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State Bar Court of California Hearing Department PUBLIC MATTER **ACTUAL SUSPENSION** Counsel For The State Bar For Court use only Case Number(s): 12-0-16665 Lee Ann Kern Deputy Trial Counsel HILED 1149 South Hill Street Los Angeles, California 90015 AUG 05 2013 X (213) 765-1272 STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE Bar # 156623 LOS ANGELES In Pro Per Respondent Edward William Haase 4475 Mission Boulevard, Suite 208 San Diego, California 92109 (619) 507-2546 Submitted to: Settlement Judge STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING Bar # 189819 In the Matter of: **ACTUAL SUSPENSION** EDWARD WILLIAM HAASE PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED Bar # 189819 A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted September 16, 1997. (1)
- The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or (2) disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by (3) this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of 11 pages, not including the order.

(Effective January 1, 2011)

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(4)		A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."				
(5)		Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of Law".				
(6)		The parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading Supporting Authority."				
(7)		No more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any bending investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.				
(8)	Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & 6140.7. (Check one option only):					
		reli Co (Ha Re Co Co	til costs are paid in full, Respondent will remain actually suspended from the practice of law unless ef is obtained per rule 5.130, Rules of Procedure. sts are to be paid in equal amounts prior to February 1 for the following membership years: ardship, special circumstances or other good cause per rule 5.132, Rules of Procedure.) If spondent fails to pay any installment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar urt, the remaining balance is due and payable immediately. sts are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs". sts are entirely waived.			
P	rofe		ing Circumstances [for definition, see Standards for Attorney Sanctions for onal Misconduct, standard 1.2(b)]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances red.			
(1)	Prior record of discipline [see standard 1.2(f)]					
	(a)	\boxtimes	State Bar Court case # of prior case 06-J-15152 and 06-O-13219 (Consolidated)			
	(b)	\boxtimes	Date prior discipline effective July 19, 2008			
	(c)	\boxtimes	Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations: 06-J-15152: 6068(b) and 6103. In 06-o-13219: 3-110(A), 3-700(A)(2), 4-100(B)(3), and 3-700(D)(2).			
	(d)	\boxtimes	Degree of prior discipline Two years' stayed suspension and two years' probation.			
	(e)		If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below.			
(2)		Dish	nonesty: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by or followed by bad faith, dishonesty, sealment, overreaching or other violations of the State Bar Act or Rules of Professional Conduct.			
(3)		Trus	st Violation: Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account e client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or			

(4)

property.

Harm: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public or the administration of justice.

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(5)		Indifference: Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.
(6)		Lack of Cooperation: Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation or proceedings.
(7)		Multiple/Pattern of Misconduct: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing or demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.
(8)		No aggravating circumstances are involved.
Addi	tiona	al aggravating circumstances:
	Se	ee Attachment to Stipulation at page 8.
		ating Circumstances [see standard 1.2(e)]. Facts supporting mitigating mstances are required.
(1)		No Prior Discipline: Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not deemed serious.
(2)	\boxtimes	No Harm: Respondent did not harm the client or person who was the object of the misconduct. See Attachment to Stipulation at page 8.
(3)		Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct and to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation and proceedings.
(4)		Remorse: Respondent promptly took objective steps spontaneously demonstrating remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.
(5)		Restitution: Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.
(6)		Delay: These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.
(7)		Good Faith: Respondent acted in good faith.
(8)		Emotional/Physical Difficulties: At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and Respondent no longer suffers from such difficulties or disabilities.
(9)		Severe Financial Stress: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.
(10)		Family Problems: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.
(11)		Good Character: Respondent's good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.

(Do no	ot write	e abov	e this li	ne.)
(12)				ation: Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred by convincing proof of subsequent rehabilitation.
(13)		No	mitiga	ating circumstances are involved.
Addi	itiona	al mit	tigatir	ng circumstances:
	Se	ee A	ttach	ment to Stipulation at page 8.
D. E)isci	iplin	e:	
(1)	⊠ Stayed Suspension:			uspension:
	(a)	\boxtimes	Res	pondent must be suspended from the practice of law for a period of two years.
		i.		and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and present fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the law pursuant to standard 1.4(c)(ii) Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.
		ii.		and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.
		iii.		and until Respondent does the following:
	(b)		The	above-referenced suspension is stayed.
(2)	\boxtimes			
	Respondent must be placed on probation for a period of two years, which will commence upon the effective date of the Supreme Court order in this matter. (See rule 9.18, California Rules of Court)			
(3)				
	(a)	\boxtimes		pondent must be actually suspended from the practice of law in the State of California for a period 0 days.
	-	i.		and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and present fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the law pursuant to standard 1.4(c)(ii), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct
		ii.		and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.
		iii.		and until Respondent does the following:
E. <i>F</i>	Addi	tion	al Co	onditions of Probation:
(1)		If Respondent is actually suspended for two years or more, he/she must remain actually suspended until he/she proves to the State Bar Court his/her rehabilitation, fitness to practice, and learning and ability in the general law, pursuant to standard 1.4(c)(ii), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.		
(2)		The second Pulses of the Chate Par Act and Pulses		

(Do no	ot write	e above t	nis line.)			
(3)	\boxtimes	State I	Bar and to the Office of Probation	of the State B ress and telep	report to the Membership Records Office of the ar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of hone number, or other address for State Bar ness and Professions Code.	
(4)		Within thirty (30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Probation and schedule a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and conditions of probation. Upon the direction of the Office of Probation, Respondent must meet with the probation deputy either in-person or by telephone. During the period of probation, Respondent must				
(5)		promptly meet with the probation deputy as directed and upon request. Respondent must submit written quarterly reports to the Office of Probation on each January 10, April 10, July 10, and October 10 of the period of probation. Under penalty of perjury, Respondent must state whether Respondent has complied with the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all conditions of probation during the preceding calendar quarter. Respondent must also state whether there are any proceedings pending against him or her in the State Bar Court and if so, the case number and current status of that proceeding. If the first report would cover less than 30 days, that report must be submitted on the next quarter date, and cover the extended period.				
		in add twenty	ition to all quarterly reports, a fina (20) days before the last day of t	I report, conta he period of p	ining the same information, is due no earlier than robation and no later than the last day of probation.	
(6)		conditi During in add	ons of probation with the probation the period of probation, Respond	on monitor to e dent must furn red to be subn	espondent must promptly review the terms and stablish a manner and schedule of compliance. ish to the monitor such reports as may be requested, nitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must	
(7)		Subject to assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully any inquiries of the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which are directed to Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has complied with the probation conditions.				
(8)	\boxtimes	Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.				
			No Ethics School recommended.	Reason:	•	
(9)		Respondent must comply with all conditions of probation imposed in the underlying criminal matter and must so declare under penalty of perjury in conjunction with any quarterly report to be filed with the Office of Probation.				
(10)		The fo	llowing conditions are attached he	ereto and inco	rporated:	
			Substance Abuse Conditions		Law Office Management Conditions	
			Medical Conditions		Financial Conditions	
F. C	the	r Con	ditions Negotiated by the F	Parties:		
(1)	\boxtimes	the N Conf	fultistate Professional Responsibi erence of Bar Examiners, to the C	ility Examination Office of Proba	on: Respondent must provide proof of passage of on ("MPRE"), administered by the National tion during the period of actual suspension or within ss the MPRE results in actual suspension without	

ATTACHMENT TO

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF:

EDWARD WILLIAM HAASE

CASE NUMBER:

12-0-16665

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that he is culpable of violations of the specified statutes and/or Rules of Professional Conduct.

Case No. 12-O-16665 (Complainant: Noe Majia)

FACTS:

- 1. On or about August 10, 2011, Respondent was hired by Olivia Mejia ("Olivia") to represent Olivia's brother, Noe Calderon Mejia ("Mejia"), who was in immigration custody following a 2009 criminal conviction. Respondent was hired to defend Mejia in removal proceedings with the Executive Office of Immigration Review and to file a Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus ("Petition") in an effort to collaterally attack the criminal conviction that had placed Mejia in removal proceedings. Olivia paid Respondent \$10,000 as a flat fee for the legal services Respondent was to provide.
- 2. At the time Respondent accepted compensation from Olivia for representation of Mejia, Respondent failed to obtain Mejia's informed written consent after disclosing to Mejia the relevant circumstances and reasonably foreseeable adverse consequences of such a payment arrangement.
- 3. During the preparation of the Petition, Respondent met with Mejia and spoke with him several times over the telephone in order to obtain the facts surrounding his conviction. Respondent prepared the Petition using the facts supplied by Mejia. Respondent did not provide the Petition and Verification to Mejia for his final review. Instead, Respondent signed Mejia's name to the Verification under penalty of perjury in a way that closely resembled Mejia's signature. Respondent did not indicate in the Petition that Respondent had signed the Verification on Mejia's behalf. Respondent did not seek or obtain Mejia's authority to sign his name to the Verification because Respondent had reviewed the facts with Mejia and believed Mejia would have signed the Verification had the Petition and Verification been provided to him.
- 4. Respondent signed Mejia's name to the Verification in order to convince the court that the Verification was actually subscribed by Mejia. On or about October 4, 2011, Respondent filed the Petition with the superior court. At the time Respondent filed the Petition, Respondent knew that he had not indicated in the document that he had signed the Verification on Mejia's behalf. On or about November 16, 2011, the court denied the Petition for lack of proof substantiating Mejia's claims.
- 5. On or about February 10, 2012, without further charge to Mejia, Respondent filed a Petition with the Fourth District Court of Appeal that contained almost identical factual allegations as the original Petition. Prior to filing the Petition with the Court of Appeal, Mejia reviewed the Petition and

signed his name to the Verification without making substantive changes to the Petition or the Verification. On or about March 5, 2012, the Petition was denied.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

- 6. By signing Mejia's name to the Verification with a signature simulating Mejia's actual signature for the purpose of convincing the superior court that Mejia had actually subscribed his Verification, Respondent sought to mislead the judge or judicial officer by an artifice or false statement of fact or law, in willful violation of Business and Professions Code section 6068(d).
- 7. By accepting compensation from Olivia for representation of Mejia, Respondent accepted compensation for representing a client from one other than the client without complying with the requirement that Respondent obtain the client's informed written consent, in willful violation of rule 3-310(F)(3), Rules of Professional Conduct.

ADDITIONAL FACTS RE AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Prior Record of Discipline (Std. 1.2(b)(i)): In case nos. 06-J-15152 and 06-O-13219, Respondent stipulated to two years' stayed suspension and two years' probation, effective July 19, 2008.

In case no. 06-J-15152, Respondent stipulated to disrespecting the immigration court and failing to obey orders of that court following disciplinary proceedings initiated by the U.S. Department of Justice Executive Office for Immigration Review in which Respondent was publicly censured for failing to appear at four hearings without good cause.

In case no. 06-O-13219, Respondent stipulated to failing to perform legal services with competence, improperly withdrawing as counsel, failing to take steps to avoid reasonably foreseeable prejudice to his client, failing to render accounts, and failing to refund unearned fees when he failed to file an appeal brief in an immigration matter and, as a result, the client was ordered deported.

ADDITIONAL FACTS RE MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

No Harm (Std. 1.2(e)(iii)): No harm occurred to Mejia as a result of Respondent's misconduct. (Arm v. State Bar (1990) 50 Cal.3d 763, 779 [lack of significant harm is a mitigating circumstance].)

Prefiling Stipulation: Respondent stipulated to facts, conclusions of law, and disposition in order to resolve his disciplinary proceedings as efficiently as possible. (*Silva-Vidor v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigative credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability].)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct provide a "process of fixing discipline" pursuant to a set of written principles to "better discharge the purposes of attorney discipline as announced by the Supreme Court." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, Introduction (all further references to standards are to this source).) The primary purposes of disciplinary proceedings and of the sanctions imposed are "the protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; the maintenance of high professional standards by attorneys and the

preservation of public confidence in the legal profession." (In re Morse (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205; std. 1.3.)

Although not binding, the standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (In re Silverton (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting In re Brown (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and In re Young (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (In re Naney (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) Any discipline recommendation different from that set forth in the applicable standards should clearly explain the reasons for the deviation. (Blair v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

Respondent admits to committing two acts of professional misconduct. Standard 1.6 (a) requires that where a Respondent acknowledges two or more acts of misconduct, and different sanctions are prescribed by the standards that apply to those acts, the sanction imposed shall be the more or most severe prescribed in the applicable standards.

The most severe sanction applicable to Respondent's misconduct is found in standard 2.6, which applies to Respondent's violation of Business and Professions Code section 6068(d). Standard 2.6 provides that culpability of a member of a violation of 6068(d) shall result in disbarment or suspension depending on the gravity of the offense or the harm, if any, to the victim, with due regard to the purposes of imposing discipline set forth in standard 1.3. Also, Standard 1.7(a) provides that when a member has prior record of discipline, the degree of discipline imposed in the current proceeding shall be greater than that imposed in the prior proceeding.

The gravity of Respondent's misconduct warrants actual suspension, but the lack of harm to his client indicates that actual suspension in the lower range is appropriate. In addition, although Respondent's misconduct is aggravated by his prior record of discipline, it is slightly mitigated by his willingness to enter into this stipulation. Application of the standards to the facts of this case demonstrates that discipline of 60-days actual suspension is the appropriate sanction for Respondent's misconduct.

The recommended disposition is consistent with the range of discipline shown by case law. (Bach v. State Bar (1987) 43 Cal.3d 848 [60-days actual suspension, one year stayed suspension, and three years' probation imposed when an attorney intentionally sought to mislead a judge regarding his being advised by the court to produce his client at a mediation hearing in a family law matter]; Drociak vs. State Bar (1991) 52 Cal.3d 1085 [30-days actual suspension and one year stayed suspension imposed when an attorney answered interrogatories and attached a pre-signed verification without first consulting with the client to ensure that the assertions of fact were true].)

The recommended discipline of one year stayed suspension two years' probation is adequate to protect the public, the courts, and the legal profession.

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of the Chief Trial Counsel has informed respondent that as of June 14, 2013, the prosecution costs in this matter are \$2,925. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

EXCLUSION FROM MCLE CREDIT

Pursuant to rule 3201, Respondent may <u>not</u> receive MCLE credit for completion of State Bar Ethics School. (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 3201.)

(Do not write above this line.)				
In the Matter of:		Case number(s):		
Edward William Haas	e 12-O-16665			
	SIGNATURE OF THE	PARTIES		
By their signatures below recitations and each of the	, the parties and their counsel, as applica e terms and conditions of this Stipulation	ble, signify their agreement with each of the Re Facts, Conclusions of Law, and Disposition.		
7/1/2013	Man	Edward William Haase		
Date //	Respondent's Signature	Print Name		
Date	Respondent's Counsel Signature	Print Name		
7/8/13	8	Lee Ann Kern		
Date '	Deputy Trial Counsel's Signature	Print Name		

Judge of the State Bar Court

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of Los Angeles, on August 5, 2013, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at Los Angeles, California, addressed as follows:

EDWARD W. HAASE LAW OFFICE OF EDWARD HAASE 4475 MISSION BLVD STE 208 SAN DIEGO, CA 92109

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

Lee A. Kern, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in Los Angeles, California, on August 5, 2013.

Julieta E. Gonzales

State Bar Court