



ORIGINAL

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State Bar Court of California Hearing Department San Francisco ACTUAL SUSPENSION		
Counsel For The State Bar Heather E. Abelson Deputy Trial Counsel 180 Howard Street San Francisco, CA 94105-1639 (415) 538-2357 Bar # 243691	Case Number(s): 14-O-00855; 14-O-01064	For Court use only <div style="text-align: center;">PUBLIC MATTER</div> <div style="text-align: center;">FILED ✓</div> <div style="text-align: center;">AUG 15 2014</div> <div style="text-align: center;">STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE SAN FRANCISCO</div>
In Pro Per Respondent Linda Kaye Swartz 5345 N. El Dorado St., #7 Stockton, CA 95207 (209) 478-2621 Bar # 154596	Submitted to: Settlement Judge STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING ACTUAL SUSPENSION <input type="checkbox"/> PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED	
In the Matter of: LINDA KAYE SWARTZ Bar # 154596 A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)		

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted **December 16, 1991**.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of **12** pages, not including the order.
- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."



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- (5) Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of Law".
- (6) The parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading "Supporting Authority."
- (7) No more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any pending investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.
- (8) Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & 6140.7. (Check one option only):
- Until costs are paid in full, Respondent will remain actually suspended from the practice of law unless relief is obtained per rule 5.130, Rules of Procedure.
 - Costs are to be paid in equal amounts prior to February 1 for the following membership years: (Hardship, special circumstances or other good cause per rule 5.132, Rules of Procedure.) If Respondent fails to pay any installment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar Court, the remaining balance is due and payable immediately.
 - Costs are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs".
 - Costs are entirely waived.

B. Aggravating Circumstances [Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct, standards 1.2(f) & 1.5]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are required.

- (1) **Prior record of discipline**
- (a) State Bar Court case # of prior case
 - (b) Date prior discipline effective
 - (c) Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:
 - (d) Degree of prior discipline
 - (e) If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below.
- (2) **Dishonesty:** Respondent's misconduct was intentional, surrounded by, or followed by bad faith, dishonesty, concealment, overreaching or other violations of the State Bar Act or Rules of Professional Conduct.
- (3) **Trust Violation:** Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property.
- (4) **Harm:** Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public or the administration of justice. **See Attachment to Stipulation at p. 10.**
- (5) **Indifference:** Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct. **See Attachment to Stipulation at p. 9.**
- (6) **Lack of Cooperation:** Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation or proceedings.

- (7) **Multiple/Pattern of Misconduct:** Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing or demonstrates a pattern of misconduct. **See Attachment to Stipulation at p. 10.**
- (8) **Restitution:** Respondent failed to make restitution.
- (9) **No aggravating circumstances** are involved.

Additional aggravating circumstances:

C. Mitigating Circumstances [see standards 1.2(g) & 1.6]. Facts supporting mitigating circumstances are required.

- (1) **No Prior Discipline:** Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not deemed serious.
- (2) **No Harm:** Respondent did not harm the client, the public, or the administration of justice.
- (3) **Candor/Cooperation:** Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct and to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation and proceedings.
- (4) **Remorse:** Respondent promptly took objective steps spontaneously demonstrating remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.
- (5) **Restitution:** Respondent paid \$ _____ on _____ in restitution to _____ without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.
- (6) **Delay:** These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.
- (7) **Good Faith:** Respondent acted with a good faith belief that was honestly held and reasonable.
- (8) **Emotional/Physical Difficulties:** At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical or mental disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and the difficulties or disabilities no longer pose a risk that Respondent will commit misconduct.
- (9) **Severe Financial Stress:** At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.
- (10) **Family Problems:** At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.
- (11) **Good Character:** Respondent's extraordinarily good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.
- (12) **Rehabilitation:** Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by convincing proof of subsequent rehabilitation.

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(13) No mitigating circumstances are involved.

Additional mitigating circumstances:

No Prior Discipline - See Attachment to Stipulation at p. 10.
Pre-filing Stipulation - See Attachment to Stipulation at p. 10.

D. Discipline:

(1) **Stayed Suspension:**

(a) Respondent must be suspended from the practice of law for a period of **two years**.

i. and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and present fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1) Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.

ii. and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.

iii. and until Respondent does the following:

(b) The above-referenced suspension is stayed.

(2) **Probation:**

Respondent must be placed on probation for a period of **two years**, which will commence upon the effective date of the Supreme Court order in this matter. (See rule 9.18, California Rules of Court)

(3) **Actual Suspension:**

(a) Respondent must be actually suspended from the practice of law in the State of California for a period of **30 days**.

i. and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and present fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct

ii. and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.

iii. and until Respondent does the following:

E. Additional Conditions of Probation:

(1) If Respondent is actually suspended for two years or more, he/she must remain actually suspended until he/she proves to the State Bar Court his/her rehabilitation, fitness to practice, and learning and ability in the general law, pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.

(2) During the probation period, Respondent must comply with the provisions of the State Bar Act and Rules of Professional Conduct.

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- (3) Within ten (10) days of any change, Respondent must report to the Membership Records Office of the State Bar and to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of information, including current office address and telephone number, or other address for State Bar purposes, as prescribed by section 6002.1 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (4) Within thirty (30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Probation and schedule a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and conditions of probation. Upon the direction of the Office of Probation, Respondent must meet with the probation deputy either in-person or by telephone. During the period of probation, Respondent must promptly meet with the probation deputy as directed and upon request.
- (5) Respondent must submit written quarterly reports to the Office of Probation on each January 10, April 10, July 10, and October 10 of the period of probation. Under penalty of perjury, Respondent must state whether Respondent has complied with the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all conditions of probation during the preceding calendar quarter. Respondent must also state whether there are any proceedings pending against him or her in the State Bar Court and if so, the case number and current status of that proceeding. If the first report would cover less than 30 days, that report must be submitted on the next quarter date, and cover the extended period.

In addition to all quarterly reports, a final report, containing the same information, is due no earlier than twenty (20) days before the last day of the period of probation and no later than the last day of probation.

- (6) Respondent must be assigned a probation monitor. Respondent must promptly review the terms and conditions of probation with the probation monitor to establish a manner and schedule of compliance. During the period of probation, Respondent must furnish to the monitor such reports as may be requested, in addition to the quarterly reports required to be submitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must cooperate fully with the probation monitor.
- (7) Subject to assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully any inquiries of the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which are directed to Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has complied with the probation conditions.
- (8) Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.
- No Ethics School recommended. Reason: .
- (9) Respondent must comply with all conditions of probation imposed in the underlying criminal matter and must so declare under penalty of perjury in conjunction with any quarterly report to be filed with the Office of Probation.
- (10) The following conditions are attached hereto and incorporated:
- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Substance Abuse Conditions | <input type="checkbox"/> Law Office Management Conditions |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Medical Conditions | <input type="checkbox"/> Financial Conditions |

F. Other Conditions Negotiated by the Parties:

- (1) **Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination:** Respondent must provide proof of passage of the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination ("MPRE"), administered by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, to the Office of Probation during the period of actual suspension or within one year, whichever period is longer. **Failure to pass the MPRE results in actual suspension without**

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further hearing until passage. But see rule 9.10(b), California Rules of Court, and rule 5.162(A) & (E), Rules of Procedure.

- No MPRE recommended. Reason:
- (2) **Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court:** Respondent must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 30 and 40 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.
- (3) **Conditional Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court:** If Respondent remains actually suspended for 90 days or more, he/she must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 120 and 130 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.
- (4) **Credit for Interim Suspension [conviction referral cases only]:** Respondent will be credited for the period of his/her interim suspension toward the stipulated period of actual suspension. Date of commencement of interim suspension:
- (5) **Other Conditions:**

10. On January 27, 2012, Barr filed a complaint against respondent with the State Bar.

11. After repeated communications between the State Bar and respondent, in which respondent promised that she would take the necessary steps to assist Barr in obtaining reimbursement for his meal expenses, respondent met with Barr on October 24, 2012. Respondent again agreed to help Barr obtain reimbursement for his meal expenses.

12. Following the October 24, 2012 discussion with Barr, respondent again failed to take any steps on behalf of Barr to obtain reimbursement for his meal expenses.

13. Over a year later, on November 22, 2013, respondent sent a letter to Barr in which she apologized for the delay in resolving the meal reimbursement issue, and stated that she would file a Declaration of Readiness to Proceed with the Workers' Compensation Appeals Board on November 25, 2013.

14. Respondent failed to file the Declaration of Readiness on behalf of Barr until March 26, 2014.

15. To date, Barr's meal reimbursement claim is still pending before the Workers' Compensation Appeals Board.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

16. By failing to timely take the necessary steps to secure reimbursement for Barr's meal and mileage expenses, including failing to timely contact Springfield Insurance Company and failing to timely file a Declaration of Readiness to Proceed with the Workers' Compensation Appeals Board, respondent intentionally, recklessly, or repeatedly failed to perform legal services with competence in willful violation of Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-110(A).

Case No. 14-O-00855 (Complainant: Sheron Colleton)

FACTS:

17. On August 9, 2008, Sheron Colleton ("Colleton") was injured in a slip and fall accident at Galt Mobile Estates. Her medical expenses were advanced by Medicare.

18. In late August 2008, Colleton hired respondent to represent her in a personal injury lawsuit against Galt Mobile Estates.

19. On August 5, 2010, respondent filed a personal injury lawsuit on behalf of Colleton in Sacramento Superior Court, *Sheron Colleton v. Galt Mobile Estates*, Case No. 34-2010-00084337.

20. On March 16, 2011, respondent informed Colleton that there was a settlement offer that would net Colleton \$12,923.33 after all expenses, including fees, costs and medical liens.

21. On March 16, 2011, Colleton signed a Release of All Claims.

22. On June 3, 2011, Medicare sent a letter to respondent notifying her of Medicare's priority right to reimbursement from the settlement proceeds in the personal injury lawsuit.

23. Sometime after June 3, 2011, respondent advised opposing counsel, Keith Chidlaw, that Colleton wished to contest Medicare's right of reimbursement, and that respondent would negotiate with Medicare over the proper amount of reimbursement owed.

24. For approximately the next two years, respondent took no further steps to negotiate with Medicare the proper amount of reimbursement owed by Colleton.

25. On May 13, 2013, Colleton executed a second Release of All Claims and returned it to respondent. The new Release included a clause which stated that settlement proceeds would be distributed to Colleton and respondent after receipt of a Final Determination Letter from Medicare.

26. Thereafter, respondent failed to follow-up with Medicare in order to obtain a Final Determination Letter or to negotiate the amount of reimbursement owed.

27. As a result of respondent's failure to follow-up with Medicare, Medicare determined, albeit incorrectly, that Colleton's personal injury case had settled, and that settlement funds had been distributed. Medicare referred the medical lien to the Department of Treasury for collection.

28. On March 7, 2014, the Department of Treasury wrote a letter to Colleton stating that she was delinquent on paying Medicare's medical lien.

29. On March 18, 2014, the Department of Treasury sent a payment agreement to Colleton under which Colleton was to pay \$16,799.40 to reimburse Medicare.

30. Beginning on March 19, 2014, respondent engaged in multiple communications with the Department of Treasury, and was able to stop collection efforts against Colleton.

31. On July 7, 2014, Colleton terminated respondent's legal services via letter.

32. To date, the settlement proceeds in the personal injury lawsuit remain held in trust by Keith Chidlaw.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

33. By failing to negotiate the amount of reimbursement owed to Medicare and failing to obtain a Final Determination Letter from Medicare, Respondent intentionally, recklessly, or repeatedly failed to perform legal services with competence in willful violation of Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-110(A).

AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Indifference (Std. 1.5(g)): Respondent demonstrated indifference by failing to take any action on Barr's behalf with regards to obtaining reimbursement for Barr's meal and mileage expenses, notwithstanding the fact that respondent repeatedly promised both Barr and the State Bar that she would do so. Respondent's demonstrated indifference constitutes an aggravating circumstance pursuant to Standard 1.5(g).

Multiple Acts of Misconduct (Std. 1.5(b)): Respondent committed two acts of misconduct in two client matters. Respondent's multiple acts of misconduct constitute an aggravating circumstance pursuant to Standard 1.5(b).

Harm (Std. 1.5(f)): Respondent's misconduct caused substantial financial harm to Barr because he has waited over four years, and is still waiting, to be reimbursed for his meal expenses. Respondent's misconduct caused substantial financial harm to Colleton because Colleton has waited over three years, and is still waiting, to obtain her share of the settlement proceeds in the personal injury lawsuit. The substantial financial harm suffered by Barr and Colleton constitutes an aggravating factor pursuant to Standard 1.5(f).

ADDITIONAL FACTS RE MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

No Prior Discipline: Although Respondent's misconduct is serious, she is entitled to mitigation for having practiced law for approximately 23 years without discipline. (*In the Matter of Riordan* (Review Dept. 2007) 5 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 41, 49.)

Prefiling Stipulation: Respondent is entitled to mitigation for entering into a full stipulation with the Office of Chief Trial Counsel prior to the State Bar filing a Notice of Disciplinary Charges, thereby saving State Bar Court time and resources. (*Silva-Vidor v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigative credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability].)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct "set forth a means for determining the appropriate disciplinary sanction in a particular case and to ensure consistency across cases dealing with similar misconduct and surrounding circumstances." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, std. 1.1. All further references to Standards are to this source.) The Standards help fulfill the primary purposes of discipline, which include: protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; maintenance of the highest professional standards; and preservation of public confidence in the legal profession. (See std. 1.1; *In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205.)

Although not binding, the standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (*In re Silvertown* (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting *In re Brown* (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and *In re Young* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (*In re Naney* (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) If a recommendation is at the high end or low end of a Standard, an explanation must be given as to how the recommendation was reached. (Std. 1.1.) "Any disciplinary recommendation that deviates from the Standards must include clear reasons for the departure." (Std. 1.1; *Blair v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

In determining whether to impose a sanction greater or less than that specified in a given Standard, in addition to the factors set forth in the specific Standard, consideration is to be given to the primary purposes of discipline; the balancing of all aggravating and mitigating circumstances; the type of misconduct at issue; whether the client, public, legal system or profession was harmed; and the member's willingness and ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. (Stds. 1.7(b) and (c).)

Here, respondent violated Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-110 in two client matters. The applicable Standard is Standard 2.5(b) which provides that “[a]ctual suspension is appropriate for failing to perform legal services or properly communicate in multiple client matters, not demonstrating a pattern of misconduct.” Respondent failed to perform in two client matters, and so an actual suspension is warranted under Standard 2.5(b). A level of discipline at the low end of the Standard is appropriate because respondent adequately handled both client matters other than failing to perform discrete tasks in each matter. Respondent’s misconduct is also mitigated by no prior record of discipline and by entering into a pre-filing stipulation with the State Bar.

In *Bach v. State Bar* (1991) 52 Cal.3d 1201, the California Supreme Court ordered respondent Bach actually suspended from the practice of law for thirty days, for failing to perform legal services competently for a single client, failing to communicate with his client, withdrawing from representation without client consent or court approval, failing to refund unearned fees, and failing to cooperate in the State Bar’s investigation. *Id.* at 1205. The Court noted that respondent had 26 years of prior practice with no discipline. *Id.* at 1204, 1208. The Court also found that respondent’s refusal to accept any responsibility for the harm caused to his client, was an aggravating factor. *Id.* at 1209.

Here, respondent’s misconduct is of similar magnitude to that of attorney Bach. Although attorney Bach only failed to perform in a single client matter, he engaged in more acts of misconduct. Notwithstanding the fact that attorney Bach engaged in more acts of misconduct overall, respondent’s misconduct is subject to more aggravating factors than attorney Bach’s misconduct.

Balancing all of the appropriate factors, a 30-day actual suspension is consistent with the Standards and *Bach*, and is appropriate taking into consideration the facts and circumstances of this case.

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of the Chief Trial Counsel has informed Respondent that as of July 29, 2014, the prosecution costs in this matter are \$3,947. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

EXCLUSION FROM MCLE CREDIT

Pursuant to rule 3201, Respondent may not receive MCLE credit for completion of State Bar Ethics School. (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 3201.)

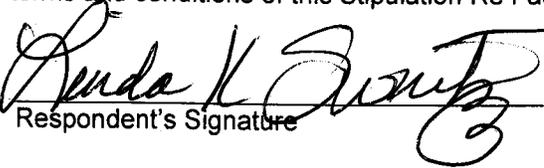
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In the Matter of: LINDA KAYE SWARTZ	Case number(s): 14-O-00855; 14-O-01064
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SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

By their signatures below, the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the recitations and each of the terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Facts, Conclusions of Law, and Disposition.

8/4/14
Date


Respondent's Signature

Linda Kaye Swartz
Print Name

8/6/14
Date


Deputy Trial Counsel's Signature

Heather E. Abelson
Print Name

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In the Matter of: LINDA KAYE SWARTZ	Case Number(s): 14-O-00855; 14-O-01064
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ACTUAL SUSPENSION ORDER

Finding the stipulation to be fair to the parties and that it adequately protects the public, IT IS ORDERED that the requested dismissal of counts/charges, if any, is GRANTED without prejudice, and:

- The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED and the DISCIPLINE RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.
- The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the DISCIPLINE IS RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.
- All Hearing dates are vacated.

The parties are bound by the stipulation as approved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed within 15 days after service of this order, is granted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved stipulation. (See rule 5.58(E) & (F), Rules of Procedure.) **The effective date of this disposition is the effective date of the Supreme Court order herein, normally 30 days after file date. (See rule 9.18(a), California Rules of Court.)**

Date

Aug. 15, 2014

Judge of the State Bar Court

LUCY ARMENDARIZ

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of San Francisco, on August 15, 2014, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

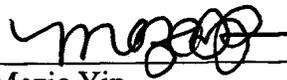
- by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at San Francisco, California, addressed as follows:

LINDA K. SWARTZ
5345 N EL DORADO #7
STOCKTON, CA 95207

- by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

HEATHER ABELSON, Enforcement, San Francisco

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in San Francisco, California, on August 15, 2014.



Mazie Yip
Case Administrator
State Bar Court