State Bar Court of California **Hearing Department** PUBLIC MATTER Los Angeles **ACTUAL SUSPENSION** Counsel For The State Bar Case Number(s): For Court use only 15-0-11195 Jamie Kim **Deputy Trial Counsel** 845 S. Figueroa St. FILED Los Angeles, CA 90017 (213) 765-1182 DEC 3 0 2015 P.B. STATE BAR COUR Bar # 281574 CLERK'S OFFICE LOS ANGELES In Pro Per Respondent **David James Quezada** Law Offices of David Quezada 1855 E. Rose Ave., 23C Orange, CA 92867 (949) 599-8355 Submitted to: Assigned Judge STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND Bar # 197439 **DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING** In the Matter of: **DAVID JAMES QUEZADA ACTUAL SUSPENSION** ☐ PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED Bar # 197439 A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted December 7, 1998.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of 10 pages, not including the order.
- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."

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(5)	Co La	enclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of w".				
(6)		e parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading upporting Authority."				
(7)	No pe	more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any nding investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.				
(8)	Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086. 6140.7. (Check one option only):					
		relief is obtained per rule 5.130, Rules of Procedure.				
B. Aggravating Circumstances [Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct, standards 1.2(h) & 1.5]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are required.						
(1)	☐ (a)	Prior record of discipline State Bar Court case # of prior case				
	(b)	☐ Date prior discipline effective				
	(c)	Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:				
	(d)	☐ Degree of prior discipline				
	(e)	If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below.				
(2)		Intentional/Bad Faith/Dishonesty: Respondent's misconduct was dishonest, intentional, or surrounded by, or followed by bad faith.				
(3)		Misrepresentation: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by, misrepresentation.				
(4)		Concealment: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by, concealment.				
(5)		Overreaching: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by, overreaching.				
(6)		Uncharged Violations: Respondent's conduct involves uncharged violations of the Business and Professions Code, or the Rules of Professional Conduct.				

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(7)		Trust Violation: Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property.			
(8)		Harm: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public, or the administration of justice.			
(9)		Indifference: Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.			
(10)		Candor/Lack of Cooperation: Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct, or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations or proceedings.			
(11)		Multiple Acts: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing.			
(12)		Pattern: Respondent's current misconduct demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.			
(13)		Restitution: Respondent failed to make restitution.			
(14)		Vulnerable Victim: The victim(s) of Respondent's misconduct was/were highly vulnerable.			
(15)	\boxtimes	No aggravating circumstances are involved.			
		ating Circumstances [see standards 1.2(i) & 1.6]. Facts supporting mitigating mstances are required.			
(1)	\boxtimes	No Prior Discipline: Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not likely to recur. See attachment, page 7-8.			
(2)		No Harm: Respondent did not harm the client, the public, or the administration of justice.			
(3)		Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct or `to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations and proceedings.			
(4)		Remorse: Respondent promptly took objective steps demonstrating spontaneous remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.			
(5)		Restitution: Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.			
(6)		Delay: These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.			
(7)		Good Faith: Respondent acted with a good faith belief that was honestly held and objectively reasonable.			
8)		Emotional/Physical Difficulties: At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical or mental disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the			

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				f any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and the difficulties ties no longer pose a risk that Respondent will commit misconduct.		
(9)		Severe Financial Stress: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.				
(10)		Family Problems: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.				
(11)		Good Character: Respondent's extraordinarily good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.				
(12)		Rehabilitation: Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by convincing proof of subsequent rehabilitation.				
(13)		No	No mitigating circumstances are involved.			
Addi	tiona	al mit	igatin	g circumstances:		
	P	re-tri	al Stip	oulation, see attachment, page 8.		
D. D	D. Discipline:					
(1) Stayed Suspension:			uspension:			
	(a)	\boxtimes	Resp	pondent must be suspended from the practice of law for a period of one year.		
		i.		and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the general law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1) Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.		
		ii.		and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.		
		iii.		and until Respondent does the following:		
	(b)	\boxtimes	The a	above-referenced suspension is stayed.		
(2)						
Respondent must be placed on probation for a period of one year , which will commence upon the effect of the Supreme Court order in this matter. (See rule 9.18, California Rules of Court)						
(3)	\boxtimes	Actual Suspension:				
	(a)	\boxtimes		condent must be actually suspended from the practice of law in the State of California for a period days.		
		i.		and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the general law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct		
		ii.		and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.		

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(10)		The following conditions are attached hereto and incorporated:					
		Substance Abuse Conditions		Law Office Management Conditions			
		☐ Medical Conditions		Financial Conditions			
F. Other Conditions Negotiated by the Parties:							
(1)		Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination: Respondent must provide proof of passage of the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination ("MPRE"), administered by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, to the Office of Probation during the period of actual suspension or within one year, whichever period is longer. Failure to pass the MPRE results in actual suspension without further hearing until passage. But see rule 9.10(b), California Rules of Court, and rule 5.162(A) & (E), Rules of Procedure.					
		☐ No MPRE recommended. Reason:					
(2)		Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court: Respondent must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 30 and 40 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.					
(3)		Conditional Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court: If Respondent remains actually suspended for 90 days or more, he/she must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 120 and 130 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.					
(4)		Credit for Interim Suspension [conviction referral cases only]: Respondent will be credited for the period of his/her interim suspension toward the stipulated period of actual suspension. Date of commencement of interim suspension:					
(5)		Other Conditions:					

ATTACHMENT TO

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF:

DAVID JAMES QUEZADA

CASE NUMBER:

15-0-11195

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that he is culpable of violations of the specified statutes and/or Rules of Professional Conduct.

Case No. 15-O-11195 (State Bar Investigation)

FACTS:

- 1. As a member of the State Bar, respondent was required to complete 25 hours of minimum continuing legal education ("MCLE") during the period commencing on February 1, 2011, through January 31, 2014 (the "compliance period").
- 2. On June 23, 2014, respondent reported to the State Bar under penalty of perjury that he was in compliance with the MCLE requirements, and, in particular, that he had completed all of his MCLE during the compliance period.
- 3. In fact, respondent had not completed any hours of MCLE courses before reporting compliance on June 23, 2014.
- 4. When respondent reported to the State Bar that he was in compliance with the MCLE requirements, respondent knew that he had not completed all of the MCLE during the compliance period as required.
- 5. Respondent took additional MCLE courses necessary to come into compliance after being contacted by Member Records and Compliance regarding an MCLE audit.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

6. By reporting under penalty of perjury to the State Bar that he was in compliance with the MCLE requirements when he knew that he was not in compliance with the MCLE requirements, respondent committed an act of moral turpitude, dishonesty or corruption in willful violation of Business and Professions Code section 6106.

ADDITIONAL FACTS RE MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

No Prior Discipline (Std. 1.6(a)): Respondent was admitted to practice on December 7, 1998. At the time of the misconduct, respondent had practiced law for more than 15 years without a record of discipline. While respondent's misconduct is serious, his 15 years in practice without discipline indicates that the underlying conduct was aberrational and is not likely to recur. (Hawes v. State Bar

(1990) 51 Cal.3d 587, 596 [gave attorney significant weight in mitigation for practicing law for over ten years without misconduct]; *In the Matter of Riordan* (Review Dept. 2007) 5 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 41 [discipline-free practice considered to be a significant mitigating factor even when misconduct is serious].)

Pre-trial Stipulation: Respondent admitted to the misconduct and entered into this stipulation fully resolving this matter without the necessity of a trial. Respondent's cooperation will save State Bar resources. Respondent's cooperation is a mitigating factor in this resolution. (*Silva-Vidor v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigative credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability].)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct "set forth a means for determining the appropriate disciplinary sanction in a particular case and to ensure consistency across cases dealing with similar misconduct and surrounding circumstances." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, std. 1.1. All further references to Standards are to this source.) The Standards help fulfill the primary purposes of discipline, which include: protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; maintenance of the highest professional standards; and preservation of public confidence in the legal profession. (See std. 1.1; *In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205.)

Although not binding, the standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (In re Silverton (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting In re Brown (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and In re Young (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (In re Naney (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) If a recommendation is at the high end or low end of a Standard, an explanation must be given as to how the recommendation was reached. (Std. 1.1.) "Any disciplinary recommendation that deviates from the Standards must include clear reasons for the departure." (Std. 1.1; Blair v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

In determining whether to impose a sanction greater or less than that specified in a given Standard, in addition to the factors set forth in the specific Standard, consideration is to be given to the primary purposes of discipline; the balancing of all aggravating and mitigating circumstances; the type of misconduct at issue; whether the client, public, legal system or profession was harmed; and the member's willingness and ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. (Stds. 1.7(b) and (c).)

Pursuant to Standard 2.11, "disbarment or actual suspension" is the presumed sanction for an act of moral turpitude. The mere failure to review a member's records before the member affirms compliance with the MCLE requirements is gross negligence amounting to moral turpitude. (*In the Matter of Yee* (Review Dept. 2014) 5 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 330.)

Here, respondent's knowing misrepresentation made under penalty of perjury was a dishonest act involving moral turpitude. Misrepresentations are compounded when made in writing under penalty of perjury, which includes an imprimatur of veracity which should place a reasonable person on notice to take care that their statement is accurate, complete, and true. (*In the Matter of Maloney and Virsik* (Review Dept. 2005) 4 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 774, 786.) Respondent's misconduct pertaining to his MCLE requirement circumvented the continuing legal educational requirements established for the

purpose of enhancing attorney competence and protecting the public. Furthermore, at the time of the misconduct, respondent was aware of the fact that he had not taken any MCLE hours for the compliance period prior to reporting.

Respondent's misconduct is significantly mitigated by his 15 years as a member without a record of discipline. His discipline free practice indicates that the misconduct here was an aberration and not likely to recur. Respondent has cooperated with the State Bar by acknowledging his misconduct and entering into this stipulation to fully resolve the matter. In light of the significant mitigation, respondent's misconduct warrants discipline on the low end of the range provided for in the Standard. Discipline consisting of a one year stayed suspension and a one year period of probation with standard conditions including a 30-day actual suspension from the practice of law is appropriate to protect the public, the courts and the legal profession, to maintain high professional standards by attorneys, and to preserve public confidence in the legal profession.

The Review Department decision in *In the Matter of Yee* (Review Dept. 2014) 5 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 330, is a relevant decision to consider. Attorney Yee falsely stated under penalty of perjury that she had fulfilled her MCLE requirements, but was unable to produce any record of compliance. The Review Department found that a public reproval was adequate to "serve the goals of attorney discipline" in light of Yee's gross negligence in not reviewing her records before affirming MCLE compliance and her reasonable, but mistaken, belief of compliance. (*Id.* at 11.) The Review Department found strong mitigating factors, including Yee's ten and a half years of practice without discipline, exemplary record of pro bono and community service, the absence of harm to the public or judicial system as Yee was not practicing law, immediate acknowledgement of wrongdoing, decision to rectify the situation and implementation of a corrective plan to avoid future problems. (*Id.*)

This discipline is consistent with case law. Unlike *Yee*, respondent knowingly engaged in misconduct as he did not hold a mistaken belief regarding compliance with the MCLE requirement. Therefore, respondent's misconduct is more severe than in *Yee* and warrants a more severe level of discipline. Respondent's misconduct, like in *Yee*, is mitigated by the absence of a prior record of discipline. Respondent had 15 years of discipline-free practice prior to the misconduct, which is significant. In light of the greater severity of respondent's misconduct and less significant mitigation, discipline consisting of a one year stayed suspension, one year probation with conditions, including a 30-day actual suspension for respondent's intentional act of moral turpitude is appropriate.

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of Chief Trial Counsel has informed Respondent that as of October 14, 2015, the prosecution costs in this matter are \$3,584. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

EXCLUSION FROM MCLE CREDIT

Pursuant to rule 3201, Respondent may <u>not</u> receive MCLE credit for completion of State Bar Ethics School. (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 3201.)

n the Matter of:	Casa aurabar(a)	
	Case number(s):	
DAVID JAMES QUEZADA	15-O-11195	

SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

By their signatures below, the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the recitations and each of the terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Facts, Conclusions of Law, and Disposition.

12/1/15	DAVID QUEZADA	David James Quezada
Date	Respondent's Signature	Print Name
Date	Respondent's Counsel Signature	Print Name
12/2/15	Di Mi	Jamie Kim
Date	Deputy Trial Counsel's Signature	Print Name

Finding the stipulation to be fair to the parties and that it adequately protects the public, IT IS ORDERED that the requested dismissal of counts/charges, if any, is GRANTED without prejudice, and:

- The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED and the DISCIPLINE RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.
- \boxtimes The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the DISCIPLINE IS RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.
- 冈 All Hearing dates are vacated.

On page 7 of the stipulation, paragraph numbers 4 and 5 are MODIFIED to read as follows:

- 4. When respondent reported to the State Bar that he was in compliance with the MCLE requirements, respondent knew that he had not completed any of the required 25 hours of MCLE.
- 5. Respondent did not take any of the required 25 hours of MCLE until after he was contacted by Member Records and Compliance regarding a MCLE audit.

On page 7 of the stipulation, in paragraph number 6, in the third line, the phrase "moral turpitude, dishonesty or corruption" is MODIFIED to read "moral turpitude and dishonesty."

The parties are bound by the stipulation as approved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed within 15 days after service of this order, is granted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved stipulation. (See rule 5.58(E) & (F), Rules of Procedure.) The effective date of this disposition is the effective date of the Supreme Court order herein, normally 30 days after file date. (See rule 9.18(a), California Rules of Court.)

cember 30, 2015

Judge of the State Bar Court

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of Los Angeles, on December 30, 2015, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at Los Angeles, California, addressed as follows:

DAVID J. QUEZADA LAW OFFICE OF DAVID QUEZADA 1855 E ROSE AVE 23C ORANGE, CA 92867

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

JAMIE J. KIM, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in Los Angeles, California, on December 30, 2015.

Paul Barona

Case Administrator

State Bar Court