

(Do not write above this line.)

State	Bar Court of Califorr Hearing Department Los Angeles ACTUAL SUSPENSION	nia
Counsel For The State Bar	Case Number(s): 14-O-01611	For Court use only
Lori Brodbeck		
Contract Attorney		לולו וזכו
845 S. Figueroa Street		FILED
Los Angeles, CA 90017		
(213) 765-1075		FEB 17 2015
Bar # 291116		STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE LOS ANGELES
In Pro Per Respondent	7	
Richard Dennis Coats 204 Hampden Terrace Alhambra, CA 91801 (310) 383-2064	PUBLIC	CMATTER
	Submitted to: Settlement Ju	dge
Bar # 117285	STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND	
In the Matter of: RICHARD DENNIS COATS	DISPOSITION AND ORDER	APPROVING
•	ACTUAL SUSPENSION	
Bar # 117285	☐ PREVIOUS STIPULATIO	N REJECTED
A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)		

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted January 24, 1985.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of **10** pages, not including the order.
- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."
- (5) Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of Law".



(Effective January 1, 2014)

(Do I	not writ	te above this line.)			
(6)	The	e parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading			
	"Sı	upporting Authority."			
(7)	No more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any pending investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.				
(8)	Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & 6140.7. (Check one option only):				
		Until costs are paid in full, Respondent will remain actually suspended from the practice of law unless relief is obtained per rule 5.130, Rules of Procedure.			
	Costs are to be paid in equal amounts prior to February 1 for the following membership years: the three billing cycles following the effective date of the Supreme Court order in this matter. (Hardship, special circumstances or other good cause per rule 5.132, Rules of Procedure.) If Respondent fails to pay any installment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar Court, the remaining balance is due and payable immediately.				
		Costs are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs". Costs are entirely waived.			
R	Δααι	ravating Circumstances [Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional			
i	Misc	conduct, standards 1.2(f) & 1.5]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are lired.			
(1)	☐ (a)	Prior record of discipline ☐ State Bar Court case # of prior case			
	(b)	☐ Date prior discipline effective			
	(c)	Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:			
	(d)	☐ Degree of prior discipline			
	(e)	☐ If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below.			
(2)	П	Dishonesty: Respondent's misconduct was intentional, surrounded by, or followed by bad faith, dishonesty, concealment, overreaching or other violations of the State Bar Act or Rules of Professional Conduct.			
(3)		Trust Violation: Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property.			
(4)		Harm: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public or the administration of justice.			
(5)		Indifference: Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.			
(6)		Lack of Cooperation: Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation or proceedings.			

(D	o not write	e above this line.)		
(7)	Multiple/Pattern of Misconduct: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing or demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.		
(8) 🗆	Restitution: Respondent failed to make restitution.		
(9) 🛛	No aggravating circumstances are involved.		
A	ddition	al aggravating circumstances:		
С		ating Circumstances [see standards 1.2(g) & 1.6]. Facts supporting mitigating imstances are required.		
(1) 🗆	No Prior Discipline: Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not deemed serious.		
(2) 🗆	No Harm: Respondent did not harm the client, the public, or the administration of justice.		
(3)	Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct and to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation and proceedings.		
(4) 🗆	Remorse: Respondent promptly took objective steps spontaneously demonstrating remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.		
(5) 🗆	Restitution: Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.		
(6) 🗆	Delay: These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.		
(7) 🗆	Good Faith: Respondent acted with a good faith belief that was honestly held and reasonable.		
(8) 🗆	Emotional/Physical Difficulties: At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical or mental disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and the difficulties or disabilities no longer pose a risk that Respondent will commit misconduct.		
(9) [Severe Financial Stress: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.		
(1	0) 🗆	Family Problems: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.		
(1	1) 🛚	Good Character: Respondent's extraordinarily good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.		
(1	2) 🗀	Rehabilitation: Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by convincing proof of subsequent rehabilitation.		
(1	3) 🗌	No mitigating circumstances are involved.		

No Prior Discipline. See Attachment, page 7. Pretrial Stipulation. See Attachment, page 7.

D.	Dis	cip	lin	e:
----	-----	-----	-----	----

(1) Stayed Suspension:			ved Suspension:	
	(a)	\boxtimes	Respondent must be suspended from the practice of law for a period of 1 year.	
		i.	and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and present fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1) Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.	
		ii.	and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.	
		iii.	and until Respondent does the following:	
	(b)	\boxtimes	The above-referenced suspension is stayed.	
(2)	\boxtimes	Probation:		
			ent must be placed on probation for a period of 1 year , which will commence upon the effective date of eme Court order in this matter. (See rule 9.18, California Rules of Court)	
(3)	\boxtimes	Actu	ual Suspension:	
	(a)	\boxtimes	Respondent must be actually suspended from the practice of law in the State of California for a period of 30 days .	
		i.	and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and present fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct	
		ii.	and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.	
		iii.	and until Respondent does the following:	
E. <i>A</i>	\ddi1	tiona	al Conditions of Probation:	
(1)		he/s	espondent is actually suspended for two years or more, he/she must remain actually suspended until the proves to the State Bar Court his/her rehabilitation, fitness to practice, and learning and ability in the eral law, pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.	
(2)	\boxtimes			
(3)		State	in ten (10) days of any change, Respondent must report to the Membership Records Office of the e Bar and to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of mation, including current office address and telephone number, or other address for State Bar oses, as prescribed by section 6002.1 of the Business and Professions Code.	

(DO II	ot wnt	e above	ve this line.)	
(4)		Within thirty (30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Probation and schedule a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and conditions of probation. Upon the direction of the Office of Probation, Respondent must meet with the probation deputy either in-person or by telephone. During the period of probation, Respondent must promptly meet with the probation deputy as directed and upon request. Respondent must submit written quarterly reports to the Office of Probation on each January 10, April 10, July 10, and October 10 of the period of probation. Under penalty of perjury, Respondent must state whether Respondent has complied with the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all conditions of probation during the preceding calendar quarter. Respondent must also state whether there are any proceedings pending against him or her in the State Bar Court and if so, the case number and current status of that proceeding. If the first report would cover less than 30 days, that report must be submitted on the next quarter date, and cover the extended period.		
		In ac	ddition to all quarterly reports, a final report, conta nty (20) days before the last day of the period of p	nining the same information, is due no earlier than probation and no later than the last day of probation.
(6)		Respondent must be assigned a probation monitor. Respondent must promptly review the terms and conditions of probation with the probation monitor to establish a manner and schedule of compliance. During the period of probation, Respondent must furnish to the monitor such reports as may be requested in addition to the quarterly reports required to be submitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must cooperate fully with the probation monitor.		
(7)		Subject to assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully any inquiries of the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which are directed to Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has complied with the probation conditions.		
(8)		Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.		
			No Ethics School recommended. Reason:	•
(9)		Respondent must comply with all conditions of probation imposed in the underlying criminal matter and must so declare under penalty of perjury in conjunction with any quarterly report to be filed with the Office of Probation.		
(10)		The	following conditions are attached hereto and inco	rporated:
			Substance Abuse Conditions	Law Office Management Conditions
			Medical Conditions	Financial Conditions
F. O	the	r Cor	nditions Negotiated by the Parties:	
(1)		the Cor one fur (E)	e Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination onference of Bar Examiners, to the Office of Proba e year, whichever period is longer. Failure to page	on: Respondent must provide proof of passage of on ("MPRE"), administered by the National ation during the period of actual suspension or within ss the MPRE results in actual suspension without by, California Rules of Court, and rule 5.162(A) &

(Do no	ot write	above this line.)
(2)		Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court: Respondent must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 30 and 40 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.
(3)		Conditional Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court: If Respondent remains actually suspended for 90 days or more, he/she must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 120 and 130 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.
(4)		Credit for Interim Suspension [conviction referral cases only]: Respondent will be credited for the period of his/her interim suspension toward the stipulated period of actual suspension. Date of commencement of interim suspension:
(5)		Other Conditions:

ATTACHMENT TO

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF:

RICHARD DENNIS COATS

CASE NUMBER:

14-0-01611

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that he is culpable of violations of the specified statutes and/or Rules of Professional Conduct.

Case No. 14-O-01611 (State Bar Investigation)

FACTS:

- 1. As a member of the State Bar, Respondent was required to complete 25 hours of minimum continuing legal education ("MCLE") during the period commencing February 1, 2010, and ending January 31, 2013 (the "compliance period"). Respondent was also required to report his compliance with the MCLE requirements to the State Bar following the compliance period.
- 2. On February 1, 2013, Respondent reported under penalty of perjury to the State Bar that he was in compliance with the MCLE requirements, and, in particular, that he had completed the required MCLE hours during the compliance period.
- 3. Respondent has no proof that he completed any hours of the required MCLE courses within the compliance period.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

4. By reporting under penalty of perjury to the State Bar that he was in compliance with the MCLE requirements when he knew that he was not in compliance with the MCLE requirements, Respondent committed an act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty or corruption in wilful violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6106.

ADDITIONAL FACTS RE: MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

No Prior Discipline: Respondent has been an attorney since January 24, 1985, and has no record of discipline, which is entitled to significant mitigation. (See *Friedman v. State* Bar (1990) 50 Cal.3d 235, 242 [20 years in the practice of law without discipline is afforded significant weight in mitigation].)

Pretrial Stipulation: Respondent admitted to the misconduct and entered into this stipulation to fully resolve this matter. Respondent's cooperation at this early stage has saved the State Bar significant resources and time. (*Silva-Vidor v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigative credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability].)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct "set forth a means for determining the appropriate disciplinary sanction in a particular case and to ensure consistency across cases dealing with similar misconduct and surrounding circumstances." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, std. 1.1. All further references to the Standards are to this source.) The Standards help fulfill the primary purposes of discipline, which include: protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; maintenance of the highest professional standards; and preservation of public confidence in the legal profession. (See std. 1.1; *In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205.)

Although not binding, the Standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (In re Silverton (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting In re Brown (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and In re Young (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the Standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (In re Naney (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) If a recommendation is at the high end or low end of a standard, an explanation must be given as to how the recommendation was reached. (Std. 1.1.) "Any disciplinary recommendation that deviates from the Standards must include clear reasons for the departure." (Std. 1.1; Blair v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

In determining whether to impose a sanction greater or less than that specified in a given standard, in addition to the factors set forth in the specific standard, consideration is to be given to the primary purposes of discipline; the balancing of all aggravating and mitigating circumstances; the type of misconduct at issue; whether the client, public, legal system or profession was harmed; and the member's willingness and ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. (Stds. 1.7(b) and (c).)

The applicable standard is found in standard 2.7, which applies to respondent's misrepresentation and provides:

Disbarment or actual suspension is appropriate for an act of moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, corruption or concealment of a material fact. The degree of sanction depends on the magnitude of the misconduct and the extent to which the misconduct harmed or misled the victim and related to the member's practice of law.

Here, actual suspension is appropriate because respondent's misrepresentation to the State Bar regarding his MCLE compliance was an act of dishonesty directly related to the practice of law and calls into question his fitness to practice law. Misrepresentations are compounded when made in writing under penalty of perjury, like in this case, which thereby includes an imprimatur of veracity which should place a reasonable person on notice to take care that their statement is accurate, complete and true. (In the Matter of Maloney and Virsik (Review Dept. 2005) 4 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 774, 786.) Because there are no aggravating factors and there is mitigation for respondent's 28 years of discipline-free legal practice, the discipline for this misconduct should fall on the lower end of the standard requiring actual suspension. For these reasons, while respondent's misconduct is serious and undermines public confidence in the profession, 30-days of actual suspension is appropriate in this case.

Guidance on the level of discipline to be imposed in this matter can be found in the unreported decision of *In the Matter of Yee* (Review Dept. 2014), 2014 WL 3748590. In *Yee*, the Review Department found that an attorney's false affirmation of that she completed the MCLE requirements constituted an act of moral turpitude, which requires discipline under standard 2.7. While Yee was found to have been grossly negligent and committed an act of moral turpitude by providing no proof of taking MCLE courses during her compliance period, she was only publicly reproved. The Review Department found that her 22-year, discipline-free career, her candor and cooperation with the State Bar, her extraordinary good character, her remorse and recognition of wrongdoing, and her pro bono work and community service provided enough mitigation to warrant a reproval rather than an actual suspension.

Here, like with Yee, respondent made a misrepresentation under penalty of perjury in order to circumvent continuing legal educational requirements established for the purpose of enhancing attorney competence and protecting the public. But unlike in Yee, respondent has less mitigation, and so deviation from standard 2.7 is not appropriate. In light of the totality of the facts and circumstances surrounding respondent's misconduct, discipline consisting of a one-year stayed suspension, including 30-days of actual suspension and a one-year period of probation with conditions, is appropriate to protect the public, the courts and the legal profession, to maintain high professional standards by attorneys, and to preserve public confidence in the legal profession.

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of the Chief Trial Counsel has informed Respondent that as of June 25, 2014, the prosecution costs in this matter are \$2,992. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

EXCLUSION FROM MCLE CREDIT

Pursuant to rule 3201, Respondent may <u>not</u> receive MCLE credit for completion State Bar Ethics School. (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 3201.)

n the Matter of:	Case number(s):	•
ICHARD DENNIS COATS	14-O-01611	
	11.0 01011	

SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

By their signatures below, the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the recitations and each of the terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Facts, Conclusions of Law, and Disposition.

12/24/2014	Kilmy Lines	Kichard Cords
Date	Respondent's Signature	Print Name
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Date	Respondent's Counsel Signature	Print Name
1/8/2015	1 Dusing	LORI BRODBECK
Date	Deputy Trial Counsel's Signature	Print Name

GEORGE E. SCOTT, JUDGE PRO TEM

Judge of the State Bar Court

Date

2-13-15

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of Los Angeles, on February 17, 2015, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at Los Angeles, California, addressed as follows:

RICHARD DENNIS COATS LAW OFFICE OF RICHARD D COATS 204 HAMPDEN TERRACE ALHAMBRA, CA 91801

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

LORI BRODBECK, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in Los Angeles, California, on February 17, 2015.

Angela Carpenter
Case Administrator
State Bar Court