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| State Bar Court of California Hearing Department Los Angeles ACTUAL SUSPENSION | | |
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| <p>Counsel For The State Bar</p> <p>Mia R. Ellis Senior Trial Counsel 1149 South Hill St. Los Angeles, CA 90015 213-765-1380</p> <p>Bar # 228235</p> | <p>Case Number(s): 12-O-14765</p> | <p>For Court use only</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 1.2em;">FILED</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 1.2em;">AUG -1 2013 <i>Yre</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE LOS ANGELES</p> |
| <p>In Pro Per Respondent</p> <p>Alexis Galindo Curd, Galindo & Smith, L.L.P. 301 East Ocean Blvd., Suite 1700 Long Beach, CA 90802 562-624-1177</p> <p>Bar # 136643</p> | <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 1.5em;">PUBLIC MATTER</p> <p>Submitted to: Settlement Judge</p> <p>STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING</p> | |
| <p>In the Matter of: ALEXIS GALINDO</p> <p>Bar # 136643</p> <p>A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)</p> | <p>ACTUAL SUSPENSION</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED</p> | |

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted December 7, 1988.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of 13 pages, not including the order.

(Effective January 1, 2011)



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- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."
- (5) Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of Law".
- (6) The parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading "Supporting Authority."
- (7) No more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any pending investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.
- (8) Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & 6140.7. (Check one option only):
 - Until costs are paid in full, Respondent will remain actually suspended from the practice of law unless relief is obtained per rule 5.130, Rules of Procedure.
 - Costs are to be paid in equal amounts prior to February 1 for the following membership years: (Hardship, special circumstances or other good cause per rule 5.132, Rules of Procedure.) If Respondent fails to pay any installment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar Court, the remaining balance is due and payable immediately.
 - Costs are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs".
 - Costs are entirely waived.

B. Aggravating Circumstances [for definition, see Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct, standard 1.2(b)]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are required.

- (1) **Prior record of discipline** [see standard 1.2(f)]
 - (a) State Bar Court case # of prior case
 - (b) Date prior discipline effective
 - (c) Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:
 - (d) Degree of prior discipline
 - (e) If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below.
- (2) **Dishonesty:** Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by or followed by bad faith, dishonesty, concealment, overreaching or other violations of the State Bar Act or Rules of Professional Conduct.
- (3) **Trust Violation:** Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property.
- (4) **Harm:** Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public or the administration of justice. Please see stipulation page 10.

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- (5) **Indifference:** Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.
- (6) **Lack of Cooperation:** Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation or proceedings.
- (7) **Multiple/Pattern of Misconduct:** Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing or demonstrates a pattern of misconduct. Please see stipulation page 10.
- (8) **No aggravating circumstances** are involved.

Additional aggravating circumstances:

C. Mitigating Circumstances [see standard 1.2(e)]. Facts supporting mitigating circumstances are required.

- (1) **No Prior Discipline:** Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not deemed serious.
- (2) **No Harm:** Respondent did not harm the client or person who was the object of the misconduct.
- (3) **Candor/Cooperation:** Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct and to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation and proceedings.
- (4) **Remorse:** Respondent promptly took objective steps spontaneously demonstrating remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.
- (5) **Restitution:** Respondent paid \$ _____ on _____ in restitution to _____ without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.
- (6) **Delay:** These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.
- (7) **Good Faith:** Respondent acted in good faith.
- (8) **Emotional/Physical Difficulties:** At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and Respondent no longer suffers from such difficulties or disabilities.
- (9) **Severe Financial Stress:** At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.
- (10) **Family Problems:** At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature. Please see stipulation page 10.
- (11) **Good Character:** Respondent's good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct. Please see stipulation page 10.

- (12) **Rehabilitation:** Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by convincing proof of subsequent rehabilitation.
- (13) **No mitigating circumstances** are involved.

Additional mitigating circumstances:

Please see stipulation page 11.

D. Discipline:

(1) **Stayed Suspension:**

- (a) Respondent must be suspended from the practice of law for a period of one (1) year.
 - i. and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and present fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the law pursuant to standard 1.4(c)(ii) Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.
 - ii. and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.
 - iii. and until Respondent does the following:
- (b) The above-referenced suspension is stayed.

(2) **Probation:**

Respondent must be placed on probation for a period of two (2) years, which will commence upon the effective date of the Supreme Court order in this matter. (See rule 9.18, California Rules of Court)

(3) **Actual Suspension:**

- (a) Respondent must be actually suspended from the practice of law in the State of California for a period of 30 days.
 - i. and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and present fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the law pursuant to standard 1.4(c)(ii), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct
 - ii. and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.
 - iii. and until Respondent does the following:

E. Additional Conditions of Probation:

- (1) If Respondent is actually suspended for two years or more, he/she must remain actually suspended until he/she proves to the State Bar Court his/her rehabilitation, fitness to practice, and learning and ability in the general law, pursuant to standard 1.4(c)(ii), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.
- (2) During the probation period, Respondent must comply with the provisions of the State Bar Act and Rules of Professional Conduct.

- (3) Within ten (10) days of any change, Respondent must report to the Membership Records Office of the State Bar and to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of information, including current office address and telephone number, or other address for State Bar purposes, as prescribed by section 6002.1 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (4) Within thirty (30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Probation and schedule a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and conditions of probation. Upon the direction of the Office of Probation, Respondent must meet with the probation deputy either in-person or by telephone. During the period of probation, Respondent must promptly meet with the probation deputy as directed and upon request.
- (5) Respondent must submit written quarterly reports to the Office of Probation on each January 10, April 10, July 10, and October 10 of the period of probation. Under penalty of perjury, Respondent must state whether Respondent has complied with the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all conditions of probation during the preceding calendar quarter. Respondent must also state whether there are any proceedings pending against him or her in the State Bar Court and if so, the case number and current status of that proceeding. If the first report would cover less than 30 days, that report must be submitted on the next quarter date, and cover the extended period.

In addition to all quarterly reports, a final report, containing the same information, is due no earlier than twenty (20) days before the last day of the period of probation and no later than the last day of probation.

- (6) Respondent must be assigned a probation monitor. Respondent must promptly review the terms and conditions of probation with the probation monitor to establish a manner and schedule of compliance. During the period of probation, Respondent must furnish to the monitor such reports as may be requested, in addition to the quarterly reports required to be submitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must cooperate fully with the probation monitor.
- (7) Subject to assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully any inquiries of the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which are directed to Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has complied with the probation conditions.
- (8) Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.
 - No Ethics School recommended. Reason: .
- (9) Respondent must comply with all conditions of probation imposed in the underlying criminal matter and must so declare under penalty of perjury in conjunction with any quarterly report to be filed with the Office of Probation.
- (10) The following conditions are attached hereto and incorporated:
 - Substance Abuse Conditions
 - Law Office Management Conditions
 - Medical Conditions
 - Financial Conditions

F. Other Conditions Negotiated by the Parties:

- (1) **Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination:** Respondent must provide proof of passage of the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination ("MPRE"), administered by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, to the Office of Probation during the period of actual suspension or within one year, whichever period is longer. **Failure to pass the MPRE results in actual suspension without**

further hearing until passage. But see rule 9.10(b), California Rules of Court, and rule 5.162(A) & (E), Rules of Procedure.

No MPRE recommended. Reason:

- (2) **Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court:** Respondent must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 30 and 40 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.
- (3) **Conditional Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court:** If Respondent remains actually suspended for 90 days or more, he/she must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 120 and 130 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.
- (4) **Credit for Interim Suspension [conviction referral cases only]:** Respondent will be credited for the period of his/her interim suspension toward the stipulated period of actual suspension. Date of commencement of interim suspension:
- (5) **Other Conditions:**

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| In the Matter of: ALEXIS GALINDO | Case Number(s): 12-O-14765 |
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Law Office Management Conditions

- a. Within 30 days/ months/ years of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must develop a law office management/organization plan, which must be approved by the Office of Probation. This plan must include procedures to (1) send periodic reports to clients; (2) document telephone messages received and sent; (3) maintain files; (4) meet deadlines; (5) withdraw as attorney, whether of record or not, when clients cannot be contacted or located; (6) train and supervise support personnel; and (7) address any subject area or deficiency that caused or contributed to Respondent's misconduct in the current proceeding.
- b. Within days/ months/ years of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must submit to the Office of Probation satisfactory evidence of completion of no less than hours of Minimum Continuing Legal Education (MCLE) approved courses in law office management, attorney client relations and/or general legal ethics. This requirement is separate from any MCLE requirement, and Respondent will not receive MCLE credit for attending these courses (Rule 3201, Rules of Procedure of the State Bar.)
- c. Within 30 days of the effective date of the discipline, Respondent must join the Law Practice Management and Technology Section of the State Bar of California and pay the dues and costs of enrollment for year(s). Respondent must furnish satisfactory evidence of membership in the section to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California in the first report required.

Other:

As a further condition of probation, once the law office management/organization plan required by section a. above has been approved by the Office of Probation, Respondent must comply with the approved law office management/organization plan and must so declare under penalty of perjury in each quarterly report required to be submitted to the Office of Probation during the period of probation.

message with the receptionist requesting that Respondent call them regarding the letter and their case. Respondent received the letter and message but did not respond.

10. The Barkeys contacted Respondent's office every three months between 2009 and 2010 regarding the status of their case. They left messages requesting Respondent to contact them regarding the status of their case. Respondent received the messages but did not respond.
11. On February 21, 2011, Safeco issued a check for \$4,010 to Mr. Barkey and Respondent for med-pay. Respondent received the check. On or about February 26, 2011, Safeco issued a check for \$2,460 to Respondent and Mrs. Barkey for med-pay. Respondent received the check. Respondent failed to notify the Barkeys that he received med-pay checks on their behalf.
12. On February 28, 2011, Respondent deposited the Barkeys' med-pay checks into his client trust account at First Bank, account number xxxxxx6300. However, Respondent failed to pay or otherwise resolve the Barkeys' medical bills with Hess.
13. From February 2011 to April 2012, Hess called Respondent and left messages regarding settlement of the medical lien. Respondent received the messages but did not respond. Hess sent the bill to collections.
14. On August 11, 2011, the statute of limitations to file a lawsuit on behalf of the Barkeys expired. Respondent did not file a personal injury lawsuit on behalf of the Barkeys prior to the expiration of the statute of limitations, nor did he advise the Barkeys about the statute of limitations to file their lawsuit. Respondent failed to notify the Barkeys that he had failed to file a lawsuit prior to the expiration of the statute of limitations.
15. In June 2012, the Barkeys received collection notices from AMS Collections, who was representing Hess regarding its unpaid medical bills.
16. On June 27, 2012, Respondent paid Hess \$5,400 to settle the Hess lien. Respondent gave the balance of the med-pay funds to the Barkeys' new attorney.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

17. By failing to inform the Barkeys of the statute of limitations and failing to file a lawsuit on their behalf to preserve the statute, Respondent intentionally, recklessly, or repeatedly failed to perform legal services with competence in willful violation of Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-110(A).
18. By failing to notify the Barkeys of receipt of the med-pay checks from Safeco, Respondent failed to notify a client promptly of the receipt of the client's funds in willful violation of the Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 4-100(B)(1).
19. By failing to timely pay the Hess medical liens on behalf of the Barkeys, Respondent, failed to pay promptly, as requested by a client, any funds in Respondent's possession which the client is entitled to receive in willful violation of the Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 4-100(B)(4).

20. By failing to respond to the Barkeys' messages requesting information regarding the status of their case, Respondent failed to respond promptly to reasonable status inquiries of a client in a matter in which Respondent had agreed to provide legal services in willful violation of Business and Professions Code section 6068(m).

ADDITIONAL FACTS RE AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Harm: The current misconduct caused significant harm to the Barkeys because Respondent did not advise them of the statute of limitations to file a personal injury lawsuit against the other driver and they lost their right to pursue the claim. (Standard 1.2(b)(iv).)

Multiple Acts of Misconduct: Respondent's misconduct involved four acts of misconduct in one client matter. (Standard 1.2(b)(ii).)

ADDITIONAL FACTS RE MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

No Prior Discipline: Respondent was admitted to the State Bar on December 7, 1988 and has no prior record of discipline. While Respondent's misconduct here is serious, Respondent's lack of a prior record of discipline in over twenty years of practice before the misconduct began is entitled to significant weight in mitigation. (*In the Matter of Bleeker* (Review Dept. 1990) 1 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 113, 127.

Family Problems: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent was providing care for his mother who suffered a stroke on November 18, 2009, while visiting Respondent from Florida. She was hospitalized and Respondent traveled to the hospital daily for visits and to help her with physical therapy. She was discharged to Respondent's care in February 2010. Respondent spent the first three months assisting her in her rehabilitation. By summer 2010, Respondent's mother was walking on her own. On July 18, 2010, Respondent's mother fell and fractured her right hip. She had surgery and began physical therapy. Respondent was again traveling to the hospital daily for visits and to help with physical therapy at a rehabilitation facility. Respondent's mother was discharged on September 18, 2010 to Respondent's home. Respondent helped her three times a week with physical therapy. By early 2011, she began physical therapy on her own. In July 2011, Respondent's mother fell again and fractured her left hip. She had surgery to her left hip and Respondent was again traveling to the hospital daily for visits and to help with physical therapy at a rehabilitation facility. She was subsequently discharged to Respondent on August 14, 2011. On November 28, 2011, Respondent's kitchen caught fire. He and his family, including his mother, were displaced to a hotel until June 15, 2012. From November 28, 2011, to June 15, 2012, Respondent spent many hours away from his law office overseeing repair of his home. His mother returned home to Florida on July 7, 2012. Since Respondent was away from his law office he failed to competently oversee and communicate with the Barkeys regarding their case. (*In re Arnoff* (1978) 22 Cal.3d 740, 747 [domestic and health difficulties may be considered in mitigation of discipline for misconduct]; *In the Matter of Kaplan* (Review Dept. 1996) 3 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 547 [limited mitigation for marital and family problems in absence of expert testimony establishing nexus to misconduct].)

Good Character: Respondent has provided seven character letters from people attesting to his integrity, honesty and professionalism. Five of the character references are from attorneys. (*Feinstein v. State Bar* (1952) 39 Cal.2d 541, 547 [favorable character testimony from attorneys

is entitled to considerable weight].) All of the character references noted that they were aware of the Barkey's complaint and the full extent of the misconduct and it did not change their opinion as to Respondent's character. Further, Respondent provided a letter from a client for which Respondent provided pro bono services as well as thank you letters from clients and colleagues. (Standard 1.2(e)(vi).)

Additional Mitigating Circumstances:

Prefiling Stipulation: Respondent is entitled to mitigation for entering into a full stipulation with the Office of Chief Trial Counsel early in the proceedings, thereby recognizing his wrongdoing and saving State Bar Court time and resources. (*Silva-Vidor v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigation credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability].)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct provide a "process of fixing discipline" pursuant to a set of written principles to "better discharge the purposes of attorney discipline as announced by the Supreme Court." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, Introduction (all further references to standards are to this source).) The primary purposes of disciplinary proceedings and of the sanctions imposed are "the protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; the maintenance of high professional standards by attorneys and the preservation of public confidence in the legal profession." (*In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205; std. 1.3.)

Although not binding, the standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (*In re Silvertown* (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting *In re Brown* (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and *In re Young* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (*In re Naney* (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) Any discipline recommendation different from that set forth in the applicable standards should clearly explain the reasons for the deviation. (*Blair v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

Respondent admits to committing five acts of professional misconduct. Standard 1.6 (a) requires that where a respondent acknowledges two or more acts of misconduct, and different sanctions are prescribed by the standards that apply to those acts, the sanction imposed shall be the more or most severe prescribed in the applicable standards.

The most severe sanction applicable to Respondent's misconduct is found in standard 2.2(b), which applies to Respondent's violations of rules 4-100(B)(1) and 4-100(B)(4).

Standard 2.2 (b) provides that culpability of a member of commingling of entrusted funds or property with personal property or the commission of another violation of rule 4-100, Rules of Professional Conduct, none of which offenses result in the wilful misappropriation of entrusted funds or property shall result in at least a three-month actual suspension from the practice of law, irrespective of mitigating circumstances.

Although standard 2.2(b) applies to Respondent's failure to notify his clients of receipt of the med-pay checks and failure to pay the Hess lien promptly, deviation from the standards may be appropriate where there exists well founded doubts as to the propriety of applying them in a particular case (*Silverton, supra*, 36 Cal. 4th at 92, also see *Sternlieb v. State Bar* (1990) 52 Cal..3d 317 [30 days actual suspension for trust account violations].) Here, Respondent's misconduct does not involve dishonest conduct related to a trust account violation rather, the gravamen of Respondent's misconduct is his failure, for over a period of about one year, to communicate with the Barkeys and respond to their inquiries, and to perform related to the personal injury claim.

Standard 2.4 (b) provides that culpability of a member of willfully failing to perform services in an individual matter or culpability of a member of willfully failing to communicate with a client shall result in reproof or suspension depending upon the extent of the misconduct and the degree of harm to the client. Respondent's failure to communicate and perform caused the Barkeys significant harm as the statute of limitations has lapsed. Further, the current misconduct evidences multiple acts of misconduct. However, in mitigation, Respondent has no prior record of discipline in over twenty years of practice and there is no evidence of misappropriation in the facts presented. Further, Respondent has provided evidence that at the time of his misconduct he was having family problems due to his mother's health that kept him away from the office. Respondent has also provided character references, and has recognized his wrongdoing by entering into a prefiling stipulation. This is all significant mitigation. An actual suspension of 30 days will protect the public, courts and the legal profession; maintain high professional standards by attorneys, and preserve public confidence in the legal profession. (Standard 1.3.)

Bach v. State Bar (1991) 52 Cal. 3d 1201, also supports the stipulated discipline. In August 1984, the client retained Bach to obtain a dissolution of her marriage, paying him \$ 3,000 in advance; Bach thereafter failed to communicate with the client for months at a time despite repeated telephone calls and office visits; never obtained the dissolution; and purported to withdraw from the dissolution proceeding in March of 1987 without the consent of either Bach or the superior court and without returning the unearned portion of the fees advanced. Bach received thirty days actual suspension.

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of the Chief Trial Counsel has informed Respondent that as of July 10, 2013, the prosecution costs in this matter are \$2,925. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

EXCLUSION FROM MCLE CREDIT

Pursuant to rule 3201, Respondent may not receive MCLE credit for completion of State Bar Ethics School and/or any other educational course(s) to be ordered as a condition of reproof or suspension]. (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 3201.)

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In the Matter of:
ALEXIS GALINDO

Case Number(s):
12-O-14765

ACTUAL SUSPENSION ORDER

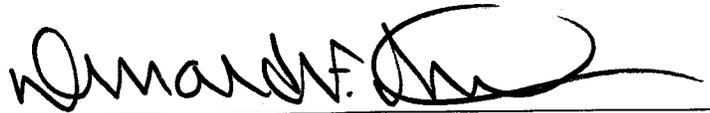
Finding the stipulation to be fair to the parties and that it adequately protects the public, IT IS ORDERED that the requested dismissal of counts/charges, if any, is GRANTED without prejudice, and:

- The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED and the DISCIPLINE RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.
- The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the DISCIPLINE IS RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.
- All Hearing dates are vacated.

The parties are bound by the stipulation as approved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed within 15 days after service of this order, is granted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved stipulation. (See rule 5.58(E) & (F), Rules of Procedure.) **The effective date of this disposition is the effective date of the Supreme Court order herein, normally 30 days after file date. (See rule 9.18(a), California Rules of Court.)**

8/1/13

Date



Judge of the State Bar Court

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of Los Angeles, on August 1, 2013, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING ACTUAL SUSPENSION

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

- by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at Los Angeles, California, addressed as follows:

**ALEXIS GALINDO
CURD GALINDO & SMITH LLP
301 E OCEAN BLVD STE 1700
LONG BEACH, CA 90802**

- by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

MIA ELLIS, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in Los Angeles, California, on August 1, 2013.



Tammy Cleaver
Case Administrator
State Bar Court