State Bar Court of California Hearing Department Los Angeles DISBARMENT

	DISBARMENT		
Counsel For The State Bar	Case Number(s): 15-N-13921-LMA	For Court use only	
Heather E. Abelson Deputy Trial Counsel 180 Howard Street	15-N-13921-LIVIA	PUBLIC MATTER	
San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 538-2357		FILED	
Bar # 243691		OCT 1 5 2015	
In Pro Per Respondent Stanley Alari 14534 Sunrock Rd. Nevada City, CA 95959 (562) 279-4653		STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE SAN FRANCISCO	
	Submitted to: Assigned Jud	lge	
Bar # 53058	STIPULATION RE FACTS, O DISPOSITION AND ORDER INVOLUNTARY INACTIVE E		
In the Matter of: STANLEY ALARI	DISBARMENT		
Bar # 53058	☐ PREVIOUS STIPULATIO	ON REJECTED	
A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)			

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted **December 14, 1972**.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of (10) pages, not including the order.
- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."



TH

(Effective July 1, 2015)

(Do no	ot writ	e abov	e this line.)	
(5)	Co. Lav	nclusi v."	ons of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of	
(6)		ne parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading upporting Authority."		
(7)	No per	o more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, respondent has been advised in writing of any ending investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.		
(8)	Pay 614	syment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & 40.7. (Check one option only):		
		Co	sts to be awarded to the State Bar. sts are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs". sts are entirely waived.	
(9)	The und	RDER OF INACTIVE ENROLLMENT: ne parties are aware that if this stipulation is approved, the judge will issue an order of inactive enrollment nder Business and Professions Code section 6007, subdivision (c)(4), and Rules of Procedure of the State ar, rule 5.111(D)(1).		
M	lisc	avat ond ired.	ing Circumstances [Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional uct, standards 1.2(h) & 1.5]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are	
(1)	\boxtimes	Prio	r record of discipline	
	(a)	\boxtimes	State Bar Court case # of prior case 13-O-11595	
	(b)	\boxtimes	Date prior discipline effective Octoer 16, 2013	
	(c)	\boxtimes	Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations: Rules of Professional Conduct, rules 3-110(A) and 3-700(D)(2), and Business and Professions Code, section 6068(m)	
	(d)	\boxtimes	Degree of prior discipline Public Reproval	
	(e)	\boxtimes	If respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below:	
			See "Facts Supporting Aggravating Circumstances" in the attachment hereto at page 7.	
(2)		Inter	ntional/Bad Faith/Dishonesty: Respondent's misconduct was dishonest, intentional, or surrounded or followed by bad faith.	
(3)		Misr	representation: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by misrepresentation.	
(4)		Con	cealment: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by concealment.	
(5)		Ove	rreaching: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by overreaching.	
(6)		Unc l Profe	harged Violations: Respondent's conduct involves uncharged violations of the Business and essions Code or the Rules of Professional Conduct.	

(Do r	ot wri	ite above this line.)
(7)		Trust Violation: Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property.
(8)		Harm: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public, or the administration of justice.
(9)		Indifference: Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.
(10)		Lack of Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct, or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations or proceedings.
(11)		Multiple Acts: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing.
(12)		Pattern: Respondent's current misconduct demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.
(13)		Restitution: Respondent failed to make restitution.
(14)		Vulnerable Victim: The victim(s) of Respondent's misconduct was/were highly vulnerable.
(15)		No aggravating circumstances are involved.
C. N	litig	al aggravating circumstances: ating Circumstances [see standards 1.2(i) & 1.6]. Facts supporting mitigating imstances are required.
(1)		No Prior Discipline: Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not likely to recur.
(2)		No Harm: Respondent did not harm the client, the public, or the administration of justice.
(3)		Lack of Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations and proceedings.
(4)		Remorse: Respondent promptly took objective steps demonstrating spontaneous remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.
(5)		Restitution: Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.
(6)		Delay: These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.
(7)		Good Faith: Respondent acted with a good faith belief that was honestly held and objectively reasonable.
(8)		Emotional/Physical Difficulties: At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical or mental disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the

(Do not write above this line.)		
		product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and the difficulties or disabilities no longer pose a risk that Respondent will commit misconduct.
(9)		Severe Financial Stress: At the time of the misconduct, respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.
(10)		Family Problems: At the time of the misconduct, respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.
(11)		Good Character: Respondent's extraordinarily good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.
(12)		Rehabilitation: Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by subsequent rehabilitation.
(13)		No mitigating circumstances are involved.
Additional mitigating circumstances: Pre-trial Stipulation - See "Facts Supporting Mitigating Circumstances" in the attachment hereto at page 7.		

(Do 1	t write above this line.)	
D. I	iscipline: Disbarment.	
E. /	dditional Requirements:	
(1)	Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court: Respondent must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 30 and 40 caler days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.	
(2)	Restitution: Respondent must make restitution to in the amount of \$ plus 10 percent interest per year from . If the Client Security Fund has reimbursed for all or any portion the principal amount, respondent must pay restitution to CSF of the amount paid plus applicable intere and costs in accordance with Business and Professions Code section 6140.5. Respondent must pay above restitution and furnish satisfactory proof of payment to the State Bar's Office of Probation in Los Angeles no later than days from the effective date of the Supreme Court order in this case.	st the

(3)

Other:

ATTACHMENT TO

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF:

STANLEY ALARI

CASE NUMBER:

15-N-13921-LMA

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that he is culpable of violations of the specified statutes and/or Rules of Professional Conduct.

Case No. 15-N-13921-LMA (State Bar Investigation)

FACTS:

- 1. On November 21, 2014, respondent entered into a stipulation as to facts and conclusions of law in State Bar case no. 14-H-03844. Respondent stipulated to a 90-day actual suspension for failing to comply with the terms of his probation in State Bar case no. 13-O-11595.
- 2. On December 10, 2014, the State Bar Court filed an order approving the stipulation, finding that it was "fair to the parties and...adequately protected the public[.]"
- 3. On April 27, 2015, the Supreme Court of California issued Order No. S223977. Among other conditions, respondent was ordered to comply with the conditions of probation recommended by the Hearing Department in its December 10, 2014 order, including the requirement that respondent file a declaration of compliance pursuant to California Rules of Court, Rule 9.20 within 40 days after the effective date of discipline. Respondent's suspension became effective on May 27, 2015. Respondent received a copy of the Supreme Court Order.
- 4. On June 10, 2015, the Office of Probation sent a letter to respondent stating that respondent must file a Rule 9.20 declaration of compliance by July 6, 2015. Respondent received this letter.
- 5. On August 17, 2015, the Office of Probation sent a reminder letter to respondent regarding his Rule 9.20 compliance requirement. The letter notified respondent that his Rule 9.20 declaration of compliance had not been timely filed. Respondent received this letter.
- 6. On August 17, 2015, the Office of Probation sent an email to respondent which attached the August 17, 2015 letter. Respondent received this email.
- 7. On August 18, 2015, respondent sent an email to the Office of Probation, stating that he had previously filed a Rule 9.20 declaration of compliance in which he requested retirement from the practice of law.
- 8. On August 19, 2015, the Office of Probation sent a response email, stating that the Office of Probation had no record of a 9.20 declaration of compliance being filed. Respondent received this email.

- 9. Respondent did not respond to the Office of Probation's August 19, 2015 email.
- 10. As of the date of this Stipulation, respondent has not filed a 9.20 compliance affidavit.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

11. By failing to file a declaration of compliance with California Rules of Court, Rule 9.20 in conformity with the requirements of rule 9.20(c) with the clerk of the State Bar Court by July 6, 2015, as required by Supreme Court order no. S223977, respondent willfully violated California Rules of Court, Rule 9.20.

FACTS SUPPORTING AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Prior Record of Discipline (Std. 1.5(a)): Respondent has two prior impositions of discipline. In State Bar case no. 13-O-11595, respondent was publicly reproved for violating Rules of Professional Conduct, rules 3-110(A) and 3-700(D)(2), and Business and Professions Code, section 6068(m). In State Bar case no. 14-H-03844, respondent received a 90-day actual suspension for violating the conditions of probation from case no. 13-O-11595. Respondent's prior record of discipline constitutes an aggravating circumstance pursuant to Standard 1.5(a).

FACTS SUPPORTING MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Pretrial Stipulation: Respondent is entitled to mitigation for entering into a full stipulation with the Office of Chief Trial Counsel prior to trial, thereby saving State Bar Court time and resources. (Silva-Vidor v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigative credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability].)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct provide a "process of fixing discipline" pursuant to a set of written principles to "better discharge the purposes of attorney discipline as announced by the Supreme Court." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, Introduction (all further references to standards are to this source).) The primary purposes of disciplinary proceedings and of the sanctions imposed are "the protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; the maintenance of high professional standards by attorneys and the preservation of public confidence in the legal profession." (*In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205; std. 1.3.)

Although not binding, the Standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (In re Silverton (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting In re Brown (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and In re Young (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the Standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (In re Naney (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) Any discipline recommendation different from that set forth in the applicable Standards should clearly explain the reasons for the deviation. (Blair v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

Here, Standard 1.8(b) applies because respondent has two prior impositions of discipline. Standard 1.8(b) provides that:

If a member has two or more prior records of discipline, disbarment is appropriate in the following circumstances, unless the most compelling mitigating circumstances clearly predominate or the misconduct underlying the prior discipline occurred during the same time period as the current misconduct:

- (1) Actual suspension was ordered in any one of the prior disciplinary matters;
- (2) The prior disciplinary matters coupled with the current record demonstrate a pattern of misconduct; or
- (3) The prior disciplinary matters coupled with the current record demonstrate the member's unwillingness or inability to conform to ethical responsibilities.

Here, disbarment is warranted pursuant to Standard 1.8(b). The "most compelling mitigating circumstances" do not clearly predominate. Nor do the time periods involved in respondent's prior disciplinary proceedings overlap with the time period at issue in the present matter. Further, respondent's most recent disciplinary proceeding resulted in a 90-day actual suspension. Further still, respondent's current and prior misconduct demonstrate both a pattern of misconduct and an unwillingness or inability to conform to ethical responsibilities. This matter and case no. 14-H-03844, involve respondent's repeated failure to comply with the conditions of probation, which demonstrates respondent's inbility or unwillingness to cooperate with the State Bar. Respondent's pattern of misconduct establishes that simply suspending respondent would not adequately protect the public. Based on all of these factors, Standard 1.8(b) is applicable, and disbarment is warranted.

A rule 9.20 violation is deemed a serious ethical breach for which disbarment generally is considered the appropriate discipline. (Bercovich v. State Bar (1990) 50 Cal.3d 116, 131 ["Disbarment is generally the appropriate sanction for a willful violation of rule [9.20]."].) Indeed, California Rule of Court 9.20 provides that "[a] suspended member's willful failure to comply with the provisions of this rule constitutes a cause for disbarment...." In In the Matter of Esau (2007) 5 Cal. State Bar Rptr. 131, the Review Department disbarred the respondent attorney for failing to comply with rule 9.20. The Court stated "[i]ndeed, the finding that respondent willfully violated a court order requiring his compliance with rule 9.20 is sufficient grounds for disbarment when, as here, the evidence in mitigation is not compelling." (Id. at 133.) The Court noted that "the decisional law has been weighted towards disbarment for violations of rule 9.20. (Id. at 138.) The Court further noted that recent cases that "resulted in discipline of less than disbarment involved significant evidence in mitigation and/or substantial compliance with rule 9.20[.]" (Id.)

Here, as in *Esau*, there is no significant evidence in mitigation, nor is there substantial compliance with rule 9.20. Indeed, respondent's current and prior misconduct evidence a significant disregard for the State Bar. Respondent's misconduct is also aggravated by his prior record of discipline.

Based on Standard 1.8(a), applicable caselaw, and Rule 9.20, disbarment is the appropriate level of discipline.

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of Chief Trial Counsel has informed Respondent that as of October 5, 2015, the prosecution costs in this matter are \$2,549. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

EXCLUSION FROM MCLE CREDIT

Pursuant to rule 3201, Respondent may <u>not</u> receive MCLE credit for completion of State Bar Ethics School (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 3201.)

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In the Matter of: STANLEY ALARI	Case number(s): 15-N-13921-LMA	•
	SIGNATURE OF THE PAR	TIES
recitations and each of the	the parties and their counsel, as applicable, significant conditions of this Stinulation ite Fai	gnify their agreement with each of the cts, Conclusions of Law, and Disposition.
10-7-2015	It my levi	Stanley Alari
Date	Respondent's Signature	Print Name
Date	Respondent's Counsel Signature	Print Name
10/13/15		Heather E. Abelson
Date	Deputy Trial Counsel's Signature	Print Name

(Effective July 1, 2015)

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In the Matter of: STANLEY ALARI	Case Number(s): 15-N-13921-LMA
	DISBARMENT ORDER
Finding the stipulation to be fair to trequested dismissal of counts/char	he parties and that it adequately protects the public, IT IS ORDERED that the ges, if any, is GRANTED without prejudice, and:
The stipulated facts a Supreme Court.	and disposition are APPROVED and the DISCIPLINE RECOMMENDED to the
The stipulated facts a DISCIPLINE IS REC	and disposition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the OMMENDED to the Supreme Court.
All Hearing dates are	vacated.
within 15 days after service of this ostipulation. (See rule 5.58(E) & (F),	ation as approved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed order, is granted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved Rules of Procedure.) The effective date of this disposition is the effective daten, normally 30 days after file date. (See rule 9.18(a), California Rules of
Professions Code section 6007, sul calendar days after this order is ser order imposing discipline herein, or	s ordered transferred to involuntary inactive status pursuant to Business and odivision (c)(4). Respondent's inactive enrollment will be effective three (3) wed by mail and will terminate upon the effective date of the Supreme Court's as provided for by rule 5.111(D)(2) of the Rules of Procedure of the State Bar of by the Supreme Court pursuant to its plenary jurisdiction.

Judge of the State Bar Court

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of San Francisco, on October 15, 2015, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING; ORDER OF INVOLUNTARY INACTIVE ENROLLMENT

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at San Francisco, California, addressed as follows:

STANLEY ALARI STANLEY ALARI, ATTORNEY AT LAW 14534 SUNROCK RD NEVADA CITY, CA 95959

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

HEATHER ABELSON, Enforcement, San Francisco

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in San Francisco, California, on October 15, 2015.

Mazie Yip
Case Administrator

State Bar Court