bar Court