(Do not write above this line.)

State Bar Court of California **Hearing Department** Los Angeles PUBLIC MATTER REPROVAL Counsel For The State Bar Case Number(s): For Court use only 16-C-17513-CV Stacia L. Johns **Deputy Trial Counsel 845 South Figueroa Street** Los Angeles, CA 90017 (213) 765-100 FILED MAY 1 7 2017 Bar # 292446 STATE BAR COURT In Pro Per Respondent CLERK'S OFFICE LOS ANGELES **Henry Noto** 1318 K Street Bakersfield, CA 93301 (661) 809-1756 Submitted to: Assigned Judge Bar # 101855 STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING In the Matter of: **HENRY PAUL NOTO PUBLIC REPROVAL** Bar # 101855 ☐ PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted December 3, 1981. (1)
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of 11 pages, not including the order.
- A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included (4) under "Facts."
- Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of Law".

(Effective April 1, 2016)

Reproval

(Do n	ot write	e above	e this line.)
(6)			es must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading ng Authority."
(7)			than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any nvestigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.
(8)			of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & Check one option only):
	\boxtimes		sts are added to membership fee for calendar year following effective date of discipline (public
		Ca Co (Ha Re Co	roval). se ineligible for costs (private reproval). sts are to be paid in equal amounts prior to February 1 for the following membership years: ardship, special circumstances or other good cause per rule 5.132, Rules of Procedure.) If spondent fails to pay any installment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar urt, the remaining balance is due and payable immediately.
			sts are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs". sts are entirely waived.
(9)	The	parti	es understand that:
	(a)		A private reproval imposed on a respondent as a result of a stipulation approved by the Court prior to initiation of a State Bar Court proceeding is part of the respondent's official State Bar membership records, but is not disclosed in response to public inquiries and is not reported on the State Bar's web page. The record of the proceeding in which such a private reproval was imposed is not available to the public except as part of the record of any subsequent proceeding in which it is introduced as evidence of a prior record of discipline under the Rules of Procedure of the State Bar.
	(b)		A private reproval imposed on a respondent after initiation of a State Bar Court proceeding is part of the respondent's official State Bar membership records, is disclosed in response to public inquiries and is reported as a record of public discipline on the State Bar's web page.
	(c)	\boxtimes	A public reproval imposed on a respondent is publicly available as part of the respondent's official State Bar membership records, is disclosed in response to public inquiries and is reported as a record of public discipline on the State Bar's web page.
	con	duct,	ing Circumstances [Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional , standards 1.2(h) & 1.5]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are
(1)		Prior	r record of discipline
	(a)		State Bar Court case # of prior case
	(b)		Date prior discipline effective
	(c)		Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:
	(d)		Degree of prior discipline
	(e)		If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below or a separate attachment entitled "Prior Discipline.

(Do n	ot writ	e above this line.)
(2)		Intentional/Bad Faith/Dishonesty: Respondent's misconduct was dishonest, intentional, or surrounded by, or followed by bad faith.
(3)		Misrepresentation: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by misrepresentation.
(4)		Concealment: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by concealment.
(5)		Overreaching: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by overreaching.
(6)		Uncharged Violations: Respondent's conduct involves uncharged violations of the Business and Professions Code or the Rules of Professional Conduct.
(7)		Trust Violation: Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property.
(8)		Harm: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public, or the administration of justice.
(9)		Indifference: Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.
(10)		Candor/Lack of Cooperation: Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct, or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations or proceedings.
(11)		Multiple Acts: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing.
(12)		Pattern: Respondent's current misconduct demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.
(13)		Restitution: Respondent failed to make restitution.
(14)		Vulnerable Victim: The victim(s) of Respondent's misconduct was/were highly vulnerable.
(15)	\boxtimes	No aggravating circumstances are involved.
Addi	tiona	al aggravating circumstances:
		ating Circumstances [see standards 1.2(i) & 1.6]. Facts supporting mitigating stances are required.
(1)		No Prior Discipline: Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not likely to recur.
(2)		No Harm: Respondent did not harm the client, the public, or the administration of justice.
(3)		Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation and proceedings.
(4)		Remorse: Respondent promptly took objective steps demonstrating spontaneous remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.

(Do n	ot writ	te above this line.)
(5)		Restitution: Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.
(6)		Delay: These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.
(7)		Good Faith: Respondent acted with a good faith belief that was honestly held and objectively reasonable.
(8)		Emotional/Physical Difficulties: At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical or mental disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and the difficulties or disabilities no longer pose a risk that Respondent will commit misconduct.
(9)		Severe Financial Stress: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.
(10)		Family Problems: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.
(11)		Good Character: Respondent's extraordinarily good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.
(12)		Rehabilitation: Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by subsequent rehabilitation.
(13)		No mitigating circumstances are involved.
Addi	tiona	al mitigating circumstances:
No P Pretr	rior I ial S	Discipline: see attachment, page 9 tipulation: see attachment, page 9
D. D	isci	pline:
(1)		Private reproval (check applicable conditions, If any, below)
	(a)	Approved by the Court prior to initiation of the State Bar Court proceedings (no public disclosure).
<u>or</u>	(b)	Approved by the Court after initiation of the State Bar Court proceedings (public disclosure).
(2)	\boxtimes	Public reproval (Check applicable conditions, if any, below)
E. C	ond	itions Attached to Reproval:
(1)	\boxtimes	Respondent must comply with the conditions attached to the reproval for a period of one year.
(2)	×	During the condition period attached to the reproval, Respondent must comply with the provisions of the State Bar Act and Rules of Professional Conduct.

7001		o above this line.
(3)	×	Within ten (10) days of any change, Respondent must report to the Membership Records Office of the State Bar and to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of information, including current office address and telephone number, or other address for State Bar purposes, as prescribed by section 6002.1 of the Business and Professions Code.
(4)	\boxtimes	Within thirty (30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Probation and schedule a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and conditions of reproval. Upon the direction of the Office of Probation, Respondent must meet with the probation deputy either in-person or by telephone. During the reproval conditions period, Respondent must promptly meet with the probation deputy as directed and upon request.
(5)		Respondent must submit written quarterly reports to the Office of Probation on each January 10, April 10, July 10, and October 10 of the condition period attached to the reproval. Under penalty of perjury, Respondent must state whether Respondent has complied with the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all conditions of the reproval during the preceding calendar quarter. Respondent must also state in each report whether there are any proceedings pending against him or her in the State Bar Court and if so, the case number and current status of that proceeding. If the first report would cover less than 30 (thirty) days, that report must be submitted on the next following quarter date, and cover the extended period.
		In addition to all quarterly reports, a final report, containing the same information, is due no earlier than twenty (20) days before the last day of the condition period and no later than the last day of the condition period.
(6)		Respondent must be assigned a probation monitor. Respondent must promptly review the terms and conditions of reproval with the probation monitor to establish a manner and schedule of compliance. During the reproval conditions period, Respondent must furnish such reports as may be requested, in addition to the quarterly reports required to be submitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must cooperate fully with the monitor.
(7)		Subject to assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully any inquiries of the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which are directed to Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has complied with the conditions attached to the reproval.
(8)	\boxtimes	Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.
		☐ No Ethics School recommended. Reason: .
(9)	×	Respondent must comply with all conditions of probation imposed in the underlying criminal matter and must so declare under penalty of perjury in conjunction with any quarterly report to be filed with the Office of Probation.
(10)		Respondent must provide proof of passage of the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination ("MPRE"), administered by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, to the Office of Probation within one year of the effective date of the reproval.
	e Ma	☑ No MPRE recommended. Reason: Respondent's misconduct is not related to the practice of protection of the public and the interest of respondent do not require the passage of the MPRE. (See tter of Respondent G (Review Dept. 1992) 2 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 181 and Rule 9.19, Cal. Rules of
(11)	\boxtimes	The following conditions are attached hereto and incorporated:
(Effec	tive Ar	oril 1, 2016)

F. Other Conditions Respondent recogn to be addressed be to control the use	bstance Abuse Conditions edical Conditions ions Negotiated by the I		Law Office Management Conditions Financial Conditions
F. Other Conditions Respondent recogn to be addressed be to control the use of			Financial Conditions
Respondent recog to be addressed be to control the use	ons Negotiated by the l		i mandar Conditions
to be addressed be to control the use		Parties:	
condition of discip	efore it affects respondent's of alcohol and/or drugs such	legal practice that it will no ostinence-bas	gests an alcohol and/or drug problem that needs e. Respondent agrees to take the steps necessary ot affect respondent's law practice in the future. sed self-help group (as defined herein), as a dress such concerns.
meetings per mont limitation Alcoholic maintenance programme based group meeti violation where pro	h of any abstinence-based s S Anonymous, Narcotics Ar rams are acceptable if they in ngs. (See O'Conner v. Calif. bbationer given a choice bet	self-help grou nonymous, Li nclude a subo (C.D. Calif. 19 ween AA and	I, respondent must attend a minimum of two (2) up of respondent's choosing, including without lifeRing, S.M.A.R.T., S.O.S., etc. Other self-help culture to support recovery, including abstinence-994) 855 F. Supp. 303 [no First Amendment a secular program.]) Respondent is encouraged, ticipation in these meetings.
	i "Moderation Management" ant to continue consuming a		table because it is not abstinence-based and
selected prior to at	tending the first self-help gr rst obtain the Office of Prob	oup meeting.	n written approval for the program respondent has If respondent wants to change groups, In approval prior to attending a meeting with the
	uarterly Report submitted to		ctory proof of attendance of the meetings set forth Probation. Respondent may not sign as the
			e in the Lawyers' Assistance Program, to abstain alysis testing to complement abstinence.

ATTACHMENT TO

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF:

HENRY PAUL NOTO

CASE NUMBER:

16-C-17513-CV

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that the facts and circumstances surrounding the offense for which he was convicted involved other misconduct warranting discipline.

Case No. 16-C-17513 (Conviction Proceedings)

PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND IN CONVICTION PROCEEDING:

- 1. This is a proceeding pursuant to sections 6101 and 6102 of the Business and Professions Code and rule 9.10 of the California Rules of Court.
- 2. On October 27, 2016, the Kern County District Attorney's Office filed a criminal complaint against respondent in Kern County case no. BM894822A. The complaint alleged two counts: Count 1: Vehicle Code section 23152(a) [Driving Under the Influence of Alcohol], a misdemeanor, with enhancement allegations under Vehicle Code section 23578 [Blood Alcohol Concentration of .15% or More] and Vehicle Code section 23540 [Second DUI Offense Within Ten Years]; Count 2: Vehicle Code section 23152(b) [Driving Under the Influence of Alcohol with Blood Alcohol Concentration of .08% or More], a misdemeanor, with enhancement allegations under Vehicle Code section 23578 [Blood Alcohol Concentration of .15% or More] and Vehicle Code section 23540 [Second DUI Offense Within Ten Years]. The complaint further alleged that respondent was previously convicted of a violation of Vehicle Code section 23152(a) [Driving under the Influence] on March 5, 2014.
- 3. On December 16, 2016, respondent pled nolo contendere to the violation alleged in Count 1 of the Complaint: Vehicle Code section 23152(a) [Driving Under the Influence of Alcohol], a misdemeanor. Respondent admitted the enhancement allegation under Vehicle Code section 23540 [Second DUI Offense Within Ten Years]. The allegation under Vehicle Code section 23578 [Blood Alcohol Concentration of .15% or More] was dismissed. Count 2 of the Complaint was dismissed in the interest of justice.
- 4. On December 16, 2016, respondent was sentenced to 30 days in custody with credit for two days served and "two days good and work time," for a total of four days' credit, execution of jail sentence stayed until February 1, 2017. Respondent was placed on probation for a period of three years and ordered to pay a fine of \$2,018.00 for the DUI offense. Respondent was also ordered to pay a probation violation restitution fine of \$150.00, imposition suspended pending successful completion of probation. Respondent was further ordered to complete an 18-month county-approved multiple offender program and enroll in the program within 21 days of sentencing. Respondent enrolled in the program.

5. On March 9, 2017, the Review Department of the State Bar Court issued an order referring the matter to the Hearing Department for a hearing and decision recommending the discipline to be imposed in the event that the Hearing Department finds that the facts and circumstances surrounding the offense(s) for which respondent was convicted involved moral turpitude or other misconduct warranting discipline.

FACTS:

- 6. On October 21, 2016, Bakersfield Code Enforcement Officer Harvick found respondent at the wheel of his vehicle in the middle of the roadway and called for police assistance. The vehicle was running and in "drive" while respondent's foot applied the brake.
- 7. At approximately 2:57 PM, Bakersfield Police Department Officer Kameron Bailey was dispatched to the scene. When Officer Bailey arrived at approximately 3:00 PM, he knocked on the car window multiple times to get respondent's attention, but respondent did not awaken. Bakersfield Fire Department arrived to place blocks to the front of the vehicle to prevent the vehicle from moving. Bakersfield Fire Department then gained access to the vehicle to place it in "park." Officer Bailey shouted to respondent and shook him, but respondent still did not awaken.
- 8. Officer Bailey then rubbed respondent's sternum for approximately ten seconds before respondent opened his eyes. Once awake, respondent displayed signs of intoxication including red watery eyes, thick slurred speech, and an odor of alcohol emitting from his breath and person.
- 9. Officer Bailey performed a records check and discovered respondent was on DUI probation until March 4, 2017, from his prior DUI conviction on March 5, 2014 (Kern County case no. BM830000A). Respondent's prior DUI offense occurred on October 3, 2013.
- 10. Respondent indicated to Officer Bailey that he was aware of his prior DUI probation. When Officer Bailey asked respondent if he had been drinking, respondent admitted to having approximately three to four vodka cranberry alcoholic beverages. Respondent agreed to participate in field sobriety tests.
- 11. Officer Bailey administered the Horizontal Gaze Nystagmus Test and the Walk and Turn Test. Respondent displayed signs of intoxication during both tests. Officer Bailey also administered the Preliminary Alcohol Screening ("PAS") Test, which indicated respondent had .29% blood alcohol concentration.
- 12. Due to respondent's falling asleep at the wheel of his car, the amount of effort it took to wake him, respondent displaying signs of intoxication, his statements regarding consuming alcohol, his field sobriety tests results, and his PAS test results, Officer Bailey determined respondent was too intoxicated to operate a vehicle and arrested him for DUI.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

13. The facts and circumstances surrounding the above-described violation(s) did not involve moral turpitude but did involve other misconduct warranting discipline.

ADDITIONAL FACTS RE MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

No Prior Discipline: Respondent was admitted to practice in California on December 3, 1981. Respondent practiced law in California since 1981 without any record of misconduct. Respondent is entitled to significant mitigation credit for his 34 years of practice without discipline prior to the misconduct. (Hawes v. State Bar (1990) 51 Cal.3d 587, 596 [over ten years of discipline-free practice entitled to significant weight in mitigation].)

Pretrial Stipulation: By entering into this stipulation, respondent has acknowledged misconduct and is entitled to mitigation for recognition of wrongdoing and saving the State Bar significant resources and time. (Silva-Vidor v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigative credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability]; In the Matter of Spaith (Review Dept. 1996) 3 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 511, 521 [where the attorney's stipulation to facts and culpability was held to be a mitigating circumstance].)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct "set forth a means for determining the appropriate disciplinary sanction in a particular case and to ensure consistency across cases dealing with similar misconduct and surrounding circumstances." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, std. 1.1. All further references to standards are to this source.) The standards help fulfill the primary purposes of discipline, which include: protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; maintenance of the highest professional standards; and preservation of public confidence in the legal profession. (See std. 1.1; *In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205.)

Although not binding, the standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (In re Silverton (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting In re Brown (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and In re Young (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (In re Naney (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) If a recommendation is at the high end or low end of a standard, an explanation must be given as to how the recommendation was reached. (Std. 1.1.) "Any disciplinary recommendation that deviates from the Standards must include clear reasons for the departure." (Std. 1.1; Blair v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

In determining whether to impose a sanction greater or less than that specified in a given standard, in addition to the factors set forth in the specific standard, consideration is to be given to the primary purposes of discipline; the balancing of all aggravating and mitigating circumstances; the type of misconduct at issue; whether the client, public, legal system or profession was harmed; and the member's willingness and ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. (Stds. 1.7(b) and (c).)

Standard 2.16 provides that "suspension or reproval is the presumed sanction for final conviction of a misdemeanor not involving moral turpitude but involving other misconduct warranting discipline." In the present matter, the facts and circumstances surrounding respondent's conviction do not involve moral turpitude, but do involve other conduct warranting discipline. (In re Kelley (1990) 52 Cal.3d 487, 497 [A second and subsequent conviction for driving under the influence did not involve moral turpitude, but constituted other misconduct warranting discipline].)

In the present matter, respondent was convicted of driving under the influence, and his DUI offense occurred while he was on probation for a prior DUI. There are no circumstances in aggravation. In mitigation, respondent has no prior record of discipline with over 34 years of practice, which is entitled to significant weight. Respondent is also entitled to mitigation for acknowledging his misconduct and entering into a pretrial stipulation, thereby obviating the need for trial and saving State Bar time and resources. Considering the nature of the misconduct and the mitigation, a public reproval is appropriate to protect the public, the courts, and the legal profession, maintain the highest professional standards, and preserve public confidence in the legal profession.

This level of discipline is also consistent with case law. In *In re Kelley*, an attorney was convicted twice of driving under the influence within a 31-month period. (*Id.* at 499.) On her first arrest, the attorney had driven her car into an embankment and was arrested at the scene. While on probation, she was stopped by a police officer while driving home and eventually arrested after failing a field sobriety test. The Court found that the attorney's conduct did not involve moral turpitude, but rather constituted other misconduct warranting disciplinary action. Noting there had been no specific harm caused to the public or the courts, as well as the attorney's significant mitigating evidence, the Court ordered the attorney publicly reproved and directed her to participate in the State Bar's program on alcohol abuse.

In light of the foregoing, a level of discipline consisting of a public reproval with substance abuse conditions will best serve the goals of protection of the public, the courts, and the legal profession.

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of Chief Trial Counsel has informed respondent that as of April 24, 2017, the discipline costs in this matter are \$2,629. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

EXCLUSION FROM MINIMUM CONTINUING LEGAL EDUCATION ("MCLE") CREDIT

Respondent may <u>not</u> receive MCLE credit for completion of State Bar Ethics School and/or any other educational course(s) to be ordered as a condition of reproval. (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 3201.)

In the Matter of:	Case number(s):	
Henry Paul Noto	16-C-17513-CV	
	·	

SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

By their signatures below, the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the recitations and each of the terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Fact, Conclusions of Law and Disposition.

<u>DS-DJ-IJ</u> Date	Respondent's Signature	Henry Noto Print Name	
5 / II / 17 Date	Deputy Trial Counsel's Signature	Stacia L. Johns Print Name	

In the Mat Henry Pa		Case Number(s): 16-C-17513-CV
		REPROVAL ORDER
Finding that attached to prejudice, a	the reproval, IT IS ORDERED to	ic and that the interests of Respondent will be served by any conditions nat the requested dismissal of counts/charges, if any, is GRANTED without
×	The stipulated facts and dispo	osition are APPROVED AND THE REPROVAL IMPOSED.
Ó	The stipulated facts and disponent REPROVAL IMPOSED.	esition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the
×	All court dates in the Hearing	Department are vacated.
he parties a	are bound by the stipulation as a	pproved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed
ithin 15 day ipulation. (i ervice of the allure to co	ys after service of this order, is g See rule 5.58(E) & (F), Rules of his order. omply with any conditions atta	pproved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed ranted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved Procedure.) Otherwise the stipulation shall be effective 15 days afte ached to this reproval may constitute cause for a separate by Rules of Professional Conduct.
ithin 15 day ipulation. (i ervice of the allure to co roceeding	ys after service of this order, is g See rule 5.58(E) & (F), Rules of his order. omply with any conditions atta	ranted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved Procedure.) Otherwise the stipulation shall be effective 15 days afte ached to this reproval may constitute cause for a separate
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of Los Angeles, on May 17, 2017, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at Los Angeles, California, addressed as follows:

HENRY PAUL NOTO 1318 K ST BAKERSFIELD, CA 93301 - 5440

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

STACIA L. JOHNS, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in Los Angeles, California, on May 17, 2017.

Paul Barona

Case Administrator

State Bar Court