



State Bar Court of California **Hearing Department**

LOS ANGEIES PUBLIC MATTER Counsel For The State Bar For Court use only Case Number(s): 15-0-11905 Sherell N. McFarlane **Deputy Trial Counsel** FILED 845 South Figueroa Street Los Angeles, CA 90017 MAR 2 9 2016 P.B. (213) 765-1288 STATE BAR COURT **CLERK'S OFFICE** Bar # 217357 LOS ANGELES Counsel For Respondent Kevin P. Gerry 711 N. Soledad St. Santa Barbara, CA 93103 (805) 899-2990 Submitted to: Settlement Judge Bar # 129690 STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND **DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING** In the Matter of: **VINH NGOC PHAM ACTUAL SUSPENSION** Bar # 243907 PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted August 11, 2006. (1)
- The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or (2) disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by (3) this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of 11 pages, not including the order.
- A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included (4) under "Facts."
- Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of (5)

(Do i	not write	e above this line.)					
(6)	The	e parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading pporting Authority."					
(7)	No	more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any iding investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.					
(8)	Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & 6140.7. (Check one option only):						
		Until costs are paid in full, Respondent will remain actually suspended from the practice of law unless					
		relief is obtained per rule 5.130, Rules of Procedure. Costs are to be paid in equal amounts prior to February 1 for the following membership years: the two (2) billing cycles following the effective date of the Supreme Court order in this matter. (Hardship, special circumstances or other good cause per rule 5.132, Rules of Procedure.) If Respondent fails to pay any installment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar Court, the remaining balance is due and payable immediately.					
		Costs are entirely waived. Costs are entirely waived.					
1	Aggr Misc requi	avating Circumstances [Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional onduct, standards 1.2(h) & 1.5]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are ired.					
(1)		Prior record of discipline State Bar Court case # of prior case					
	(a)						
	(b)	☐ Date prior discipline effective					
	(c)	Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:					
	(d)	Degree of prior discipline					
	(e)	If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below.					
(2)		Intentional/Bad Faith/Dishonesty: Respondent's misconduct was dishonest, intentional, or surrounded by, or followed by bad faith.					
(3)		Misrepresentation: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by, misrepresentation.					
(4)		Concealment: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by, concealment.					
(5)		Overreaching: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by, overreaching.					
(6)		Uncharged Violations: Respondent's conduct involves uncharged violations of the Business and Professions Code, or the Rules of Professional Conduct.					
(7)		Trust Violation: Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property.					

(Do n	ot write	e above this line.)
(8)		Harm: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public, or the administration of justice.
(9)		Indifference: Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the
(10)		consequences of his or her misconduct. Candor/Lack of Cooperation: Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct, or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations or proceedings.
(11)		Multiple Acts: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing.
(12)		Pattern: Respondent's current misconduct demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.
(13)		Restitution: Respondent failed to make restitution.
(14)		Vulnerable Victim: The victim(s) of Respondent's misconduct was/were highly vulnerable.
(15)	\boxtimes	No aggravating circumstances are involved.
Addi	tiona	al aggravating circumstances:
	_	ating Circumstances [see standards 1.2(i) & 1.6]. Facts supporting mitigating mstances are required.
(1)		No Prior Discipline: Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not likely to recur.
(2)		No Harm: Respondent did not harm the client, the public, or the administration of justice.
(3)		Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct or `to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations and proceedings.
(4)		Remorse: Respondent promptly took objective steps demonstrating spontaneous remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.
(5)		Restitution: Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.
(6)		Delay: These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.
(7)		Good Faith: Respondent acted with a good faith belief that was honestly held and objectively reasonable.
(8)		Emotional/Physical Difficulties: At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical or mental disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and the difficulties or disabilities no longer pose a risk that Respondent will commit misconduct.

ot write	e above	e this lin	ne.)			
	Severe Financial Stress: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.					
	Family Problems: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.					
	Good Character: Respondent's extraordinarily good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.					
	Rehabilitation: Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by convincing proof of subsequent rehabilitation.					
	No n	nitiga	ting circumstances are involved.			
tiona	al mit	igatin	g circumstances:			
			cord of Discipline, Prefiling Stipulation, and Good Character. See Attachment to 8.			
isci	pline	e:				
\boxtimes	Stay	ed Su	spension:			
(a)	\boxtimes	Resp	condent must be suspended from the practice of law for a period of one (1) year.			
	i.		and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the general law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1) Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.			
	ii.		and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.			
	iii.		and until Respondent does the following:			
(b)	\boxtimes	The a	above-referenced suspension is stayed.			
	Probation:					
Res	ponde of the	ent mu e Sup	ust be placed on probation for a period of one (1) year , which will commence upon the effective reme Court order in this matter. (See rule 9.18, California Rules of Court)			
	Actu	ıal Su	spension:			
(a)	\boxtimes	Resp of th i	ondent must be actually suspended from the practice of law in the State of California for a period irty (30) days.			
	i.		and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the general law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct			
	ii.		and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.			
	iii.		and until Respondent does the following:			
		Several which which which which which which which which which will be several which which which which which will be several with which which will be several which which will be several which which which which which which which which will be several which will be several which will be several which which which will be several which which which which which which which will be several which will be several which will be several which which which which will be several will be several	Severe File which rest which were which were which were personal limbers of the legal in the legal followed by the legal followed by the legal tional mitigation. No Prior Received and the legal tional mitigation. No Prior Received Stayed Survival (a) Stayed Survival (a) Respondent middle of the Support of the Support of the legal tional middle legal tion			

E. Additional Conditions of Probation:

(1)		If Respondent is actually suspended for two years or more, he/she must remain actually suspended until he/she proves to the State Bar Court his/her rehabilitation, fitness to practice, and present learning and ability in the general law, pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.			
(2)	\boxtimes	During the probation period, Respondent must comply with the provisions of the State Bar Act and Rules of Professional Conduct.			
(3)	\boxtimes	Within ten (10) days of any change, Respondent must report to the Membership Records Office of the State Bar and to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of information, including current office address and telephone number, or other address for State Bar purposes, as prescribed by section 6002.1 of the Business and Professions Code.			
(4)	\boxtimes	Within thirty (30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Probatio and schedule a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and conditions of probation. Upon the direction of the Office of Probation, Respondent must meet with the probation deputy either in-person or by telephone. During the period of probation, Respondent must promptly meet with the probation deputy as directed and upon request.			
(5)		Respondent must submit written quarterly reports to the Office of Probation on each January 10, April 10, July 10, and October 10 of the period of probation. Under penalty of perjury, Respondent must state whether Respondent has complied with the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all conditions of probation during the preceding calendar quarter. Respondent must also state whether there are any proceedings pending against him or her in the State Bar Court and if so, the case number and current status of that proceeding. If the first report would cover less than 30 days, that report must be submitted on the next quarter date, and cover the extended period.			
		In addition to all quarterly reports, a final report, containing the same information, is due no earlier than twenty (20) days before the last day of the period of probation and no later than the last day of probation.			
(6)		Respondent must be assigned a probation monitor. Respondent must promptly review the terms and conditions of probation with the probation monitor to establish a manner and schedule of compliance. During the period of probation, Respondent must furnish to the monitor such reports as may be requested, in addition to the quarterly reports required to be submitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must cooperate fully with the probation monitor.			
7)		Subject to assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully any inquiries of the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which are directed to Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has complied with the probation conditions.			
8)	\boxtimes	Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.			
		☐ No Ethics School recommended. Reason: .			
9)		Respondent must comply with all conditions of probation imposed in the underlying criminal matter and must so declare under penalty of perjury in conjunction with any quarterly report to be filed with the Office of Probation.			
10)		The following conditions are attached hereto and incorporated:			

(Do 1	not write	above	this line.)				
			Substance Abuse Conditions		Law Office Management Conditions		
			Medical Conditions		Financial Conditions		
F. (Other	Cor	nditions Negotiated by the Partie	s:			
(1)		Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination: Respondent must provide proof of passage of the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination ("MPRE"), administered by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, to the Office of Probation during the period of actual suspension or within one year, whichever period is longer. Failure to pass the MPRE results in actual suspension without further hearing until passage. But see rule 9.10(b), California Rules of Court, and rule 5.162(A) & (E), Rules of Procedure.					
			No MPRE recommended. Reason:				
(2)		Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court: Respondent must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 30 and 40 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.					
(3)		Conditional Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court: If Respondent remains actually suspended for 90 days or more, he/she must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 120 and 130 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.					
(4)		Credit for Interim Suspension [conviction referral cases only]: Respondent will be credited for the period of his/her interim suspension toward the stipulated period of actual suspension. Date of commencement of interim suspension:					
(5)		con Pro test the dee Exa pas	dition, as set forth in paragraph E, sub bation satisfactory proof of having atte given at the end of that session, subse effective date of the Supreme Court or med to have satisfied the condition tha mination (MPRE), as required in parage	section Inded a Equent der im It he para It he para I aph F	o have satisfied his Ethics School probation n (8), page 5, by providing to the Office of a session of Ethics School and having passed the to the filing of the this Stipulation, but prior to posing discipline herein. Respondent also will be ass the Multistate Professional Responsibility, subsection (1), page 6, by showing proof of to the filing of the this Stipulation, but prior to the ing discipline herein.		

ATTACHMENT TO

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF:

VINH NGOC PHAM

CASE NUMBER:

15-O-11905

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that he is culpable of violations of the specified statutes and/or Rules of Professional Conduct.

Case No. 15-O-11905 (State Bar Investigation)

FACTS:

- 1. As a member of the State Bar, respondent was required to complete 25 hours of Minimum Continuing Legal Education ("MCLE") during the period commencing on February 1, 2011, and ending on January 31, 2014 (the "compliance period").
- 2. On February 3, 2014, respondent reported under penalty of perjury to the State Bar that he complied with the MCLE requirements, and, in particular, that he had completed 25 MCLE hours during the compliance period.
- 3. In fact, respondent had not completed any hours of eligible MCLE courses within the compliance period.
- 4. On July 7, 2014, the Office of Member Records and Compliance of the State Bar of California ("Member Records") sent an MCLE Audit Notice to respondent ("audit") informing him that he was selected for an audit of his compliance with his MCLE requirements for the compliance period. The Audit directed respondent to submit proof of his compliance with his MCLE obligations by August 21, 2014.
- 5. By October 1, 2014, respondent completed the MCLE hours necessary to come into compliance after he was audited.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

6. By reporting under penalty of perjury to the State Bar that he was in compliance with the MCLE requirements, when he knew that he was not in compliance with the MCLE requirements, respondent committed an act involving dishonesty in wilful violation of Business and Professions Code section 6106.

ADDITIONAL FACTS RE MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

No Prior Record of Discipline: Respondent is entitled to some weight in mitigation for over 9 years of practice without a prior record of discipline. (See *In re Naney* (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 196 [seven years in practice without a prior record of discipline is not strong mitigation]; *Hawes v. State Bar* (1990) 51 Cal.3d 587, 596 [more than ten years of discipline-free practice entitled to significant mitigation].)

Prefiling Stipulation: Respondent has stipulated to facts, conclusions of law, and disposition in order to resolve his disciplinary proceedings prior to the filing of formal disciplinary charges, thereby avoiding the necessity of a formal proceeding and resulting trial and saving State Bar and State Bar Court time and resources. (*Silva-Vidor v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigative credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability].) By entering into this stipulation, respondent has accepted responsibility for his misconduct.

Good Character: Respondent's good character has been attested to by his attorney, three of his friends and a member of his religious community, each of whom provided a letter to the State Bar. While the character letters are not representative of a wide range of members of the general and legal communities who are fully aware of respondent's misconduct in connection with the present matter, respondent is entitled to some credit in mitigation for good character. (See generally *In the Matter of Davis* (Review Dept. 2003) 4 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 576, 591-592 [significant weight in mitigation accorded to three character witnesses due to their familiarity with respondent and their knowledge of his good character, work habits and professional skills].)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct "set forth a means for determining the appropriate disciplinary sanction in a particular case and to ensure consistency across cases dealing with similar misconduct and surrounding circumstances." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, std. 1.1. All further references to Standards are to this source.) The Standards help fulfill the primary purposes of discipline, which include: protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; maintenance of the highest professional standards; and preservation of public confidence in the legal profession. (See std. 1.1; *In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205.)

Although not binding, the Standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (In re Silverton (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting In re Brown (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and In re Young (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the Standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (In re Naney (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) If a recommendation is at the high end or low end of a Standard, an explanation must be given as to how the recommendation was reached. (Std. 1.1.) "Any disciplinary recommendation that deviates from the Standards must include clear reasons for the departure." (Std. 1.1; Blair v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

In determining whether to impose a sanction greater or less than that specified in a given Standard, in addition to the factors set forth in the specific Standard, consideration is to be given to the primary purposes of discipline; the balancing of all aggravating and mitigating circumstances; the type of misconduct at issue; whether the client, public, legal system or profession was harmed; and the member's willingness and ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. (Stds. 1.7(b) and (c).)

Standard 2.11 is applicable to Respondent's misconduct and provides as follows:

Disbarment or actual suspension is the presumed sanction for an act of moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, corruption, intentional or grossly negligent misrepresentation, or concealment of a material fact. The degree of sanction depends on the magnitude of the misconduct; the extent to which the misconduct harmed or misled the victim, which may include the adjudicator; the impact on the administration of justice, if any; and the extent to which the misconduct related to the member's practice of law.

In this matter, respondent committed an act of moral turpitude by misrepresenting the status of his MCLE compliance to the State Bar. Misrepresentations are compounded when made in writing under penalty of perjury, which includes an imprimatur of veracity which should place a reasonable person on notice to take care that their statement is accurate, complete and true. (*In the Matter of Maloney and Virsik* (Review Dept. 2005) 4 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 774, 786.) When respondent stated under penalty of perjury on February 3, 2014, that he complied with his MCLE obligations of completing 25 hours of MCLE courses for the compliance period, respondent did not take any steps to ascertain whether he was indeed in compliance with his MCLE obligations. Although respondent completed the required MCLE courses after the audit, his misconduct pertaining to his MCLE requirements circumvented the continuing legal educational requirements established for the purpose of enhancing attorney competence and protecting the public. For these reasons, respondent's misconduct is serious, relates directly to the practice of law, and undermines public confidence in the profession.

Respondent's misconduct is mitigated by the absence of a prior record of discipline and good character. Respondent's misconduct is also mitigated by the fact that respondent has, with this stipulation, acknowledged the wrongfulness of his misconduct. There are no factors in aggravation. These facts suggest that respondent's misconduct was aberrational and indicate that respondent is amenable to rehabilitation and conforming to ethical standards in the future. Therefore, a level of discipline at the low end of the range of discipline set forth in Standard 2.11 is consistent with the purposes of imposing sanctions for attorney misconduct. A one-year suspension, stayed, and a one-year period of probation with conditions, including a 30-day actual suspension, will adequately serve to protect the public, the courts and the legal profession, maintain high standards by attorneys, and maintain public confidence in the legal profession.

Case law also supports this result. In *In the Matter of Yee* (Review Dept. 2014) 5 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 330, the attorney was found culpable of moral turpitude based on gross negligence in violation of Business and Professions code section 6106 when she affirmed that she had fulfilled her 25 hours of required MCLE credits when, in fact, she had not taken any courses during the relevant compliance period. The attorney mistakenly recalled that she had completed the courses, and did not check or maintain any records to confirm if her recollection was accurate. When she was randomly audited by the State Bar, she corrected her error and submitted proper proof of compliance.

In recommending a public reproval without any conditions for the attorney in *Yee*, the Review Department found that:

[A] lesser discipline than called for in standard 2.7 is appropriate. As to Yee's wrongdoing, her failure to accurately report MCLE compliance was a one-time error, although it was related to the practice of law. As to other relevant

considerations, we note that Yee maintained an active law practice for 10 and a half years without discipline, has an exemplary record of pro bono and community service, and her misconduct caused no harm to the public or the judicial system. But the most significant feature of this case is that Yee immediately accepted responsibility for her wrongdoing, rectified the situation, and implemented a corrective plan to avoid future problems.

Id. at 336. Like the attorney in Yee, respondent completed a portion of the required MCLE credit hours after he was audited. However, unlike the attorney in Yee, respondent does not have significant mitigation and respondent knew that he had not completed the required MCLE credit hours when he affirmed compliance. Accordingly, a greater level of discipline than that imposed in Yee is appropriate.

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of the Chief Trial Counsel has informed respondent that as of October 27, 2015, the prosecution costs in this matter are \$3,066. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

EXCLUSION FROM MCLE CREDIT.

Pursuant to rule 3201, respondent may <u>not</u> receive MCLE credit for completion of the ethics courses ordered as a condition of her probation. (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 3201.)

In the Matter of:	Case number	(s):	
Vinh Ngoc Pham	15-O-11905	15-O-11905	
<u> </u>	SIGNATURE OF TH	E DARTIES	
Dur the single season because he sele	au tha marting and thair seconds as a will	and a signification or compart with each of the	
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recitations and each of $3 - 27 - 20$ Date $3 - 15 - 16$	the terms and conditions of this Stipulation My Company Conditions of this Stipulation Respondent's Signature	on Re Facts, Conclusions of Law, and Dispositi Vinh Ngoc Pham Print Name Kevin P. Gerry	

In the	e Matte	er of:	Case Number(s):
Vinł	n Ngo	c Pham	15-O-11905
		A	CTUAL SUSPENSION ORDER
Findin reques	g the s sted di	stipulation to be fair to the pa smissal of counts/charges, if	rties and that it adequately protects the public, IT IS ORDERED that the any, is GRANTED without prejudice, and:
	X	The stipulated facts and dis	sposition are APPROVED and the DISCIPLINE RECOMMENDED to the
		The stipulated facts and di	sposition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the ENDED to the Supreme Court.
	X	All Hearing dates are vaca	ted.
within stipula	15 day ition. (S Supre	ys after service of this order, See rule 5.58(E) & (F). Rules	as approved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed is granted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved of Procedure.) The effective date of this disposition is the effective date ormally 30 days after file date. (See rule 9.18(a), California Rules of
	3	28/14	Methornous
Date			DONALD F. MILES

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of Los Angeles, on March 29, 2016, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at Los Angeles, California, addressed as follows:

KEVIN P. GERRY 711 N SOLEDAD ST SANTA BARBARA, CA 93103

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

SHERELL N. McFARLANE, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in Los Angeles, California, on March 29, 2016.

Paul Barona

Case Administrator

State Bar Court