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State	Bar Court of Califor Hearing Department Los Angeles ACTUAL SUSPENSION	TO THE PUBLIC MATTER
Counsel For The State Bar	Case Number(s):	For Court use only
Shane C. Morrison Deputy Trial Counsel 845 S. Figueroa St. Los Angeles, CA 90017 (213) 765-1280	15-0-11192	FILED 7.B.
Bar # <b>284115</b>		STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE
Counsel For Respondent		LOS ANGELES
James I. Ham Pansky Markle Ham LLP 1010 Sycamore Ave Unit 308 South Pasadena, CA 91030 (213) 626-7300		
	Submitted to: Assigned Ju-	dge
Bar # 100849	STIPULATION RE FACTS, DISPOSITION AND ORDER	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND R APPROVING
In the Matter of: ANA MARIA VELLANOWETH	ACTUAL SUSPENSION	
Bar # <b>108633</b>	☐ PREVIOUS STIPULATION	ON REJECTED
A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)		

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

# A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted June 3, 1983.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of 11 pages, not including the order.
- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."

(Do n	ot writ	e above this line.)
(5)	Co. Lav	nclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of v".
(6)		e parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading pporting Authority."
(7)	No per	more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any ding investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.
(8)	Pay 614	ment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & 0.7. (Check one option only):
		Until costs are paid in full, Respondent will remain actually suspended from the practice of law unless relief is obtained per rule 5.130, Rules of Procedure.  Costs are to be paid in equal amounts prior to February 1 for the following membership years: three billing cycles immediately following the effective date of the Supreme Court order in this matter. (Hardship, special circumstances or other good cause per rule 5.132, Rules of Procedure.) If Respondent fails to pay any installment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar Court, the remaining balance is due and payable immediately.  Costs are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs". Costs are entirely waived.
N	lisc	avating Circumstances [Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional onduct, standards 1.2(h) & 1.5]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are ired.
(1)	(a)	Prior record of discipline  State Bar Court case # of prior case
	(b)	☐ Date prior discipline effective
	(c)	Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:
	(d)	Degree of prior discipline
	(e)	If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below.
(2)		Intentional/Bad Faith/Dishonesty: Respondent's misconduct was dishonest, intentional, or surrounded by, or followed by bad faith.
(3)		Misrepresentation: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by, misrepresentation.
(4)		Concealment: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by, concealment.
(5)		Overreaching: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by, overreaching.
(6)		<b>Uncharged Violations:</b> Respondent's conduct involves uncharged violations of the Business and Professions Code, or the Rules of Professional Conduct.

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(7)		<b>Trust Violation</b> : Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property.
(8)		Harm: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public, or the administration of justice.
(9)		Indifference: Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.
(10)		Candor/Lack of Cooperation: Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct, or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations or proceedings.
(11)		Multiple Acts: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing.
(12)		Pattern: Respondent's current misconduct demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.
(13)		Restitution: Respondent failed to make restitution.
(14)		Vulnerable Victim: The victim(s) of Respondent's misconduct was/were highly vulnerable.
(15)	$\boxtimes$	No aggravating circumstances are involved.
C. N	litig	ating Circumstances [see standards 1.2(i) & 1.6]. Facts supporting mitigating imstances are required.
(1)	$\boxtimes$	No Prior Discipline: Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not likely to recur. See Attachment to Stipulation at p. 8.
(2)		No Harm: Respondent did not harm the client, the public, or the administration of justice.
(3)		<b>Candor/Cooperation:</b> Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct or `to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations and proceedings.
(4)		<b>Remorse:</b> Respondent promptly took objective steps demonstrating spontaneous remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.
(5)		<b>Restitution:</b> Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.
(6)		<b>Delay:</b> These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.
(7)		Good Faith: Respondent acted with a good faith belief that was honestly held and objectively reasonable.
(8)		<b>Emotional/Physical Difficulties:</b> At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical or mental disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the

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		prod or d	luct of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and the difficulties isabilities no longer pose a risk that Respondent will commit misconduct.
(9)		whic	ere Financial Stress: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress the resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and the were directly responsible for the misconduct.
(10)			illy Problems: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her onal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.
(11)		in th	d Character: Respondent's extraordinarily good character is attested to by a wide range of references e legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct. See chment to Stipulation at p. 8.
(12)			abilitation: Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred wed by convincing proof of subsequent rehabilitation.
(13)		Noı	nitigating circumstances are involved.
Addi	tiona	al mit	igating circumstances:
			unity Service (see Attachment to Stipulation at p. 8). ing Stipulation (see Attachment to Stipulation at p. 8).
D. D	isci	plin	<b>9:</b>
(1)	$\boxtimes$	Stay	red Suspension:
	(a)		Respondent must be suspended from the practice of law for a period of one year.
		i.	and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the general law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1) Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.
		ii.	and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.
		iii.	and until Respondent does the following:
	(b)	$\boxtimes$	The above-referenced suspension is stayed.
(2)	$\boxtimes$	Prot	pation:
	Res of th	pond ne Su	ent must be placed on probation for a period of <b>one year</b> , which will commence upon the effective date preme Court order in this matter. (See rule 9.18, California Rules of Court)
(3)	$\boxtimes$	Actu	al Suspension:
	(a)	$\boxtimes$	Respondent must be actually suspended from the practice of law in the State of California for a period of <b>30 days</b> .
		i.	and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the general law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct

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		ii.		and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.
		iii.		and until Respondent does the following:
E. /	Addi	tion	al Co	enditions of Probation:
(1)		he/s abili	he pro	dent is actually suspended for two years or more, he/she must remain actually suspended until oves to the State Bar Court his/her rehabilitation, fitness to practice, and present learning and ne general law, pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional ct.
(2)	$\boxtimes$			probation period, Respondent must comply with the provisions of the State Bar Act and Rules of nal Conduct.
(3)		State infor	e Bar matio	(10) days of any change, Respondent must report to the Membership Records Office of the and to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of n, including current office address and telephone number, or other address for State Bar as prescribed by section 6002.1 of the Business and Professions Code.
(4)	$\boxtimes$	and cond prob	sched litions ation	ty (30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Probation ule a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and of probation. Upon the direction of the Office of Probation, Respondent must meet with the deputy either in-person or by telephone. During the period of probation, Respondent must neet with the probation deputy as directed and upon request.
(5)		July whet cond are a curre	10, ar ther R litions any pr ent sta	nt must submit written quarterly reports to the Office of Probation on each January 10, April 10, and October 10 of the period of probation. Under penalty of perjury, Respondent must state espondent has complied with the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all of probation during the preceding calendar quarter. Respondent must also state whether there occedings pending against him or her in the State Bar Court and if so, the case number and it so of that proceeding. If the first report would cover less than 30 days, that report must be on the next quarter date, and cover the extended period.
		in ac	ldition ty (20	to all quarterly reports, a final report, containing the same information, is due no earlier than ) days before the last day of the period of probation and no later than the last day of probation.
(6)		cond Durit in ad	litions ng the Idition	nt must be assigned a probation monitor. Respondent must promptly review the terms and of probation with the probation monitor to establish a manner and schedule of compliance. period of probation, Respondent must furnish to the monitor such reports as may be requested, to the quarterly reports required to be submitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must fully with the probation monitor.
(7)		inqui direc	ries o ted to	assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully any f the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which are Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has with the probation conditions.
(8)	$\boxtimes$	Prob	ation	(1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office of satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School, and passage of the test given of that session.
			No E	Ethics School recommended. Reason:

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(9)		must			ion imposed in the underlying criminal matter and n with any quarterly report to be filed with the Office
(10)		The	following conditions are attached hereto ar	nd inco	rporated:
			Substance Abuse Conditions		Law Office Management Conditions
			Medical Conditions		Financial Conditions
F. O	ther	r Cor	nditions Negotiated by the Parties	s:	
(1)		the Cor one furt	Multistate Professional Responsibility Examiners, to the Office of eyear, whichever period is longer. Failure	mination Probation to pas	on: Respondent must provide proof of passage of on ("MPRE"), administered by the National tion during the period of actual suspension or within ss the MPRE results in actual suspension without ), California Rules of Court, and rule 5.162(A) &
			No MPRE recommended. Reason:		
(2)		Cal	ifornia Rules of Court, and perform the act	s speci	must comply with the requirements of rule <b>9.20</b> , fied in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 30 e date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.
(3)		day perl	s or more, he/she must comply with the re	quirem and (c)	If Respondent remains actually suspended for 90 ents of rule <b>9.20</b> , California Rules of Court, and of that rule within 120 and 130 calendar days, Court's Order in this matter.
(4)		peri	dit for Interim Suspension [conviction red of his/her interim suspension toward the numericement of interim suspension:	<b>referra</b> e stipul	cases only]: Respondent will be credited for the lated period of actual suspension. Date of
(5)		Oth	er Conditions:		

### **ATTACHMENT TO**

## STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF:

ANA MARIA VELLANOWETH

CASE NUMBER:

15-0-11192

#### FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that he is culpable of the violation of the specified statute.

## Case No. 15-O-11192 (State Bar Investigation)

#### **FACTS:**

- 1. As a member of the State Bar of California, respondent was required to complete 25 hours of minimum continuing legal education ("MCLE") during the period commencing on February 1, 2011, and ending on January 31, 2014 ("compliance period").
- 2. On January 15, 2014, respondent electronically reported to the State Bar under penalty of perjury that she had completed all 25 required hours of MCLE during the compliance period.
  - 3. In fact, respondent had only completed three hours of MCLE during the compliance period.
- 4. When respondent reported to the State Bar under penalty of perjury that she was in compliance with the MCLE requirement, respondent knew that she had not completed the necessary MCLE hours during the compliance period, as required.
- 5. Between October 8, 2014 and October 29, 2014, respondent completed the MCLE hours necessary to come into compliance after being contacted on July 7, 2014 by the State Bar's Office of Member Records and Compliance regarding an audit of her MCLE compliance. Respondent also paid a \$75 penalty after the MCLE audit.

#### CONCLUSION OF LAW:

6. By reporting under the penalty of perjury to the State Bar that she had fully complied with the MCLE requirements for the compliance period, when Respondent knew that she had failed to complete the MCLE requirement for the compliance period, Respondent committed an act involving moral turpitude or dishonesty in willful violation of Business and Professions Code section 6106.

#### AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

None.

#### MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

No Prior Record of Discipline (Std. 1.6(a)): Respondent has been a member of the State Bar since June 3, 1983. Respondent had practiced law for over 30 years without a prior record of discipline when the misconduct herein occurred. Respondent's many years in practice with no prior discipline is a significant mitigating factor (Friedman v. State Bar (1990) 50 Cal.3d 235, 242 [20 years in the practice of law without discipline is afforded significant weight in mitigation]), even though the underlying misconduct is serious or significant. (In the Matter of Riordan (Review Dept. 2007) 5 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 41, 49.)

Good Character (Std. 1.6(f)): Eight individuals provided affidavits attesting to respondent's good character, but particularly her honesty and integrity. Two of the affidavits were written by respondent's sisters and any weight given to them should be tempered by that fact. The affidavits indicate the respective authors are aware of respondent's misconduct with respect to her MCLE compliance, and they endorse respondent's good character nonetheless. The affiants that are not related to respondent include two attorneys, a teacher, a doctor, a business executive, and an individual respondent mentored through the Fulfillment Fund.

Community Service: Pro bono work and community service may mitigate an attorney's misconduct. (Calvert v. State Bar (1991) 54 Cal.3d 765, 785.) In addition to attesting to respondent's integrity, the character affidavits also detail respondent's community service. Since at least 2009, respondent has volunteered with an organization called Fulfillment Fund, which provides classroom instruction, mentoring, college counseling, and experiential learning opportunities to youth in economically depressed communities. Respondent has served as a mentor through the Fulfillment Fund to one of the affiants for greater than five years. Respondent's community service warrants mitigation. (Rose v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 646, 667 [mitigation for demonstrated legal abilities and zeal in undertaking probono work].)

**Pre-Filing Stipulation:** Respondent is entitled to mitigating credit for entering into this stipulation as to facts and conclusions of law, thereby obviating the need for trial and saving State Bar resources. (Silva-Vidor v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigating credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability].)

#### AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct "set forth a means for determining the appropriate disciplinary sanction in a particular case and to ensure consistency across cases dealing with similar misconduct and surrounding circumstances." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, std. 1.1. All further references to Standards are to this source.) The Standards help fulfill the primary purposes of discipline, which include: protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; maintenance of the highest professional standards; and preservation of public confidence in the legal profession. (See std. 1.1; *In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205.)

Although not binding, the Standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (In re Silverton (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting In re Brown (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and In re Young (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the Standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (In re Naney (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) If a recommendation is at the high end or low

end of a Standard, an explanation must be given as to how the recommendation was reached. (Std. 1.1.) "Any disciplinary recommendation that deviates from the Standards must include clear reasons for the departure." (Std. 1.1; Blair v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

In determining whether to impose a sanction greater or less than that specified in a given Standard, in addition to the factors set forth in the specific Standard, consideration is to be given to the primary purposes of discipline; the balancing of all aggravating and mitigating circumstances; the type of misconduct at issue; whether the client, public, legal system or profession was harmed; and the member's willingness and ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. (Stds. 1.7(b) and (c).)

The sanction most applicable to respondent's misconduct is found under Standard 2.11, which provides:

"Disbarment or actual suspension is the presumed sanction for an act of moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, corruption, intentional or grossly negligent misrepresentation, or concealment of material fact. The degree of sanction depends on the magnitude of the misconduct; the extent to which the misconduct harmed or misled the victim, which may include the adjudicator; the impact on the administration of justice, if any; and the extent to which the misconduct related to the member's practice of law."

Here, respondent's misrepresentation, made under penalty of perjury, was an intentional act of moral turpitude. Misrepresentation are compounded when made in writing under penalty of perjury, which includes an imprimatur of veracity which should place a reasonable person on notice to take care that their statement is accurate, complete, and true. (In the Matter of Maloney and Virsik (Review Dept. 2005) 4 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 774, 786.) When respondent stated under penalty of perjury on January 15, 2014, that she complied with her MCLE requirements of completing 25 hours of MCLE courses during the compliance period, respondent knew she was not in compliance. Respondent's misconduct pertaining to the MCLE requirements circumvented the continuing legal educational requirements established for the purpose of enhancing attorney competence and protecting the public. For these reasons, respondent's misconduct is serious, relates directly to the practice of law, and undermines public confidence in the profession.

However, respondent's misconduct is mitigated by the fact that respondent has, with this stipulation, acknowledged the wrongfulness of the misconduct. Additionally, respondent had more than 30 years in practice with no prior discipline at the time the misconduct occurred. Respondent's misconduct is also mitigated by her civic and volunteer service. Furthermore, respondent subsequently completed her MCLE credit hours, albeit outside the reporting period, after she was audited.

These facts suggest that respondent's misconduct was aberrational and indicate that respondent is amenable to rehabilitation and conforming to ethical standards in the future. Therefore, a level of discipline at the low end of the range of discipline set forth in Standard 2.11 is consistent with the purposes of imposing sanctions for attorney misconduct. A one-year suspension, stayed, and a one-year period of probation with conditions, including a 30-day actual suspension, will adequately serve to protect the public, the courts, and the legal profession, maintain high standards by attorneys, and maintain public confidence in the legal profession.

Case law also supports this result. In *In the Matter of Yee* (Review Dept. 2014) 5 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 330, the attorney was found culpable of moral turpitude based on gross negligence in violation of Business and Professions Code section 6106 when she affirmed that she had completed the required 25

hours of MCLE when, in fact, she had not taken any MCLE courses during the relevant reporting period. The attorney mistakenly recalled that she had completed the courses, and did not check or maintain any records to confirm if her recollection was accurate. When she was randomly audited by the State Bar, she corrected her error and submitted proper proof of compliance.

Like the attorney in Yee, respondent completed the required MCLE hours after the audit. However, unlike the attorney in Yee, respondent engaged in an intentional act of moral turpitude. Accordingly, a greater level of discipline than the public reproval that was imposed in Yee is appropriate in the present matter.

In light of the foregoing, discipline consisting of one year of stayed suspension and a one year period of probation with conditions including 30 days of actual suspension is appropriate to protect the public, the courts, and the legal profession; to maintain high professional standards by attorneys; and to preserve public confidence in the legal profession.

#### COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of the Chief Trial Counsel has informed respondent that as of August 10, 2015, the prosecution costs in this matter are \$3,066. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

#### **EXCLUSION FROM MCLE CREDIT**

Pursuant to rule 3201, respondent may <u>not</u> receive MCLE credit for completion of Ethics School ordered as a condition of discipline. (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 3201.)

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In the Matter of:

ANA MARIA VELLANOWETH

Case number(s):

15-O-11192

# SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

By their signatures below, the parties and their cou	ınsel, as applicable, sigi	nify their agreemen	t with each of the
recitations and each of the terms and conditions of	this Stipulation Re Fac	ts, Conclusions of L	.aw, and Disposition.

8/18/2	(1. Mr. 1/200)	<b>4</b>	
0   10   10	Visit full warseld	Ana Maria Vellanoweth	
Date	Respondent's Signature	Print Name	
8 18 2015	82	James I. Ham	
Date	Respondent's Counsel Signature	Print Name	
8/19/15	Dune III	Shane C. Morrison	
Date	Deputy Trial Counsel's Signature	Print Name	
	<i>,</i>		

In the Matter of: ANA MARIA VELLANOWETH	Case Number(s): 15-O-11192
	,
ACTUAL	L SUSPENSION ORDER
Finding the stipulation to be fair to the parties and equested dismissal of counts/charges, if any, is 0	that it adequately protects the public, IT IS ORDERED that the GRANTED without prejudice, and:

The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED and the DISCIPLINE RECOMMENDED to the

The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the

DISCIPLINE IS RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.

All Hearing dates are vacated.

Supreme Court.

The parties are bound by the stipulation as approved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed within 15 days after service of this order, is granted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved stipulation. (See rule 5.58(E) & (F), Rules of Procedure.) The effective date of this disposition is the effective date of the Supreme Court order herein, normally 30 days after file date. (See rule 9.18(a), California Rules of Court.)

Date

Judge of the State Bar Court

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of Los Angeles, on August 27, 2015, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

# STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at Los Angeles, California, addressed as follows:

JAMES IRWIN HAM
PANSKY MARKLE HAM LLP
1010 SYCAMORE AVE UNIT 308
SOUTH PASADENA, CA 91030

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

Shane C. Morrison, Enforcement, Los Angeles

Terrie Goldade, Probation, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in Los Angeles, California, on August 27, 2015.

Paul Barona

Case Administrator

State Bar Court