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State Bar Court of California Hearing Department Los Angeles ACTUAL SUSPENSION			PUBLIC MATTER
Counsel For The State Bar Nina Sarraf-Yazdi Deputy Trial Counsel 845 South Figueroa Los Angeles, California 90017 (213) 765-1277 Bar # 278877	Case Number(s): 15-H-10580	For Court use only <div style="text-align: center;"> FILED  JUL 06 2015 STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE LOS ANGELES </div>	
Counsel For Respondent Bar #	Submitted to: Settlement Judge		
In the Matter of: WILLIAM RALPH WALZ Bar # 136995 A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)	STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING ACTUAL SUSPENSION <input type="checkbox"/> PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED		

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted **December 7, 1988**
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of **11** pages, not including the order.
- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."
- (5) Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of Law".





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- (6) The parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading "Supporting Authority."
- (7) No more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any pending investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.
- (8) Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & 6140.7. (Check one option only):
- Until costs are paid in full, Respondent will remain actually suspended from the practice of law unless relief is obtained per rule 5.130, Rules of Procedure.
 - Costs are to be paid in equal amounts prior to February 1 for the following membership years: **two billing cycles following the effective date of the Supreme Court Order.** (Hardship, special circumstances or other good cause per rule 5.132, Rules of Procedure.) If Respondent fails to pay any installment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar Court, the remaining balance is due and payable immediately.
 - Costs are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs".
 - Costs are entirely waived.

B. Aggravating Circumstances [Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct, standards 1.2(f) & 1.5]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are required.

- (1) **Prior record of discipline**
- (a) State Bar Court case # of prior case **13-O-14504**
 - (b) Date prior discipline effective **January 3, 2014**
 - (c) Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations: **Business and Professions Code, sections 6125, 6125 and 6068(a)**
 - (d) Degree of prior discipline **Private reproval**
 - (e) If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below.
- (2) **Dishonesty:** Respondent's misconduct was intentional, surrounded by, or followed by bad faith, dishonesty, concealment, overreaching or other violations of the State Bar Act or Rules of Professional Conduct.
- (3) **Trust Violation:** Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property.
- (4) **Harm:** Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public or the administration of justice.
- (5) **Indifference:** Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.
- (6) **Lack of Cooperation:** Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation or proceedings.

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- (7) **Multiple/Pattern of Misconduct:** Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing or demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.
- (8) **Restitution:** Respondent failed to make restitution.
- (9) **No aggravating circumstances** are involved.

Additional aggravating circumstances:

Prior record of discipline, multiple acts of misconduct, see attachment pg. 8

C. Mitigating Circumstances [see standards 1.2(g) & 1.6]. Facts supporting mitigating circumstances are required.

- (1) **No Prior Discipline:** Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not deemed serious.
- (2) **No Harm:** Respondent did not harm the client, the public, or the administration of justice.
- (3) **Candor/Cooperation:** Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct and to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation and proceedings.
- (4) **Remorse:** Respondent promptly took objective steps spontaneously demonstrating remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.
- (5) **Restitution:** Respondent paid \$ _____ on _____ in restitution to _____ without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.
- (6) **Delay:** These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.
- (7) **Good Faith:** Respondent acted with a good faith belief that was honestly held and reasonable.
- (8) **Emotional/Physical Difficulties:** At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical or mental disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and the difficulties or disabilities no longer pose a risk that Respondent will commit misconduct.
- (9) **Severe Financial Stress:** At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.
- (10) **Family Problems:** At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.
- (11) **Good Character:** Respondent's extraordinarily good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.
- (12) **Rehabilitation:** Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by convincing proof of subsequent rehabilitation.
- (13) **No mitigating circumstances** are involved.

Additional mitigating circumstances:

Good character, emotional difficulties, and pretrial stipulation, see attachment pgs. 8-9

D. Discipline:

(1) **Stayed Suspension:**

(a) Respondent must be suspended from the practice of law for a period of **one (1) year**.

i. and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and present fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1) Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.

ii. and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.

iii. and until Respondent does the following:

(b) The above-referenced suspension is stayed.

(2) **Probation:**

Respondent must be placed on probation for a period of **two (2) years**, which will commence upon the effective date of the Supreme Court order in this matter. (See rule 9.18, California Rules of Court)

(3) **Actual Suspension:**

(a) Respondent must be actually suspended from the practice of law in the State of California for a period of **thirty (30) days**.

i. and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and present fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct

ii. and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.

iii. and until Respondent does the following:

E. Additional Conditions of Probation:

(1) If Respondent is actually suspended for two years or more, he/she must remain actually suspended until he/she proves to the State Bar Court his/her rehabilitation, fitness to practice, and learning and ability in the general law, pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.

(2) During the probation period, Respondent must comply with the provisions of the State Bar Act and Rules of Professional Conduct.

(3) Within ten (10) days of any change, Respondent must report to the Membership Records Office of the State Bar and to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of information, including current office address and telephone number, or other address for State Bar purposes, as prescribed by section 6002.1 of the Business and Professions Code.

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- (4) Within thirty (30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Probation and schedule a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and conditions of probation. Upon the direction of the Office of Probation, Respondent must meet with the probation deputy either in-person or by telephone. During the period of probation, Respondent must promptly meet with the probation deputy as directed and upon request.
- (5) Respondent must submit written quarterly reports to the Office of Probation on each January 10, April 10, July 10, and October 10 of the period of probation. Under penalty of perjury, Respondent must state whether Respondent has complied with the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all conditions of probation during the preceding calendar quarter. Respondent must also state whether there are any proceedings pending against him or her in the State Bar Court and if so, the case number and current status of that proceeding. If the first report would cover less than 30 days, that report must be submitted on the next quarter date, and cover the extended period.

In addition to all quarterly reports, a final report, containing the same information, is due no earlier than twenty (20) days before the last day of the period of probation and no later than the last day of probation.

- (6) Respondent must be assigned a probation monitor. Respondent must promptly review the terms and conditions of probation with the probation monitor to establish a manner and schedule of compliance. During the period of probation, Respondent must furnish to the monitor such reports as may be requested, in addition to the quarterly reports required to be submitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must cooperate fully with the probation monitor.
- (7) Subject to assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully any inquiries of the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which are directed to Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has complied with the probation conditions.
- (8) Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.
- No Ethics School recommended. Reason: **Respondent fully and timely completed Ethics School as part of the underlying matter in Case No. 13-O-14504.**
- (9) Respondent must comply with all conditions of probation imposed in the underlying criminal matter and must so declare under penalty of perjury in conjunction with any quarterly report to be filed with the Office of Probation.
- (10) The following conditions are attached hereto and incorporated:
- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Substance Abuse Conditions | <input type="checkbox"/> Law Office Management Conditions |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Medical Conditions | <input type="checkbox"/> Financial Conditions |

F. Other Conditions Negotiated by the Parties:

- (1) **Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination:** Respondent must provide proof of passage of the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination ("MPRE"), administered by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, to the Office of Probation during the period of actual suspension or within one year, whichever period is longer. **Failure to pass the MPRE results in actual suspension without further hearing until passage. But see rule 9.10(b), California Rules of Court, and rule 5.162(A) & (E), Rules of Procedure.**
- No MPRE recommended. Reason:

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- (2) **Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court:** Respondent must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 30 and 40 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.

- (3) **Conditional Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court:** If Respondent remains actually suspended for 90 days or more, he/she must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 120 and 130 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.

- (4) **Credit for Interim Suspension [conviction referral cases only]:** Respondent will be credited for the period of his/her interim suspension toward the stipulated period of actual suspension. Date of commencement of interim suspension:

- (5) **Other Conditions:**

ATTACHMENT TO
STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF: WILLIAM RALPH WALZ

CASE NUMBER: 15-H-10580

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that he is culpable of violation of the specified Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 1-110.

Case No. 15-H-10580

FACTS:

1. Respondent received a private reproof in case no. 13-O-14504 by undertaking to represent a client while on "not eligible" status in violation of Business and Professions Code, sections 6125, 6126 and 6068(a).
2. The conditions of respondent's private reproof were for one (1) year and included among other conditions the requirement that respondent contact the Office of Probation ("Probation") to schedule a meeting within thirty (30) days from the effective date of the discipline, file quarterly reports at specified intervals, complete State Bar Ethics School, and take the Multistate Professional Responsibility Exam. The private reproof went into effect on January 3, 2014.
3. On January 28, 2014, the Office of Probation sent a reminder letter to respondent's official State Bar membership address, which included a copy of the relevant portions of respondent's private reproof, and which outlined the various tasks respondent was responsible for completing by specific deadlines. Respondent received the letter and understood the terms of his reproof.
4. Respondent failed to timely submit two out of the four quarterly reports. Respondent was required to submit a quarterly report to the Office of Probation on April 10, 2014. Respondent submitted his quarterly report on April 17, 2014. Respondent was required to submit a final report on January 10, 2015. Respondent submitted the final report on February 5, 2015.
5. Respondent also did not provide proof of passage of the MPRE within one (1) year of the effective date of the reproof. Respondent was required to provide proof of passage of the MPRE no later than January 3, 2015. Respondent was unable to take the November 2014 MPRE because he and his family were evacuated from their home on September 12, 2014 through September 14, 2014 due to a fire in the area during the September 2014 registration period.
6. Respondent registered and took the next available MPRE on March 28, 2015. To date, respondent has not provided proof of passage of the MPRE.

CONCLUSION OF LAW:

7. By the foregoing conduct, respondent is in violation of Rule of Profession Conduct, rule 1-110.

AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Prior Record of Discipline (Std. 1.5(a)): Respondent has one (1) prior discipline in case no. 13-O-14504, which is the basis of the reprobation violation. On July 11, 2011, respondent was placed on inactive State Bar membership status for noncompliance with the California State Bar Minimum Legal Education ("MCLE") Rules. Respondent had paid his bar dues and had presented the State Bar with proof of his MCLE compliance in a timely fashion, however, credit for certain of his training was not accepted by the State Bar as the training was undertaken prior to the MCLE compliance period. On November 13, 2011, respondent entered into a retainer agreement while on inactive status. Respondent did not become aware of his suspension until after he signed the retainer agreement. Between November 13, 2011 and January 3, 2012, respondent became aware that he was on inactive status and took immediate steps to contact the State Bar and fix the situation. Upon providing proof of compliance he was reinstated on January 12, 2012. Respondent received a private reprobation with conditions for one (1) year, which included among other conditions, the requirements that respondent contact the Office of Probation to schedule a meeting within thirty (30) days from the effective date of the discipline, file quarterly reports at specified intervals, complete State Bar Ethics School, and take the MPRE. The mitigating circumstances were that respondent had no prior discipline, there was no harm to the client, and that he entered into a pre-filing stipulation. There were no aggravating factors.

Multiple Acts of Misconduct (Std. 1.5(b)): Respondent engaged in multiple violations of the conditions attached to the Stipulation in case no. 13-O-14504. Respondent failed to timely submit two (2) quarterly reports and failed to take the MPRE within one (1) year of the effective date of his discipline. These multiple acts of misconduct constitute an aggravating factor pursuant to Standard 1.5(b). (*See In the Matter of Tiernan* (Review Dept. 1996) 3 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 523, 529 [holding that failure to cooperate with probation monitor and failure to timely file probation reports constituted multiple acts of misconduct].)

MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Extreme Emotional Difficulties. Respondent took substantial steps to take and pass the MPRE within the prescribed deadline. Due to a fire that occurred from September 12, 2014 through September 14, 2014, respondent was forced to evacuate from his home and office, respondent missed the registration deadline. Once respondent was permitted back into his home, respondent took steps to try to register late. However, he was not permitted to do so. Respondent then signed up for the next available MPRE, which was outside the prescribed deadline. (*See In the Matter of Wells* (Review Dept. 2006) 4 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 896, 912.)

Good Character. Respondent has provided nine (9) good character reference letters from a range of sources within the community who are aware of his misconduct and attest that despite his misconduct respondent is an ethical person with good character. (*In the Matter of Taylor* (2012) 5 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 221, 235.)

Pretrial Stipulation/Cooperation (Std. 1.6(e)): Respondent has entered into a full stipulation prior to trial, which preserves State Bar time and resources, and entitles respondent to mitigation. He has

fully cooperated with the State Bar and made his therapist available to the State Bar. (*Silva-Vidor v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [mitigating credit for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability].)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct “set forth a means for determining the appropriate disciplinary sanction in a particular case and to ensure consistency across cases dealing with similar misconduct and surrounding circumstances.” (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, Std. 1.1.) The Standards help fulfill the primary purposes of discipline, which include: protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; maintenance of the highest professional standards; and preservation of public confidence in the legal profession. (See Std. 1.1; *In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205.)

Although not binding, the Standards are entitled to “great weight” and should be followed “whenever possible” in determining level of discipline. (*In re Silverton* (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting *In re Brown* (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and *In re Young* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the Standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (*In re Naney* (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) If a recommendation is at the high end or low end of a Standard, an explanation must be given as to how the recommendation was reached. (Std. 1.1.) “Any disciplinary recommendation that deviates from the Standards must include clear reasons for the departure.” (Std. 1.1; *Blair v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

In determining whether to impose a sanction greater or less than that specified in a given Standard, in addition to the factors set forth in the specific Standard, consideration is to be given to the primary purposes of discipline; the balancing of all aggravating and mitigating circumstances; the type of misconduct at issue; whether the client, public, legal system or profession was harmed; and the member’s willingness and ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. (Stds. 1.7(b) and (c).)

Standard 2.10 states:

“Actual suspension is appropriate for failing to comply with a condition of discipline. The degree of sanction depends on the nature of the condition violated and the member’s unwillingness or inability to comply with disciplinary orders.”

Here, respondent has untimely filed two (2) quarterly reports and has failed to take the MPRE within (1) year of the effective date of his discipline in case no. 13-O-14504.

Furthermore, Standard 1.8(a) requires that:

“if a member has a single prior record of discipline, the sanction must be greater than the previously imposed sanction unless the prior discipline was so remote in time and the previous misconduct was not serious enough that imposing greater discipline would be manifestly unjust.”

Respondent has a prior record of discipline that is both recent and serious. Respondent’s prior discipline resulted from representation of a client while his State Bar membership was in inactive status.

In order to protect the public, the courts and the legal profession, to maintain the highest professional standards, and to preserve public confidence in the legal profession, and in consideration of the mitigating and aggravating circumstances, a period of actual suspension from the practice of law is necessary. Respondent will be suspended from the practice of law for one (1) year, stayed, he will be placed on probation for two (2) years, he will be actually suspended from the practice of law during the first thirty (30) days of his probation, and he must take and pass the Multistate Professional Responsibility Exam ("MPRE").

Case law supports this result. In *Conroy v. State Bar* (1990) 51 Cal.3d 799, the Supreme Court ordered a sixty (60) day actual suspension for a violation of a single private reproof condition (failure to timely complete the professional responsibility exam requirement). The Supreme Court found that respondent's misconduct was aggravated by his failure to participate in the disciplinary proceedings until filing a writ with the Supreme Court. The court also found no substantial mitigation.

Here, respondent's misconduct is similar to the misconduct in *Conroy*. Respondent failed to timely complete the MPRE. Additionally, respondent was untimely in filing two (2) of the four (4) quarterly reports. Unlike the attorney in *Conroy*, however, respondent has provided proof of registration for the MPRE to the State Bar prior to any formal charges of discipline being filed and he had been in touch with the State Bar and with the Office of Probation prior to and throughout this referral to Office of the Chief Trial Counsel. Respondent also filed the two (2) untimely quarterly reports within thirty (30) days of the due date. Additionally, unlike the attorney *Conroy*, respondent acknowledges the gravity of his earlier misdeeds and explains that he attempted to take the November MPRE, but a portion of his house burnt down and he missed the registration deadline. Respondent petitioned the National Conference of Bar Examiners ("NCBE") to allow him to file a late registration based on the above described unforeseen circumstances; however, the NCBE denied his request.

Therefore, in light of the foregoing, the recommended level of discipline outlined herein is necessary to fulfill the primary purposes of discipline as stated in Standard 1.1.

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of the Chief Trial Counsel has informed respondent that as of June 23, 2015, the prosecution costs in this matter are \$2,401.00. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

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In the Matter of: WILLIAM RALPH WALZ	Case number(s): 15-H-10580
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SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

By their signatures below, the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the recitations and each of the terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Facts, Conclusions of Law, and Disposition.

6/29/15  William Ralph Walz
Date Respondent's Signature Print Name

Date Respondent's Counsel Signature Print Name

6/29/15  Nina Sarraf-Yazdi
Date Deputy Trial Counsel's Signature Print Name

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In the Matter of: WILLIAM RALPH WALZ	Case Number(s): 15-H-10580
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ACTUAL SUSPENSION ORDER

Finding the stipulation to be fair to the parties and that it adequately protects the public, IT IS ORDERED that the requested dismissal of counts/charges, if any, is GRANTED without prejudice, and:

The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED and the DISCIPLINE RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.

The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the DISCIPLINE IS RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.

All Hearing dates are vacated.

1. On page 2 of the Stipulation, at paragraph B.(1)(c), "6125, 6125 and 6068(a)" is deleted, and in its place is inserted "6125, 6126 and 6068(a)".
2. On page 8 of the Stipulation, Prior Record of Discipline, lines 8-9, "November 13, 20122" is deleted, and in its place is inserted "November 13, 2011".
3. On page 8 of the Stipulation, Extreme Emotional Difficulties, the following sentence is inserted after the word "deadline" at line 4, "A portion of respondent's house burnt down."

The parties are bound by the stipulation as approved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed within 15 days after service of this order, is granted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved stipulation. (See rule 5.58(E) & (F), Rules of Procedure.) **The effective date of this disposition is the effective date of the Supreme Court order herein, normally 30 days after file date. (See rule 9.18(a), California Rules of Court.)**

Date

July 6, 2015

Rebecca Meyer Rosenberg

REBECCA MEYER ROSENBERG, JUDGE PRO TEM
Judge of the State Bar Court

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of Los Angeles, on July 6, 2015, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

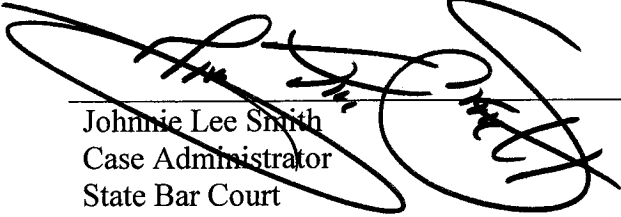
- by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at Los Angeles, California, addressed as follows:

**WILLIAM R. WALZ
LAW OFFICES OF WILLIAM R. WALZ
27472 PORTOLA PKWY
STE 205-329
FOOTHILL RANCH, CA 92610**

- by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

NINA SARRAF-YAZDI, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in Los Angeles, California, on July 6, 2015.



Johnnie Lee Smith
Case Administrator
State Bar Court