State Bar Court of California Hearing Department Los Angeles ACTUAL SUSPENSION		
Counsel For The State Bar	Case Number(s): 13-0-16865	For Court use only
Agustin Hernandez		
Deputy Trial Counsel 845 S. Figueroa Street Los Angeles, CA 90017 (213) 765-1713	PU	BLIC MATTER
Bar # 161625		FILED
In Pro Per Respondent	-	OCT 03 2014
Julia Ann Tischler 1133 Camelback St., #7784 Newport Beach, CA 92658 (949) 872-3288		STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE LOS ANGELES
	Submitted to: Settlement Ju	ıdge
Bar # 159864	STIPULATION RE FACTS, C	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND
In the Matter of: JULIA ANN TISCHLER	DISPOSITION AND ORDER	APPROVING
	ACTUAL SUSPENSION	
Bar # 159864		N REJECTED
A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)		• • • • • • •

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted October 5, 1992.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of 13 pages, not including the order.
- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."
- (5) Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of Law".

1

(Effective January 1, 2014)



Actual Suspension

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- (6) The parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading "Supporting Authority."
- (7) No more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any pending investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.
- (8) Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & 6140.7. (Check one option only):
 - Until costs are paid in full, Respondent will remain actually suspended from the practice of law unless relief is obtained per rule 5.130, Rules of Procedure.
 - Costs are to be paid in equal amounts prior to February 1 for the following membership years: **two billing cycles following the effective date of the Supreme Court order**. (Hardship, special circumstances or other good cause per rule 5.132, Rules of Procedure.) If Respondent fails to pay any installment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar Court, the remaining balance is due and payable immediately.

1423



Costs are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs". Costs are entirely waived.

- B. Aggravating Circumstances [Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct, standards 1.2(f) & 1.5]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are required.
- (1) \square Prior record of discipline
 - (a) X State Bar Court case # of prior case 13-C-16124, et al. (See Attachment, page 10.)
 - (b) Date prior discipline effective April 25, 2014.
 - (c) Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations: This disciplinary matter was a proceeding pursuant to Business and Professions Code, sections 6101 and 6102, and rule 9.10 of the California Rules of Court wherein the facts and circumstances involved misconduct warranting discipline.

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- (d) Degree of prior discipline **public reproval**.
- (e) If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below.
- (2) Dishonesty: Respondent's misconduct was intentional, surrounded by, or followed by bad faith, dishonesty, concealment, overreaching or other violations of the State Bar Act or Rules of Professional Conduct.
- (3) Trust Violation: Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property.
- (4) Harm: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public or the administration of justice.
- (5) Indifference: Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.

(Effective January 1, 2014)

- (6) Lack of Cooperation: Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation or proceedings.
- (7) Multiple/Pattern of Misconduct: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing or demonstrates a pattern of misconduct. (See Attachment, page 10.)
- (8) **Restitution:** Respondent failed to make restitution.
- (9) **No aggravating circumstances** are involved.

Additional aggravating circumstances:

C. Mitigating Circumstances [see standards 1.2(g) & 1.6]. Facts supporting mitigating circumstances are required.

- (1) **No Prior Discipline:** Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not deemed serious.
- (2) **No Harm:** Respondent did not harm the client, the public, or the administration of justice.
- (3) Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct and to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation and proceedings.
- (4) Remorse: Respondent promptly took objective steps spontaneously demonstrating remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.
- (5) **Restitution:** Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.
- (6) Delay: These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.
- (7) Good Faith: Respondent acted with a good faith belief that was honestly held and reasonable.
- (8) Emotional/Physical Difficulties: At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical or mental disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and the difficulties or disabilities no longer pose a risk that Respondent will commit misconduct.
- (9) Severe Financial Stress: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.
- (10) **Family Problems:** At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.
- (11) Good Character: Respondent's extraordinarily good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.

(Effective January 1, 2014)

- (12) Rehabilitation: Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by convincing proof of subsequent rehabilitation.
- (13) **No mitigating circumstances** are involved.

Additional mitigating circumstances:

Pretrial Stipulation (See Attachment, page 11.)

D. Discipline:

i.

- (1) X Stayed Suspension:
 - (a) Respondent must be suspended from the practice of law for a period of **one year**.
 - and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and present fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1) Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.

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- ii. and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.
- iii. and until Respondent does the following:
- (b) \boxtimes The above-referenced suspension is stayed.

(2) \boxtimes **Probation**:

Respondent must be placed on probation for a period of **two years**, which will commence upon the effective date of the Supreme Court order in this matter. (See rule 9.18, California Rules of Court)

(3) \square Actual Suspension:

- (a) Respondent must be actually suspended from the practice of law in the State of California for a period of **30 days**.
 - i. and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and present fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct
 - ii. and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.
 - iii. 🔲 and until Respondent does the following:

E. Additional Conditions of Probation:

- (1) If Respondent is actually suspended for two years or more, he/she must remain actually suspended until he/she proves to the State Bar Court his/her rehabilitation, fitness to practice, and learning and ability in the general law, pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.
- (2) During the probation period, Respondent must comply with the provisions of the State Bar Act and Rules of Professional Conduct.

(Effective January 1, 2014)

- (3) Within ten (10) days of any change, Respondent must report to the Membership Records Office of the State Bar and to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of information, including current office address and telephone number, or other address for State Bar purposes, as prescribed by section 6002.1 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (4) Within thirty (30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Probation and schedule a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and conditions of probation. Upon the direction of the Office of Probation, Respondent must meet with the probation deputy either in-person or by telephone. During the period of probation, Respondent must promptly meet with the probation deputy as directed and upon request.
- (5) Respondent must submit written quarterly reports to the Office of Probation on each January 10, April 10, July 10, and October 10 of the period of probation. Under penalty of perjury, Respondent must state whether Respondent has complied with the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all conditions of probation during the preceding calendar quarter. Respondent must also state whether there are any proceedings pending against him or her in the State Bar Court and if so, the case number and current status of that proceeding. If the first report would cover less than 30 days, that report must be submitted on the next quarter date, and cover the extended period.

In addition to all quarterly reports, a final report, containing the same information, is due no earlier than twenty (20) days before the last day of the period of probation and no later than the last day of probation.

- (6) Respondent must be assigned a probation monitor. Respondent must promptly review the terms and conditions of probation with the probation monitor to establish a manner and schedule of compliance. During the period of probation, Respondent must furnish to the monitor such reports as may be requested, in addition to the quarterly reports required to be submitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must cooperate fully with the probation monitor.
- (7) Subject to assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully any inquiries of the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which are directed to Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has complied with the probation conditions.
- (8) X Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.
 - No Ethics School recommended. Reason:

Pursuant to Case No. 13-C-16124, Respondent is required to attend and pass Ethics School and to provide satisfactory proof thereof to the Office of Probation by April 25, 2015. If Respondent timely fulfills this condition as required by Case No. 13-C-16124, it shall be deemed to satisfy the Ethics School condition of Case No. 13-O-16865 as well, upon presentation of satisfactory proof to the Office of Probation, even if Respondent satisfies the condition prior to the effective date of the Supreme Court order herein. (See, e.g., rule 5.135(A), Rules of Procedure of the State Bar of California.).

(9) Respondent must comply with all conditions of probation imposed in the underlying criminal matter and must so declare under penalty of perjury in conjunction with any quarterly report to be filed with the Office of Probation.

(10) The following conditions are attached hereto and incorporated:

Substance Abuse Conditions

Law Office Management Conditions

Medical Conditions

Financial Conditions

F. Other Conditions Negotiated by the Parties:

(1) Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination: Respondent must provide proof of passage of the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination ("MPRE"), administered by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, to the Office of Probation during the period of actual suspension or within one year, whichever period is longer. Failure to pass the MPRE results in actual suspension without further hearing until passage. But see rule 9.10(b), California Rules of Court, and rule 5.162(A) & (E), Rules of Procedure.

No MPRE recommended. Reason:

- (2) Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court: Respondent must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 30 and 40 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.
- (3) Conditional Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court: If Respondent remains actually suspended for 90 days or more, he/she must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 120 and 130 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.
- (4) Credit for Interim Suspension [conviction referral cases only]: Respondent will be credited for the period of his/her interim suspension toward the stipulated period of actual suspension. Date of commencement of interim suspension:
- (5) **Other Conditions:**

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In the Matter of:	Case Number(s):
JULIA ANN TISCHLER	13-O-16865

Financial Conditions

a. Restitution

Respondent must pay restitution (including the principal amount, plus interest of 10% per annum) to the payee(s) listed below. If the Client Security Fund ("CSF") has reimbursed one or more of the payee(s) for all or any portion of the principal amount(s) listed below, Respondent must also pay restitution to CSF in the amount(s) paid, plus applicable interest and costs.

Payee	Principal Amount	Interest Accrues From
Jennifer Acosta	\$2,500	June 1, 2013
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Respondent must pay above-referenced restitution and provide satisfactory proof of payment to the Office of Probation not later than **90 days after the effective date of the disciplinary order herein**.

b. Installment Restitution Payments

Respondent must pay the above-referenced restitution on the payment schedule set forth below. Respondent must provide satisfactory proof of payment to the Office of Probation with each quarterly probation report, or as otherwise directed by the Office of Probation. No later than 30 days prior to the expiration of the period of probation (or period of reproval), Respondent must make any necessary final payment(s) in order to complete the payment of restitution, including interest, in full.

Payee/CSF (as applicable)	Minimum Payment Amount	Payment Frequency
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☐ If Respondent fails to pay any installment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar Court, the remaining balance is due and payable immediately.

c. Client Funds Certificate

- 1. If Respondent possesses client funds at any time during the period covered by a required quarterly report, Respondent must file with each required report a certificate from Respondent and/or a certified public accountant or other financial professional approved by the Office of Probation, certifying that:
 - a. Respondent has maintained a bank account in a bank authorized to do business in the State of California, at a branch located within the State of California, and that such account is designated as a "Trust Account" or "Clients' Funds Account";

ii.

- b. Respondent has kept and maintained the following:
 - i. A written ledger for each client on whose behalf funds are held that sets forth:
 - 1. the name of such client;
 - 2. the date, amount and source of all funds received on behalf of such client;
 - 3. the date, amount, payee and purpose of each disbursement made on behalf of such client; and,
 - 4. the current balance for such client.
 - a written journal for each client trust fund account that sets forth:
 - 1. the name of such account;
 - 2. the date, amount and client affected by each debit and credit; and,
 - 3. the current balance in such account.
 - iii. all bank statements and cancelled checks for each client trust account; and,
 - iv. each monthly reconciliation (balancing) of (i), (ii), and (iii), above, and if there are any differences between the monthly total balances reflected in (i), (ii), and (iii), above, the reasons for the differences.
- c. Respondent has maintained a written journal of securities or other properties held for clients that specifies:
 - i. each item of security and property held;
 - ii. the person on whose behalf the security or property is held;
 - iii. the date of receipt of the security or property;
 - iv. the date of distribution of the security or property; and,
 - v. the person to whom the security or property was distributed.
- If Respondent does not possess any client funds, property or securities during the entire period covered by a report, Respondent must so state under penalty of perjury in the report filed with the Office of Probation for that reporting period. In this circumstance, Respondent need not file the accountant's certificate described above.
- 3. The requirements of this condition are in addition to those set forth in rule 4-100, Rules of Professional Conduct.

d. Client Trust Accounting School

Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must supply to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School Client Trust Accounting School, within the same period of time, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.

Page _8

ATTACHMENT TO

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF: JULIA ANN TISCHLER

CASE NUMBER: 13-0-16865

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that she is culpable of violations of the specified statutes and Rules of Professional Conduct.

Case No. 13-O-16865 (Complainant: Jennifer Acosta)

FACTS:

1. On May 31, 2013, Jennifer Acosta ("Acosta"), employed Respondent to represent her in a pending child custody and support matter.

2. On June 1, 2013, Acosta paid Respondent \$2,500 in attorney's fees for the child custody and support matter.

3. Thereafter, Respondent failed to perform any legal services of value on behalf of Acosta.

4. Respondent did not earn any portion of the \$2,500 in attorney's fees that Acosta paid to her.

5. On September 24, 2013, Acosta terminated Respondent's employment and requested a refund of unearned fees.

6. To date, Respondent has not refunded to Acosta any portion of the \$2,500 in attorney's fees that Acosta paid to Respondent.

7. To date, Respondent has failed provide Acosta with an accounting of the \$2,500 in attorney's fees that Acosta paid to Respondent.

8. On November 26, 2013, the State Bar opened an investigation pursuant to a complaint made by Acosta.

9. December 12, 2013, and March 11, 2014, a State Bar Investigator mailed letters to Respondent at her official State Bar membership records address requesting that Respondent provide a written response to specified allegations of misconduct being investigated by the State Bar in Acosta's complaint. Respondent received the Investigator's letters.

10. At no time did Respondent provide a written response to the allegations of misconduct in Acosta's complaint to the State Bar.

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CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

11. By failing to perform any legal services of value on behalf of Acosta, Respondent intentionally, recklessly, or repeatedly failed to perform legal services with competence, in willful violation of Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-110(A).

12. By failing to refund to Acosta any portion of the \$2,500 in unearned fees that she was paid, Respondent failed to refund promptly fees that were paid in advance and had not been earned, in willful violation of Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-700(D)(2).

13. By failing to provide Acosta with an accounting, Respondent failed to render appropriate accounts to a client regarding all funds coming into Respondent's possession, in willful violation of Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 4-100(B)(3).

14. By not providing a written response to the Investigator's letters, Respondent failed to cooperate and participate in a disciplinary investigation pending against Respondent, in willful violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6068(i).

AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Prior Record of Discipline (Std. 1.5(a)): Respondent has been disciplined on one prior occasion since being admitted on October 5, 1992.

Effective April 25, 2014, Respondent was publicly reproved for two DUI conviction matters in Case No. 13-C-16124. In one of the incidents, on December 17, 2007, Respondent was involved in a non-injury automobile accident while driving under the influence of alcohol. Respondent had a BAC of 0.25%, and also had a prior conviction on April 6, 2000, for violating Vehicle Code ("VC") section 23152(a) [Driving under the Influence], that she committed on August 12, 1999. On February 7, 2008, Respondent pled guilty and was convicted of misdemeanor violations of VC sections 23152(a) [Driving under the Influence], and 23152(b) [Driving with 0.08% or more BAC]. The court ordered that Respondent be placed on informal probation for three years with conditions that included confinement for 10 days.

In the second incident, on March 13, 2008, Respondent caused a non-injury automobile accident while driving under the influence of alcohol. Respondent's BAC was over the legal limit. On July 18, 2008, Respondent pled guilty to misdemeanor violations of VC sections 23152(a) [Driving under the Influence], 23152(b) [Driving with 0.08% or more BAC], and 14601.2(a) [Driving on a Suspended License]. The court ordered that Respondent be placed on formal probation for five years with conditions that included confinement for 160 days.

Multiple Acts of Misconduct (Std. 1.5(b)): Respondent committed four acts of misconduct in one client matter. Respondent failed to perform legal services with competence, failed to refund any unearned fees, failed to provide an accounting, and failed to cooperate in the State Bar investigation.

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ADDITIONAL MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Pretrial Stipulation: Respondent is entitled to mitigation for entering into a stipulation of facts and conclusions of law prior to trial, thereby preserving State Bar Court time and resources. (*Silva-Vidor v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigative credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability].)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct "set forth a means for determining the appropriate disciplinary sanction in a particular case and to ensure consistency across cases dealing with similar misconduct and surrounding circumstances." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, std. 1.1. All further references to Standards are to this source.) The Standards help fulfill the primary purposes of discipline, which include: protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; maintenance of the highest professional standards; and preservation of public confidence in the legal profession. (See std. 1.1; *In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205.)

Although not binding, the standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (*In re Silverton* (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting *In re Brown* (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and *In re Young* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (*In re Naney* (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) If a recommendation is at the high end or low end of a Standard, an explanation must be given as to how the recommendation was reached. (Std. 1.1.) "Any disciplinary recommendation that deviates from the Standards must include clear reasons for the departure." (Std. 1.1; *Blair v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

In determining whether to impose a sanction greater or less than that specified in a given standard, in addition to the factors set forth in the specific standard, consideration is to be given to the primary purposes of discipline; the balancing of all aggravating and mitigating circumstances; the type of misconduct at issue; whether the client, public, legal system or profession was harmed; and the member's willingness and ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. (Stds. 1.7(b) and (c).)

In this matter, Respondent committed four acts of professional misconduct. Standard 1.7(a) requires that where a Respondent "commits two or more acts of misconduct and the Standards specify different sanctions for each act, the most severe sanction must be imposed."

The most severe sanction applicable to Respondent's misconduct is found in Standard 2.2(b), which applies to Respondent's violation of rule 4-100(B)(3), Rules of Professional Conduct. Standard 2.2(b) provides that suspension or reproval is appropriate for a violation of rule 4-100, which includes failing to provide an accounting.

Here, in addition to failing to provide an accounting, Respondent failed to perform competently, failed to refund unearned fees, and failed to cooperate in the State Bar investigation. Further, to date, Respondent has not refunded any portion of the unearned fees and has not provided an accounting to Acosta.

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Respondent's multiple acts of misconduct are an aggravating circumstance. Moreover, Respondent has been disciplined on one prior occasion. Standard 1.8(a) provides that if Respondent has one prior imposition of discipline, the level of discipline to be imposed in the current disciplinary matter must be greater than the discipline imposed in the previous disciplinary matter, unless the prior discipline was so remote in time and the previous misconduct was not serious enough that imposing greater discipline would be manifestly unjust.

In this case, greater discipline than the previously imposed public reproval is warranted. The prior disciplinary matter is not remote in time as it just became effective on April 25, 2014, and the previous misconduct was serious.

Respondent's misconduct in this matter warrants a 30-day actual suspension. In consideration of Respondent's multiple acts of misconduct, the applicable standards, the aggravating circumstances, and the mitigating circumstances, a one-year stayed suspension with 30 days of actual suspension and two years of probation with standard conditions including restitution is appropriate.

The level of discipline is also supported by case law. In *Bach v. State Bar* (1991) 52 Cal.3d 1201, the Supreme Court ordered that an attorney be suspended from the practice of law for one year, that execution of the order of suspension be stayed, and that he be placed on probation for one year, subject to the condition that he be actually suspended for 30 days for committing misconduct in one client matter. The attorney failed to perform legal services with competence, failed to communicate, failed to refund unearned fees, improperly withdrew from representation without the client consent or court approval, and failed to cooperate in the State Bar's investigation. In mitigation, Bach had been practicing law for 26 years with no prior record of discipline. In aggravation, the Court found that Bach demonstrated a lack of recognition and insight into his misconduct.

Although Tischler's misconduct is somewhat similar to Bach's, it is not quite as egregious as the misconduct in *Bach*. Further, Tischler recognizes her misconduct while Bach failed to recognize his wrongdoing. Bach however, had no record of prior discipline in 26 years of practicing law, which is a significant distinction. On balance, *Bach* is sufficiently analogous to the present matter. An actual suspension of 30 days along with the other discipline described above is appropriate.

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of the Chief Trial Counsel has informed Respondent that as of September 15, 2014, the prosecution costs in this matter are \$3,419. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

EXCLUSION FROM MCLE CREDIT

Pursuant to rule 3201, Respondent may <u>not</u> receive MCLE credit for completion of State Bar Ethics School and/or any other educational course(s) to be ordered as a condition of suspension. (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 3201.)

In the Matter of:	Case number(s):
JULIA ANN TISCHLER	13-O-16865

SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

By their signatures below, the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the recitations and each of the terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Facts, Conclusions of Law, and Disposition.

9-19-14	A to A Timble	Julia Ann Tischler
Date	Respondent's Signature	Print Name
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Date	Respondent's Counsel Signature	Print Name
Seatenser	19,2014 ()	Agustin Hernandez
Date	Deputy Tria Counsel's Signature	Print Name
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In the Matter of:	Case Number(s):
JULIA ANN TISCHLER	13-O-16865

ACTUAL SUSPENSION ORDER

Finding the stipulation to be fair to the parties and that it adequately protects the public, IT IS ORDERED that the requested dismissal of counts/charges, if any, is GRANTED without prejudice, and:

The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED and the DISCIPLINE RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.

The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the DISCIPLINE IS RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.

All Hearing dates are vacated.

The parties are bound by the stipulation as approved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed within 15 days after service of this order, is granted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved stipulation. (See rule 5.58(E) & (F), Rules of Procedure.) The effective date of this disposition is the effective date of the Supreme Court order herein, normally 30 days after file date. (See rule 9.18(a), California Rules of Court.)

CTOBER 2, 2014

GEORGE E. SCOTT, JUDGE PRO TEM Judge of the State Bar Court

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of Los Angeles, on October 3, 2014, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at Los Angeles, California, addressed as follows:

JULIA A. TISCHLER LAW OFFICES OF JULIA A. TISCHLER 1133 CAMELBACK ST # 7784 NEWPORT BEACH, CA 92658

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

AGUSTIN HERNANDEZ, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in Los Angeles, California, on October 3, 2014.

M. Sutter-

Rose M. Luthi Case Administrator State Bar Court