State Bar Court of California Hearing Department San Francisco DISBARMENT

	DISBARMENT		
Counsel For The State Bar	Case Number(s):	For Court use only	
Tyrone A. Sandoval Contract Attorney for the State Bar of		PUBLIC MATTER	
California 845 S. Figueroa Street Los Angeles, CA 90017 (213) 765-1336		FILED	
Bar # 286250		JUL - 7 2014	
In Pro Per Respondent		STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE	
Lawrence Anthony Witsoe 2512 Chambers Rd Ste 107 Tustin, CA 92780 (714) 973-2828		SAN FRANCISCO	
	Submitted to: Assigned Jud	dge	
Bar # 60204	STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING; ORDER OF INVOLUNTARY INACTIVE ENROLLMENT		
In the Matter of: LAWRENCE ANTHONY WITSOE			
	DISBARMENT		
Bar # 60204	☐ PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED		
A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)			

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted **June 17, 1974**.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of (9) pages, not including the order.
- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."
- (5) Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of Law."

(Effective January 1, 2014)

Disbarment

(Do	not wri	te abov	e this line.)	
(6)	The parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading "Supporting Authority."			
(7)	No pe	o more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, respondent has been advised in writing of any nding investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.		
(8)	Pa 61	lyment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & 40.7. (Check one option only):		
		Co	sts to be awarded to the State Bar. sts are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs". sts are entirely waived.	
(9)	The und	ORDER OF INACTIVE ENROLLMENT: The parties are aware that if this stipulation is approved, the judge will issue an order of inactive enrollment under Business and Professions Code section 6007, subdivision (c)(4), and Rules of Procedure of the State Bar, rule 5.111(D)(1).		
	B. Aggravating Circumstances [Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct, standards 1.2(f) & 1.5]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are required.			
(1)		Prio	r record of discipline	
	(a)		State Bar Court case # of prior case	
	(b)		Date prior discipline effective	
	(c)		Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:	
	(d)		Degree of prior discipline	
	(e)		If respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below:	
(2)		Dishonesty: Respondent's misconduct was intentional, surrounded by, or followed by bad faith, dishonesty, concealment, overreaching or other violations of the State Bar Act or Rules of Professional Conduct.		
(3)		Trust Violation: Trust funds or property were involved and respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property.		
(4)		Harn	n: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public or the administration of justice.	
(5)		Indif	ference: Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the equences of his or her misconduct.	
(6)		Lack misco	of Cooperation: Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her onduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation or proceedings.	

(Do r	(Do not write above this line.)				
(7)		Multiple/Pattern of Misconduct: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing or demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.			
(8)		Restitution: Respondent failed to make restitution.			
(9)	\boxtimes	No aggravating circumstances are involved.			
Add	ition	al aggravating circumstances:			
C. I	C. Mitigating Circumstances [see standards 1.2(g) & 1.6]. Facts supporting mitigating circumstances are required.				
(1)		No Prior Discipline: Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not deemed serious.			
(2)		No Harm: Respondent did not harm the client, the public, or the administration of justice.			
(3)		Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct and to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation and proceedings.			
(4)		Remorse: Respondent promptly took objective steps spontaneously demonstrating remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.			
(5)		Restitution: Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.			
(6)		Delay: These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.			
(7)		Good Faith: Respondent acted with a good faith belief that was honestly held and reasonable.			
(8)		Emotional/Physical Difficulties: At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical or mental disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and the difficulties or disabilities no longer pose a risk that Respondent will commit misconduct.			
(9)		Severe Financial Stress: At the time of the misconduct, respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.			
(10)		Family Problems: At the time of the misconduct, respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.			
(11)		Good Character: Respondent's extraordinarily good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.			
(12)		Rehabilitation: Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by subsequent rehabilitation.			
(13)		No mitigating circumstances are involved.			

Additional mitigating circumstances:

Pretrial stipulation. See Attachment at page 7.

(Do	not	write	above	this	(ine.)
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D. Discipline: Disbarment.

E. Additional Requirements:

(1)	Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court: Respondent must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California
	Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 30 and 40 calendar
	days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.

2)	Restitution: Respondent m	nust make restitution to	in the amount of \$	plus 10 percent
	interest per year from	. If the Client Security Fund	d has reimbursed	for all or any portion of
	the principal amount, respor	ndent must pay restitution to	CSF of the amount paid	I plus applicable interest
	and costs in accordance witl	h Business and Professions	Code section 6140.5. F	Respondent must pay the
	above restitution and furnish	satisfactory proof of payme	nt to the State Bar's Off	ice of Probation in Los
	Angeles no later than	days from the effective date		

(3) **Other:**

ATTACHMENT TO

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF:

LAWRENCE ANTHONY WITSOE

CASE NUMBER:

13-N-17389-LMA

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that he is culpable of violations of the specified statutes and/or Rules of Professional Conduct.

Case No. 13-N-17389 (Rule 9.20 Matter)

FACTS:

- 1. On July 22, 2013, the State Bar Court Review Department filed an order in case no. 11-C-13693 (hereafter "the Order"). The Order included a requirement that Respondent comply with Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, (hereafter "Rule 9.20") by performing the acts specified in subdivision (a) of Rule 9.20 within thirty days of the effective date of the Order and by filing an affidavit with the Clerk of the State Bar Court as required under subdivision (c) of Rule 9.20 within forty days of the effective date of the Order.
- 2. On July 22, 2013, the Clerk of the State Bar Court Review Department properly served upon Respondent a copy of the Order. Respondent received the Order.
- 3. The Order became effective on August 12, 2013. Pursuant to the order, Respondent was to comply with subdivision (a) of Rule 9.20 no later than September 12, 2013, and was to comply with subdivision (c) of Rule 9.20 no later than September 22, 2013.
 - 4. Respondent did not comply with subdivision (a) of Rule 9.20 by September 12, 2013.
 - 5. Respondent did not comply with subdivision (c) of Rule 9.20 by September 22, 2013.
- 6. On September 24, 2013, Respondent filed a non-compliant Rule 9.20 Compliance Declaration, which the Office of Probation rejected. Respondent failed to subsequently file a Rule 9.20 Compliance Declaration.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

7. By failing to comply with subdivision (a) of Rule 9.20 by September 12, 2013, and by failing to comply with subdivision (c) of Rule 9.20 by September 22, 2013, Respondent willfully failed to timely comply with the provisions of the Order and therefore willfully violation section 6103 of the Business and Professions Code.

ADDITIONAL FACTS RE MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Pretrial Stipulation: Respondent is entitled to mitigation for entering into a full stipulation with the Office of the Chief Trial Counsel prior to trial, thereby saving the State Bar Court time and resources. (Silva-Vidor v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigative credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability].)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct "set forth a means for determining the appropriate disciplinary sanction in a particular case and to ensure consistency across cases dealing with similar misconduct and surrounding circumstances." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, std. 1.1. All further references to Standards are to this source.) The Standards help fulfill the primary purposes of discipline, which include: protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; maintenance of the highest professional standards; and preservation of public confidence in the legal profession. (See std. 1.1; *In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205.)

Although not binding, the standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (In re Silverton (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting In re Brown (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and In re Young (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (In re Naney (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) If a recommendation is at the high end or low end of a Standard, an explanation must be given as to how the recommendation was reached. (Std. 1.1.) "Any disciplinary recommendation that deviates from the Standards must include clear reasons for the departure." (Std. 1.1; Blair v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

In determining whether to impose a sanction greater or less than that specified in a given Standard, in addition to the factors set forth in the specific Standard, consideration is to be given to the primary purposes of discipline; the balancing of all aggravating and mitigating circumstances; the type of misconduct at issue; whether the client, public, legal system or profession was harmed; and the member's willingness and ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. (Stds. 1.7(b) and (c).)

Standard 2.14 applies to Respondent's violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6103, and provides that "[d]isbarment or actual suspension is appropriate." (Std. 2.14.) In addition, Rule 9.20(d) specificially provides that "[a] suspended member's willful failure to comply with the provisions of this rule is cause for disbarment or suspension." While Rule 9.20(d) allows for suspension, case law makes clear that "disbarment is generally the appropriate sanction for a willful violation of [former rule] 955." (Bercovich v. State Bar (1990) 50 Cal. 3d 116, 131.) Thus, disbarment is the presumed sanction.

It is true that the Supreme Court of California has imposed discipline less than disbarment for a violation of Rule 9.20 based on facts not present in this case. (See *Durbin v. State Bar* (1979) 23 Cal. 3d 152.) In *Durbin*, the attorney had complied with subdivision (a) of former rule 955, but had not complied with subdivision (c) of former rule 955. Here, Respondent did not comply with either subdivision (a) or subdivision (c) of Rule 9.20. This case is therefore more similar to *Bercovich*, *supra*, where the attorney failed to comply with both subdivisions (a) and (c) of former rule 955, and was disbarred. Considering the nature of the misconduct and the limited mitigating circumstances, disbarment is consistent with case law and the Standards and will serve the purposes of attorney discipline set forth in Standard 1.1

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of the Chief Trial Counsel has informed Respondent that as of June 5, 2014, the prosecution costs in this matter are \$2,488. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

EXCLUSION FROM MCLE CREDIT

Pursuant to rule 3201, Respondent may <u>not</u> receive MCLE credit for completion of State Bar Ethics School and/or any other educational course(s) to be ordered as a condition of suspension or probation. (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 3201.)

SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

By their signatures below, the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the recitations and each of the terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Facts, Conclusions of Law, and Disposition.

June 17,2014	Coope Photol, Tupeo is,	LAWRENCE ANTHONY WITSOE
Ďate	Respondent's Signature	Print Name
Date	Respondent's Counsel Signature	Print Name
June 24, 2014 Date	Deputy Trial Counsel's Signature	TYRONE A. SANDOVAL Print Name

(Effective January 1, 2014)

LUCY ARMENDARIZ

Judge of the State Bar Court

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of San Francisco, on July 7, 2014, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING; ORDER OF INVOLUNTARY INACTIVE ENROLLMENT

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at San Francisco, California, addressed as follows:

LAWRENCE A. WITSOE LAW OFFICE OF LAWRENCE A. WITSOE 2512 CHAMBERS RD STE 107 TUSTIN, CA 92780

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

TYRONE A. SANDOVAL, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in San Francisco, California, on July 7, 2014.

Mazie Yip

Case Administrator State Bar Court