PUBLIC MATTER



STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE SAN FRANCISCO

STATE BAR COURT OF CALIFORNIA HEARING DEPARTMENT – SAN FRANCISCO

| In the Matter of |) Case No.: 14-O-00950-PEM |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| REYNOLDO L. OCHOA, |) DECISION AND ORDER OF |
| Member No. 103771, | involuntary inactive enrollment |
| A Member of the State Bar. |) |

Respondent **Reynoldo L. Ochoa** (respondent) was charged with three counts of violations of the Rules of Professional Conduct and the Business and Professions Code.¹ He failed to participate, either in person or through counsel, and his default was entered. The Office of the Chief Trial Counsel (State Bar) filed a petition for disbarment under rule 5.85 of the Rules of Procedure of the State Bar.²

Rule 5.85 provides the procedure to follow when an attorney fails to participate in a disciplinary proceeding after receiving adequate notice and opportunity. The rule provides that, if an attorney's default is entered for failing to respond to the notice of disciplinary charges

² Unless otherwise indicated, all references to rules are to this source.



¹ Unless otherwise indicated, all further references to section(s) refer to provisions of the Business and Professions Code.

(NDC), and the attorney fails to have the default set aside or vacated within 90 days, the State Bar will file a petition requesting the court to recommend the attorney's disbarment.³

In the instant case, the court concludes that the requirements of rule 5.85 have been satisfied and, therefore, grants the petition and recommends that respondent be disbarred from the practice of law.

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

Respondent was admitted to practice law in this state on July 14, 1982, and has been a member since then.

Procedural Requirements Have Been Satisfied

On December 9, 2014, the State Bar properly filed and served the NDC on respondent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to his membership records address. The NDC notified respondent that his failure to participate in the proceeding would result in a disbarment recommendation. (Rule 5.41.) Even though the return receipt was not received by the State Bar, the U.S.P.S. website tracking search indicated that the NDC was delivered to respondent on December 11, 2014. On January 16, 2015, the State Bar sent respondent an email with a copy of the NDC attached, informing him that failure to file a response to the NDC would result in the entry of his default. To date, respondent has not contacted the State Bar.

Respondent failed to file a response to the NDC. On January 20, 2015, the State Bar properly filed and served a motion for entry of respondent's default. The motion complied with all the requirements for a default, including a supporting declaration of reasonable diligence by the State Bar deputy trial counsel declaring the additional steps taken to provide notice to respondent. (Rule 5.80.) The motion also notified respondent that, if he did not timely move to

³ If the court determines that any due process requirements are not satisfied, including adequate notice to the attorney, it must deny the petition for disbarment and take other appropriate action to ensure that the matter is promptly resolved. (Rule 5.85(F)(2).)

set aside his default, the court would recommend his disbarment. Respondent did not file a response to the motion, and his default was entered on February 18, 2015. The order entering the default was served on respondent at his membership records address by certified mail, return receipt requested. The court also ordered respondent's involuntary inactive enrollment as a member of the State Bar under Business and Professions Code section 6007, subdivision (e), effective three days after service of the order. He has remained inactively enrolled since that time.

Respondent did not seek to have his default set aside or vacated. (Rule 5.83(C)(1) [attorney has 90 days to file motion to set aside default].)

On May 27, 2015, the State Bar properly filed and served the petition for disbarment on respondent at his official membership records address. As required by rule 5.85(A), the State Bar reported in the petition that: (1) there has been no contact with respondent since his default was entered; (2) there are two investigation matters pending against respondent; (3) respondent has two records of prior discipline; and (4) the Client Security Fund has not paid any claims as a result of respondent's misconduct.

Respondent has not responded to the petition for disbarment or moved to set aside or vacate the default. The case was submitted for decision on July 7, 2015.

Prior Record of Discipline

Respondent has been disciplined on two prior occasions.⁴ On November 1, 1990, respondent was privately reproved for misconduct in one client matter, including failure to perform legal services with competence. Respondent and the State Bar entered into a stipulation in this prior matter.

⁴ The court admits into evidence the certified copies of respondent's prior records of discipline that were attached to the State Bar's May 27, 2015 petition for disbarment after default.

On February 6, 1992, respondent was publicly reproved for misconduct in two client matters, including failure to perform legal services with competence and failure to communicate.

Respondent and the State Bar entered into a stipulation in this prior matter.

The Admitted Factual Allegations Warrant the Imposition of Discipline

Upon entry of respondent's default, the factual allegations in the NDC are deemed admitted and no further proof is required to establish the truth of such facts. (Rule 5.82.) As set forth below in greater detail, the factual allegations in the NDC support the conclusion that respondent is culpable as charged and, therefore, violated a statute, rule or court order that would warrant the imposition of discipline. (Rule 5.85(F)(1)(d).)

Case Number 14-O-00950 (Aguiar Matter)

Count 1 - Respondent willfully violated rule 3-700(D)(2) of the Rules of Professional Conduct (failure to return unearned fees) by failing to return any portion of the \$1,300 unearned attorney fees to his client, Sean Aguiar, upon the termination of his employment on December 27, 2013.

Count 2 - Respondent willfully violated rule 3-110(A) of the Rules of Professional Conduct (failure to perform legal services with competence) by failing to file a substitution of attorney and by failing to file a motion to vacate or set aside a default on behalf of his client.

Count 3 - Respondent willfully violated section 6068, subdivision (i) (failure to cooperate with the State Bar in a disciplinary investigation), by failing to provide a substantive response to the State Bar's March 11 and 25, 2014 letters.

Disbarment Is Recommended

Based on the above, the court concludes that the requirements of rule 5.85(F) have been satisfied, and respondent's disbarment is recommended. In particular:

(1) the NDC was properly served on respondent under rule 5.25;

- (2) reasonable diligence was used to notify respondent of the proceedings prior to the entry of his default;
 - (3) the default was properly entered under rule 5.80; and
- (4) the factual allegations in the NDC, deemed admitted by the entry of the default, support a finding that respondent violated a statute, rule or court order that would warrant the imposition of discipline.

Despite adequate notice and opportunity, respondent failed to participate in this disciplinary proceeding. As set forth in the Rules of Procedure of the State Bar, the court recommends disbarment.

RECOMMENDATION

Disbarment

The court recommends that respondent **Reynoldo L. Ochoa**, State Bar number 103771, be disbarred from the practice of law in the State of California and that his name be stricken from the roll of attorneys.

Restitution

The court also recommends that respondent be ordered to make restitution to Sean Aguiar in the amount of \$1,300 plus 10 percent interest per year from December 27, 2013.

Any restitution owed to the Client Security Fund is enforceable as provided in Business and Professions Code section 6140.5, subdivisions (c) and (d).

California Rules of Court, Rule 9.20

The court also recommends that respondent be ordered to comply with the requirements of California Rules of Court, rule 9.20, and to perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 30 and 40 days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court order in this proceeding.

Costs

The court further recommends that costs be awarded to the State Bar in accordance with

Business and Professions Code section 6086.10, such costs being enforceable both as provided in

Business and Professions Code section 6140.7 and as a money judgment.

ORDER OF INVOLUNTARY INACTIVE ENROLLMENT

In accordance with Business and Professions Code section 6007, subdivision (c)(4), the

court orders that Reynoldo L. Ochoa, State Bar number 103771, be involuntarily enrolled as an

inactive member of the State Bar of California, effective three calendar days after the service of

this decision and order. (Rule 5.111(D).)

Dated: September 14, 2015

PAT McELROY

Judge of the State Bar Court

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of San Francisco, On September 14, 2015, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

DECISION AND ORDER OF INVOLUNTARY INACTIVE ENROLLMENT

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at San Francisco, California, addressed as follows:

REYNALDO L. OCHOA 1245 E ALMOND AVE ORANGE, CA 92711

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

Hugh Gerard Radigan, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in San Francisco, California, on September 14, 2015.

Lauretta Cramer Case Administrator State Bar Court