| State Bar Court of California<br>Hearing Department<br>Los Angeles<br>ACTUAL SUSPENSION       |   |                                   |  |  |  |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Counsel For The State Bar   | Case Number(s):<br>13-C-14333 YDR   | For Court use only                |  |  |  |
| Hugh G. Radigan   |   |                                   |  |  |  |
| Deputy Trial Counsel  |   | FILED                             |  |  |  |
| 845 S. Figueroa Street  |   |                                   |  |  |  |
| Los Angeles, CA 90017<br>(213) 765-1206   |   | OCT 21 2016                       |  |  |  |
| Bar # 94251   |   | STATE BAR COURT<br>CLERK'S OFFICE |  |  |  |
| Bar # 94251   |   | LOS ANGELES                       |  |  |  |
| Counsel For Respondent  |   |                                   |  |  |  |
| Susan Lynn Margolis<br>Margolis & Margolis LLP<br>2000 Riverside Dr.<br>Los Angeles, CA 90039 | PUBLIC  | MATTER                            |  |  |  |
| (323) 953-8996  | Submitted to: Settlement Judge  |                                   |  |  |  |
| Bar #   | STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND<br>DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING |                                   |  |  |  |
| In the Matter of:   |   |                                   |  |  |  |
| GERALD JONG GOO KOH   | ACTUAL SUSPENSION   |                                   |  |  |  |
| Bar # <b>234548</b>   | PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED   |                                   |  |  |  |
| A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)  |   |                                   |  |  |  |

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

#### A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted December 9, 2004. (1)
- The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or (2) disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by (3) this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of **12** pages, not including the order. 11

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A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included (4) under "Facts." kwiktag ° 211 098 132

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- (5) Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of Law".
- (6) The parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading "Supporting Authority."
- (7) No more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any pending investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.
- (8) Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & 6140.7. (Check one option only):
  - Until costs are paid in full, Respondent will remain actually suspended from the practice of law unless relief is obtained per rule 5.130, Rules of Procedure.
  - Costs are to be paid in equal amounts prior to February 1 for the following membership years: Costs are to be paid in equal amounts prior to February 1 for the three billing cycles following the effective date of the Supreme Court order. (Hardship, special circumstances or other good cause per rule 5.132, Rules of Procedure.) If Respondent fails to pay any installment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar Court, the remaining balance is due and payable immediately.
    - Costs are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs".

# B. Aggravating Circumstances [Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct, standards 1.2(h) & 1.5]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are required.

- (1) Prior record of discipline
  - (a) State Bar Court case # of prior case
  - (b) Date prior discipline effective
  - (c) Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:
  - (d) Degree of prior discipline
  - (e) If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below.
- (2) Intentional/Bad Faith/Dishonesty: Respondent's misconduct was dishonest, intentional, or surrounded by, or followed by bad faith.
- (3) Misrepresentation: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by, misrepresentation.
- (4) Concealment: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by, concealment.
- (5) Overreaching: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by, overreaching.
- (6) Uncharged Violations: Respondent's conduct involves uncharged violations of the Business and Professions Code, or the Rules of Professional Conduct.

Costs are entirely waived.

| (7)  |             | <b>Trust Violation:</b> Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property. |
|------|-------------|--|
| (8)  |             | Harm: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public, or the administration of justice.   |
| (9)  |             | Indifference: Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the<br>consequences of his or her misconduct.  |
| (10) |             | <b>Candor/Lack of Cooperation:</b> Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct, or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations or proceedings.                              |
| (11) |             | Multiple Acts: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing.  |
| (12) |             | Pattern: Respondent's current misconduct demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.   |
| (13) |             | Restitution: Respondent failed to make restitution.  |
| (14) |             | Vulnerable Victim: The victim(s) of Respondent's misconduct was/were highly vulnerable.  |
| (15) | $\boxtimes$ | No aggravating circumstances are involved. See page 9 of the attachment.   |

Additional aggravating circumstances:

## C. Mitigating Circumstances [see standards 1.2(i) & 1.6]. Facts supporting mitigating circumstances are required.

- (1) **No Prior Discipline:** Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not likely to recur.
- (2) **No Harm:** Respondent did not harm the client, the public, or the administration of justice.
- (3) Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct or `to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations and proceedings.
- (4) Remorse: Respondent promptly took objective steps demonstrating spontaneous remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.
- (5) **Restitution:** Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.
- (6) Delay: These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.
- (7) Good Faith: Respondent acted with a good faith belief that was honestly held and objectively reasonable.
- (8) Emotional/Physical Difficulties: At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical or mental disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the

product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and the difficulties or disabilities no longer pose a risk that Respondent will commit misconduct.

- (9) Severe Financial Stress: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.
- (10) **Family Problems:** At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.
- (11) Solution Good Character: Respondent's extraordinarily good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct. See page 9 of the attachment.
- (12) Rehabilitation: Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by convincing proof of subsequent rehabilitation.
- (13) **No mitigating circumstances** are involved.

Additional mitigating circumstances:

See page 9 of the attachment

#### **D. Discipline:**

- (1) Stayed Suspension:
  - (a) Respondent must be suspended from the practice of law for a period of three years.
    - i. and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the general law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1) Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.
    - ii. and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.
    - iii. and until Respondent does the following:
  - (b) 🖾 The above-referenced suspension is stayed.
- (2)  $\square$  **Probation**:

Respondent must be placed on probation for a period of **three years**, which will commence upon the effective date of the Supreme Court order in this matter. (See rule 9.18, California Rules of Court)

#### (3) Actual Suspension:

- (a) Respondent must be actually suspended from the practice of law in the State of California for a period of **two years**.
  - i. And until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the general law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct

- ii. and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.
- iii. and until Respondent does the following:

#### **E. Additional Conditions of Probation:**

- (1) If Respondent is actually suspended for two years or more, he/she must remain actually suspended until he/she proves to the State Bar Court his/her rehabilitation, fitness to practice, and present learning and ability in the general law, pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.
- (2) During the probation period, Respondent must comply with the provisions of the State Bar Act and Rules of Professional Conduct.
- (3) Within ten (10) days of any change, Respondent must report to the Membership Records Office of the State Bar and to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of information, including current office address and telephone number, or other address for State Bar purposes, as prescribed by section 6002.1 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (4) Within thirty (30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Probation and schedule a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and conditions of probation. Upon the direction of the Office of Probation, Respondent must meet with the probation deputy either in-person or by telephone. During the period of probation, Respondent must promptly meet with the probation deputy as directed and upon request.
- (5) Respondent must submit written quarterly reports to the Office of Probation on each January 10, April 10, July 10, and October 10 of the period of probation. Under penalty of perjury, Respondent must state whether Respondent has complied with the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all conditions of probation during the preceding calendar quarter. Respondent must also state whether there are any proceedings pending against him or her in the State Bar Court and if so, the case number and current status of that proceeding. If the first report would cover less than 30 days, that report must be submitted on the next quarter date, and cover the extended period.

In addition to all quarterly reports, a final report, containing the same information, is due no earlier than twenty (20) days before the last day of the period of probation and no later than the last day of probation.

- (6) Respondent must be assigned a probation monitor. Respondent must promptly review the terms and conditions of probation with the probation monitor to establish a manner and schedule of compliance. During the period of probation, Respondent must furnish to the monitor such reports as may be requested, in addition to the quarterly reports required to be submitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must cooperate fully with the probation monitor.
- (7) Subject to assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully any inquiries of the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which are directed to Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has complied with the probation conditions.
- (8) Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.
  - No Ethics School recommended. Reason:

(Do not write above this line.) Respondent must comply with all conditions of probation imposed in the underlying criminal matter and (9) must so declare under penalty of perjury in conjunction with any quarterly report to be filed with the Office of Probation. (10) The following conditions are attached hereto and incorporated:  $\square$ Law Office Management Conditions  $\square$ Substance Abuse Conditions **Medical Conditions Financial Conditions** Π F. Other Conditions Negotiated by the Parties: Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination: Respondent must provide proof of passage of  $\boxtimes$ (1)the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination ("MPRE"), administered by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, to the Office of Probation during the period of actual suspension or within one year, whichever period is longer. Failure to pass the MPRE results in actual suspension without further hearing until passage. But see rule 9.10(b), California Rules of Court, and rule 5.162(A) & (E), Rules of Procedure. No MPRE recommended. Reason: Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court: Respondent must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, (2) $\square$ California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 30 and 40 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter. Conditional Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court: If Respondent remains actually suspended for 90 (3)days or more, he/she must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 120 and 130 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter. Credit for Interim Suspension [conviction referral cases only]: Respondent will be credited for the (4) $\boxtimes$ period of his/her interim suspension toward the stipulated period of actual suspension. Date of commencement of interim suspension: August 13, 2014.

(5) **Other Conditions**:

#### **ATTACHMENT TO**

#### STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF:

GERALD JONG GOO KOH

CASE NUMBER: 13-C-14333

#### FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that the facts and circumstances surrounding the offense for which he was convicted involved moral turpitude.

#### Case No. 13-O-14333 (Conviction Proceedings)

#### PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND IN CONVICTION PROCEEDING:

1. This is a proceeding pursuant to sections 6101 and 6102 of the Business and Professions Code and rule 9.10 of the California Rules of Court.

2. On May 26, 2011, an indictment was filed in the United States District Court, Southern District of California, case no. 11CR2151WQH, charging respondent with one count of violation of 21 U.S.C. sections 841(a)(1) and 846 [conspiracy to distribute oxcycodone and hydrocodone bitartrate], a felony, and one count of violation of 18 U.S.C. sections 1956(h), 1956(a)(1)(B)(1) and 1956(a)(1)(A)(1) [conspiracy to launder money], a misdemeanor, committed during 2004 through September 2007.

3. On March 25, 2014, a plea agreement was filed, wherein the respondent agreed to plead guilty to count one of the indictment, conspiracy to distribute oxycodone and hydrocodone bitartrate. Pursuant to the plea agreement, the government agreed to dismiss the remaining count in the furtherance of justice. On April 14, 2014, the court filed an order wherein it adopted the Magistrate's recommendations and accepted respondent's plea of guilty to count one of the indictment.

4. On July 3, 2014, the court filed judgment in a criminal case wherein respondent pled guilty to count one of the indictment and all remaining counts were dismissed. Respondent was credited with time served of one day and placed on supervised release for a term of two years with no actual jail time and no fine imposed. The court ordered that respondent, among other things, shall report to the probation office within seventy-two hours, refrain from the possession and unlawful use of a controlled substance, submit to drug testing within fifteen days, and participate in 2-4 periodic drug tests as determined by the court during his term of supervision. The drug testing condition was suspended since the defendant posed a low risk of future substance abuse. Additionally, respondent was ordered to submit his person, property and residence to reasonable search by probation, provide a complete disclosure of his personal and financial business records as requested by probation and complete 150 hours of community service in an approved program. No party filed a notice of appeal within the statutory time period of sixty days from the judgment filed July 3, 2014, therefore the judgment is deemed final.

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5. On July 23, 2014, the Review Department ordered respondent placed on interim suspension effective August 13, 2014.

6. On June 7, 2016, the Review Department of the State Bar Court issued an order referring the matter to the Hearing Department for a hearing and decision recommending the discipline to be imposed in the event that the Hearing Department finds that the facts and circumstances surrounding the offense(s) for which respondent was convicted involved moral turpitude or other misconduct warranting discipline.

#### FACTS:

7. From 2004 and continuing up to and including October 2007, within the Southern District of California, and elsewhere, respondent did knowingly and intentionally conspire together with other defendants and with other persons known and unknown to the grand jury to distribute oxycodone pills, a Schedule II Controlled Substance, and hydrocodone bitartate pills, a Schedule III Controlled Substance; in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 846 and 841(a)(1), and Title 18, United States Code, Section 2.n.

8. Respondent entered the conspiracy knowing that its objective was to distribute drugs and intending to help accomplish this objective.

9. Pursuant to the conspiracy, respondent shipped packages containing hydrocodone bitartrate pills during 2007 from a location in the San Diego area.

10. The reasonably foreseeable scope of the amount of pills shipped by respondent was at least 5,000 but less than 10,000 Units of Schedule III Hydrocodone.

11. On July 3, 2014, a US District Court Judge accepted respondent's plea and on July 14, 2014, respondent was given two years' probation, no imprisonment and assessed no fine.

12. The agreement included downward departure for respondent's 1. Minor role; 2. Acceptance of responsibility; 3. Combination of factors including education, employment record and relatively early package disposition; and 4. Safety valve – applied as follows: a. Respondent did not have any criminal history. b. Respondent did not use violence or credible threats of violence or possess a firearm or other dangerous weapon (or induce another participant to do so) in connection with the offense. c. The offense did not result in death or serious bodily injury to any person. d. Respondent was not an organizer, leader, manager or supervisor of others in the offense. e. Respondent truthfully debriefed.]

13. Additionally, the Sentencing Memorandum indicated that respondent did not personally profit from the distribution of the drugs within the United States, with the exception of nominal payments from the main drug dealer.

#### CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

14. The facts and circumstances surrounding the above-described violation involved moral turpitude.

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#### ADDITIONAL FACTS RE MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

**Extraordinary Good Character (Std. 1.6(f)):** Respondent has submitted nine character letters from a widespread sample of the community attesting to his good character and who acknowledged their awareness of the full extent of respondent's misconduct. (See *Porter v. State Bar* (1990) 52 Cal. 3<sup>rd</sup> 518, 529.)

**Remorse and Recognition of Wrongdoing**: Respondent's cooperation and recognition was acknowledged by the federal court as meriting a downward sentencing deviation, and merits mitigation inasmuch as respondent expressed remorse and accepted responsibility for his misconduct. (See *In the Matter of Johnson* (Review Dept. 2000) 4 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 179,190 [extensive weight in mitigation given to those who admit culpability and facts].)

**Pretrial Stipulation:** By entering into this stipulation, respondent has acknowledged misconduct and is entitled to mitigation for saving the State Bar significant resources and time. (*Silva-Vidor v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigation credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability]; *In the Matter of Spaith* (Review Dept. 1996) 3 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 511, 521 [where the attorney's stipulation to facts and culpability was held to be a mitigating circumstance].)

#### **AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.**

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct "set forth a means for determining the appropriate disciplinary sanction in a particular case and to ensure consistency across cases dealing with similar misconduct and surrounding circumstances." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, std. 1.1. All further references to standards are to this source.) The standards help fulfill the primary purposes of discipline, which include: protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; maintenance of the highest professional standards; and preservation of public confidence in the legal profession. (See std. 1.1; *In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205.)

Although not binding, the standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (*In re Silverton* (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting *In re Brown* (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and *In re Young* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (*In re Naney* (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) If a recommendation is at the high end or low end of a standard, an explanation must be given as to how the recommendation was reached. (Std. 1.1.) "Any disciplinary recommendation that deviates from the Standards must include clear reasons for the departure." (Std. 1.1; *Blair v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

In determining whether to impose a sanction greater or less than that specified in a given standard, in addition to the factors set forth in the specific standard, consideration is to be given to the primary purposes of discipline; the balancing of all aggravating and mitigating circumstances; the type of misconduct at issue; whether the client, public, legal system or profession was harmed; and the member's willingness and ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. (Stds. 1.7(b) and (c).)

The most severe sanction applicable to respondent's misconduct is found in standard 2.15(b), which applies to respondent's conviction. Standard 2.15 indicates that disbarment is the presumed sanction for

final conviction of a felony in which the facts and circumstances surrounding the offense involve moral turpitude, unless the most compelling mitigating circumstance clearly predominate, in which case actual suspension of at least two years is appropriate.

The courts have generally found moral turpitude in the facts and circumstances surrounding convictions for trafficking in hard drugs. These rulings have been made in the context of attorney discipline cases (see *In re Giddens* (1981) 30 Cal.3d 110 [conviction of 21 U.S.C. § 841(a)(1), conspiring to distribute amphetamines]; *In re Leardo* (1991) 53 Cal.3d 1[conviction of 21 U.S.C. § 841(a)(1), possession of heroin and cocaine with intent to distribute]; *In re Nadrich* (1988) 44 Cal.3d 271 [conviction of 21 U.S.C. § 841(a), possession of LSD with intent to distribute]; *In re Meacham* (1988) 47 Cal.3d 510 [conviction of 21 U.S.C. § 846, conspiracy to distribute and to possess with intent to distribute cocaine]; *In the Matter of Passenheim* (Review Dept. 1992) 2 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 62 [conviction of 21 U.S.C. § 846, conspiracy to distribute and to possess, only Giddens and Meacham were disbarred based on the offense, with discipline ranging from stayed suspension in *Leardo* to two years actual in *Passenheim*. Here, the involved drugs were schedule II and III controlled substances and not schedule I hard drugs.

Additionally, the most compelling mitigation clearly predominates. As noted within the plea agreement, respondent held a minor role within this distribution network of illegal drug trafficking, meriting a downward departure during sentencing as set forth within the plea agreement. Respondent was charged with and pled to one shipment of pills measuring in quantity between 5,000 to 10,000 units. The minimal involvement with the trafficking conspiracy, lack of any significant financial gain associated with his activity, cooperation with the federal investigation and the fact that the participation in the conspiracy was triggered by friendship and misplaced loyalty to one of the significant participants in the conspiracy, militates against disbarment. Further, the criminal activity did not involve the practice of law and did not cause harm to any client. Respondent has successfully complied with all of the conditions of his probation. The mitigation herein, consisting of good character, pretrial stipulation, and the cooperation and recognition acknowledged by the federal court as meriting a downward sentencing deviation, measured against the lack of aggravating factors, is compelling.

Given the totality of respondent's misconduct and in light of the aggravating and mitigating circumstances, discipline including a significant period of actual suspension is appropriate and consistent with standard 2.15(b). A three year period of stayed suspension coupled with a three year period of probation with conditions including a two year actual suspension and until respondent demonstrates to the State Bar Court his rehabilitation, fitness to practice law and current learning and ability in the law will serve the purpose of imposing discipline pursuant to standard 1.1: to protect the public, courts and the legal profession, maintain the highest professional standards, and preserve the public confidence in the legal profession.

#### COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of Chief Trial Counsel has informed respondent that as of September 22, 2016, the prosecution costs in this matter are approximately \$2567. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

### EXCLUSION FROM MINIMUM CONTINUING LEGAL EDUCATION ("MCLE") CREDIT

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Respondent may <u>not</u> receive MCLE credit for completion of State Bar Ethics School, State Bar Client Trust Accounting School, and/or any other educational course(s) to be ordered as a condition of reproval or suspension. (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 3201.)

| (Do not write above this fine.)          |                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| In the Matter of:<br>GERALD JONG GOO KOH | Case number(s):<br>13-C-14333 YDR |  |  |  |  |  |

#### SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

By their signatures below, the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the recitations and each of the terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Facts, Conclusions of Law, and Disposition.

Ь Gerald Jong Goo Koh **Respondent's Signature** Print Name C Susan Lynn Margolis Respondent's Counsel Signature Print Name 16 Hugh G. Radigan Date Deputy Trial Counsel's Signature Print Name

In the Matter of: GERALD JONG GOO KOH Case Number(s): 13-C-14333 YDR

#### ACTUAL SUSPENSION ORDER

Finding the stipulation to be fair to the parties and that it adequately protects the public, IT IS ORDERED that the requested dismissal of counts/charges, if any, is GRANTED without prejudice, and:

- The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED and the DISCIPLINE RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.
- The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the DISCIPLINE IS RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.
  - All Hearing dates are vacated.

Page 5, paragraph E(1): The "X" from the box creating a <u>conditional</u> standard 1.2(c)(1) obligation is deleted.

The parties are bound by the stipulation as approved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed within 15 days after service of this order, is granted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved stipulation. (See rule 5.58(E) & (F), Rules of Procedure.) The effective date of this disposition is the effective date of the Supreme Court order herein, normally 30 days after file date. (See rule 9.18(a), California Rules of Court.)

10/21/16

Date

DONALD F. MILES Judge of the State Bar Court

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of Los Angeles, on October 21, 2016, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at Los Angeles, California, addressed as follows:

SUSAN LYNN MARGOLIS MARGOLIS & MARGOLIS LLP 2000 RIVERSIDE DR LOS ANGELES, CA 90039

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

Murray B. Greenberg, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in <select city>, California, on October 21, 2016.

appenter

Angela **C**arpenter Case Administrator State Bar Court