State Bar Court of California Hearing Department Los Angeles REPROVAL

PUBLIC MATTER

Counsel For The State Bar Case Number(s): For Court use only 15-O-14806-YDR **Alex Hackert Deputy Trial Counsel** FILED 845 S. Figueroa St. Los Angeles, CA 90017 (213) 765-1498 MAR 16 2017 STATE BAR COURT Bar # 267342 CLERK'S OFFICE LOS ANGELES In Pro Per Respondent **Blake Edward Wilson** 28 Green Turtle Rd Coronado, CA 92118 (619) 537-9068 Submitted to: Assigned Judge Bar # 279672 STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING In the Matter of: **BLAKE EDWARD WILSON PUBLIC REPROVAL** Bar # 279672 ☐ PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted December 2, 2011.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of 10 pages, not including the order.
- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."

(Effective April 1, 2016)

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<u>(Do n</u>	<u>ot write</u>	<u>e abov</u>	e this line.)	
(5)	Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions o Law".			
(6)	The parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading "Supporting Authority."			
(7)	No more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any pending investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.			
(8)	Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086. 6140.7. (Check one option only):			
			sts are added to membership fee for calendar year following effective date of discipline (public proval).	
		Co bil (Ha Re Co	se ineligible for costs (private reproval). Institute of the state of the supreme Court order in this matter. Institute of the supreme Court order in this	
			sts are entirely waived.	
(9) The parties understand that:				
	(a)		A private reproval imposed on a respondent as a result of a stipulation approved by the Court prior to initiation of a State Bar Court proceeding is part of the respondent's official State Bar membership records, but is not disclosed in response to public inquiries and is not reported on the State Bar's web page. The record of the proceeding in which such a private reproval was imposed is not available to the public except as part of the record of any subsequent proceeding in which it is introduced as evidence of a prior record of discipline under the Rules of Procedure of the State Bar.	
	(b)		A private reproval imposed on a respondent after initiation of a State Bar Court proceeding is part of the respondent's official State Bar membership records, is disclosed in response to public inquiries and is reported as a record of public discipline on the State Bar's web page.	
	(c)	\boxtimes	A public reproval imposed on a respondent is publicly available as part of the respondent's official State Bar membership records, is disclosed in response to public inquiries and is reported as a record of public discipline on the State Bar's web page.	
Mis		duct	ing Circumstances [Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional , standards 1.2(h) & 1.5]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are	
(1)		Prio	r record of discipline	
	(a)		State Bar Court case # of prior case	
	(b)		Date prior discipline effective	
	(c)		Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:	
	(d)		Degree of prior discipline	

(Do n	ot writ	e above this line.)				
	(e)	If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below or a separate attachment entitled "Prior Discipline.				
(2)		Intentional/Bad Faith/Dishonesty: Respondent's misconduct was dishonest, intentional, or surrounded by, or followed by bad faith.				
(3)		Misrepresentation: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by misrepresentation.				
(4)		Concealment: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by concealment.				
(5)		Overreaching: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by overreaching.				
(6)		Uncharged Violations: Respondent's conduct involves uncharged violations of the Business and Professions Code or the Rules of Professional Conduct.				
(7)		Trust Violation: Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property.				
(8)		Harm: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public, or the administration of justice.				
(9)		Indifference: Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.				
(10)		Candor/Lack of Cooperation: Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct, or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations or proceedings.				
(11)		Multiple Acts: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing.				
(12)		Pattern: Respondent's current misconduct demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.				
(13)		Restitution: Respondent failed to make restitution.				
(14)		Vulnerable Victim: The victim(s) of Respondent's misconduct was/were highly vulnerable.				
(15)		No aggravating circumstances are involved.				
Addi	tiona	al aggravating circumstances:				
		ating Circumstances [see standards 1.2(i) & 1.6]. Facts supporting mitigating stances are required.				
(1)		No Prior Discipline: Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not likely to recur.				
(2)		No Harm: Respondent did not harm the client, the public, or the administration of justice.				
(3)		Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation and proceedings.				

<u>(Do n</u>	ot writ	te above this line.)				
(4)		Remorse: Respondent promptly took objective steps demonstrating spontaneous remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconductions.				
(5)		Restitution: Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.				
(6)		Delay: These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.				
(7)		Good Faith: Respondent acted with a good faith belief that was honestly held and objectively reasonable				
(8)		Emotional/Physical Difficulties: At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical or mental disabilities which expert testimon would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and the difficulties or disabilities no longer pose a risk that Respondent will commit misconduct.				
(9)		Severe Financial Stress: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stres which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.				
(10)		Family Problems: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.				
(11)		Good Character: Respondent's extraordinarily good character is attested to by a wide range of reference in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.				
(12)		Rehabilitation: Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by subsequent rehabilitation.				
(13)		No mitigating circumstances are involved.				
Addi	tiona	al mitigating circumstances:				
		Pretrial Stipulation, see page 8.				
D. D	isci	ipline:				
(1)		Private reproval (check applicable conditions, if any, below)				
	(a)	Approved by the Court prior to initiation of the State Bar Court proceedings (no public disclosure).				
<u>or</u>	(b)	Approved by the Court after initiation of the State Bar Court proceedings (public disclosure).				
(2)	\boxtimes	Public reproval (Check applicable conditions, if any, below)				
E. C	ond	litions Attached to Reproval:				
(1)	\boxtimes	Respondent must comply with the conditions attached to the reproval for a period of one year .				
(2)		During the condition period attached to the reproval, Respondent must comply with the provisions of the State Bar Act and Rules of Professional Conduct.				

(Do not write above this line.)						
(3)		Within ten (10) days of any change, Respondent must report to the Membership Records Office of the State Bar and to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of information, including current office address and telephone number, or other address for State Bar purposes, as prescribed by section 6002.1 of the Business and Professions Code.				
(4)		Within thirty (30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Probation and schedule a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and conditions of reproval. Upon the direction of the Office of Probation, Respondent must meet with the probation deputy either in-person or by telephone. During the reproval conditions period, Respondent must promptly meet with the probation deputy as directed and upon request.				
(5)		Respondent must submit written quarterly reports to the Office of Probation on each January 10, April July 10, and October 10 of the condition period attached to the reproval. Under penalty of perjury, Respondent must state whether Respondent has complied with the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all conditions of the reproval during the preceding calendar quarter. Respondent also state in each report whether there are any proceedings pending against him or her in the State Bar Court and if so, the case number and current status of that proceeding. If the first report would cover the state of the terms of the next following quarter date, and cover the extended period.				
		In addition to all quarterly reports, a final report, containing the same information, is due no earlier than twenty (20) days before the last day of the condition period and no later than the last day of the condition period.				
(6)		Respondent must be assigned a probation monitor. Respondent must promptly review the terms and conditions of reproval with the probation monitor to establish a manner and schedule of compliance. During the reproval conditions period, Respondent must furnish such reports as may be requested, in addition to the quarterly reports required to be submitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must cooperate fully with the monitor.				
(7)		Subject to assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully any inquiries of the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which are directed to Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has complied with the conditions attached to the reproval.				
(8)		Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School, and passage of the test give at the end of that session.				
		□ No Ethics School recommended. Reason: .				
(9)		Respondent must comply with all conditions of probation imposed in the underlying criminal matter and must so declare under penalty of perjury in conjunction with any quarterly report to be filed with the Office of Probation.				
(10)	\boxtimes	Respondent must provide proof of passage of the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination ("MPRE"), administered by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, to the Office of Probation within one year of the effective date of the reproval.				
		☐ No MPRE recommended. Reason:				
(11)		The following conditions are attached hereto and incorporated:				
		☐ Substance Abuse Conditions ☐ Law Office Management Conditions				

(Do not write above this line.)					
		Medical Conditions		Financial Conditions	
F. Other Conditions Negotiated by the Parties:					
None.					

ATTACHMENT TO

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF:

BLAKE EDWARD WILSON

CASE NUMBER:

15-O-14806-YDR

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that he is culpable of violations of the specified statutes and/or Rules of Professional Conduct.

Case No. 15-O-14806 (Complainant: Joseph Torres)

FACTS:

- 1. On July 25, 2013, Joseph Torres hired respondent regarding a real property issue involving Torres' residence for a monthly flat fee. Respondent filed a lawsuit on Torres' behalf in September 2013. The complaint was eventually dismissed in March 2015, after the court sustained the opposing party's demurrer.
- 2. Prior to the dismissal, the defendant in the lawsuit filed an unlawful detainer action against Torres. Respondent would come to represented Torres in the unlawful detainer action. Respondent and Torres did not execute a new fee agreement for the unlawful detainer, but Torres continued to pay respondent per the terms of the original flat fee agreement. Torres was eventually evicted from his residence in or about August 2015.
- 3. On September 4, 2015, Torres sent respondent a letter requesting the return of his client file by October 15, 2015. At this time, Torres effectively terminated respondent's employment due to his dissatisfaction with respondent's handling of the lawsuit. Respondent received this letter.
- 4. Respondent wrote to Torres by e-mail on October 14, 2015, stating that he was preparing a letter for Torres that would include a large portion of Torres' client file. Respondent never sent such a letter.
- 5. Torres filed a complaint with the State Bar. On November 9, 2015, a State Bar investigator sent an investigative letter to respondent via U.S. mail at his State Bar membership records address, requesting that respondent respond in writing by November 23, 2015 to the allegations of misconduct being investigated in case no. 15-O-14806. Among the allegations addressed in this letter was that respondent had not returned Torres' client file. Respondent received this letter.
- 6. As respondent did not respond to the investigator's November 9, 2015 letter, on November 24, 2015, the State Bar investigator sent respondent a follow-up letter via U.S. mail at his membership records address. This letter requested that respondent respond in writing by December 8, 2015 to the allegations of misconduct being investigated in case no. 15-O-14806, including the allegations regarding the return of Torres' client file. Respondent received this letter.

- 7. On January 7, 2016, respondent sent the investigator a letter in response to the investigator's November 9 and November 24, 2015 letters. While respondent's letter addressed a portion of the allegations identified by the investigator, respondent failed to address the allegation that respondent had not returned Torres' client file.
- 8. On March 30, 2016, the State Bar investigator sent a further investigative letter to respondent via U.S. mail at his membership records address. This letter requested that respondent respond in writing by April 13, 2016 to several issues in case no. 15-O-14806, including the allegation respondent had not returned Torres' client file. Respondent received this letter, but did not respond to it.
- 9. As respondent did not respond to the investigator's March 30, 2016 letter, on April 14, 2016, the State Bar investigator sent respondent a follow-up letter via U.S. mail at his membership records address. This letter requested that respondent respond in writing by April 14, 2016 regarding the issues previously identified in the March 30, 2016 letter. Respondent received this letter, but did not respond to it.
- 10. On November 21, 2016, respondent personally delivered Torres' client file to Torres' residence.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

- 11. By failing to promptly return Joseph Torres' client file, after respondent's representation had been terminated and as requested by Joseph Torres on September 4, 2015, respondent willfully violated Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-700(D)(1).
- 12. By failing to provide a response to the allegations regarding the return of Joseph Torres' client file as addressed in the State Bar's investigative letters of November 9, 2015, November 24, 2015, March 30, 2016 and April 14, 2016, which respondent received, and by failing to otherwise cooperate in the State Bar investigation, respondent willfully violated Business and Professions Code section 6068(i).

ADDITIONAL FACTS RE MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Pretrial Stipulation: By entering into this stipulation, respondent has acknowledged his misconduct and is entitled to mitigation for recognition of wrongdoing. However, respondent is only entitled to limited mitigation because he did not settle until the time of trial, and thereby did not save the State Bar Court the resources it normally could have, had the matter settled prior to trial. (See generally Silva-Vidor v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigative credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability]; In the Matter of Spaith (Review Dept. 1996) 3 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 511, 521 [where the attorney's stipulation to facts and culpability was held to be a mitigating circumstance].)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct, "set forth a means for determining the appropriate disciplinary sanction in a particular case and to ensure consistency across cases dealing with similar misconduct and surrounding circumstances." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, std. 1.1. All further references to Standards are to this source.) The Standards help fulfill the primary purposes of discipline, which include: protection of the public, the

courts and the legal profession; maintenance of the highest professional standards; and preservation of public confidence in the legal profession. (See std. 1.1; *In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205.)

Although not binding, the Standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (In re Silverton (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting In re Brown (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and In re Young (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (In re Naney (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) If a recommendation is at the high end or low end of a standard, an explanation must be given as to how the recommendation was reached. (Std. 1.1.) "Any disciplinary recommendation that deviates from the Standards must include clear reasons for the departure." (Std. 1.1; Blair v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

In determining whether to impose a sanction greater or less than that specified in a given standard, in addition to the factors set forth in the specific standard, consideration is to be given to the primary purposes of discipline; the balancing of all aggravating and mitigating circumstances; the type of misconduct at issue; whether the client, public, legal system or profession was harmed; and the member's willingness and ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. (Stds. 1.7(b) and (c).)

In determining whether to impose a sanction greater or less than that specified in a given Standard, in addition to the factors set forth in the specific Standard, consideration is to be given to the primary purposes of discipline; the balancing of all aggravating and mitigating circumstances; the type of misconduct at issue; whether the client, public, legal system or profession was harmed; and the member's willingness and ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. (Stds. 1.7(b) and (c).) The most severe sanction applicable to respondent's misconduct is found in Standard 2.7(c), under which the presumed sanction for a performance, communication or withdrawal violation that is limited in scope and time is a suspension or reproval, depending upon the extent of the misconduct and the degree of harm to the client.

Here, respondent ignored his client's request to return the client file. Respondent then failed to address this issue during the State Bar's investigation, and did not return the file until over a year after the client's initial request. Since this misconduct is relatively minor, and ultimately the client received his file, coupled with the limited mitigation for settling without a trial, discipline towards the lower end of the Standard is warranted and a public reproval is recommended.

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of Chief Trial Counsel has informed respondent that as of February 28, 2017, the discipline costs in this matter are \$7,431. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

EXCLUSION FROM MINIMUM CONTINUING LEGAL EDUCATION ("MCLE") CREDIT

Respondent may <u>not</u> receive MCLE credit for completion of State Bar Ethics School, and/or any other educational course(s) to be ordered as a condition of reproval. (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 3201.)

In the Matter of	Case number(s):
Blake Edward Wilson	15-0-14806-YDR

SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

By their signatures below, the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the recitations and each of the terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Fact, Conclusions of Law and Disposition.

3/6/19	3(45)	Blake Edward Wilson
Date	Respondent's Signature	Print Name
3/6/17	Aby K	Alex Hackert
Date	Deputy Trial Counsel's Signature	Print Name

REPROVAL ORDER

Finding that the stipulation protects the public and that the interests of Respondent will be served by any conditions attached to the reproval, IT IS ORDERED that the requested dismissal of counts/charges, if any, is GRANTED without prejudice, and:

The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AND THE REPROVAL IMPOSED.

The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the REPROVAL IMPOSED.

All court dates in the Hearing Department are vacated.

Page 7, Paragraph 2, Lings 2 - subsattute "represent" for "represented".

The parties are bound by the stipulation as approved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed within 15 days after service of this order, is granted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved stipulation. (See rule 5.58(E) & (F), Rules of Procedure.) **Otherwise the stipulation shall be effective 15 days after service of this order.**

Failure to comply with any conditions attached to this reproval may constitute cause for a separate proceeding for willful breach of rule 1-110, Rules of Professional Conduct.

Much 9,2017

Judge of the State Bar Court

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of Los Angeles, on March 16, 2017, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

 \bowtie by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at Los Angeles, California, addressed as follows:

BLAKE E. WILSON BLAKE WILSON LAW GROUP 28 GREEN TURTLE RD CORONADO, CA 92118

 \boxtimes by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

ALEX HACKERT, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in Los Angeles, California, on March 16, 2017.

Case Adm

State Bar Court