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State Bar Court of California **Hearing Department** Los Angeles PUBLIC MATTER **REPROVAL** Counsel For The State Bar For Court use only Case Number(s): 16-O-13794-YDR Kimberly G. Anderson 845 S. Figueroa Street Los Angeles, CA 90017 FILED (213) 765-1083 MAR 09 2017 Bar # 150359 STATE BAR COURT In Pro Per Respondent CLERK'S OFFICE LOS ANGELES Dianne Karen Harmata 8545 W. Warm Springs Rd. A4 150 Las Vegas, NV 89113 (702) 707-2940 Submitted to: Settlement Judge Bar # 163412 STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING In the Matter of: DIANNE KAREN HARMATA **PUBLIC REPROVAL** PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED Bar # 163412 A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted December 15, 1992.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of 13 pages, not including the order.
- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."

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(Effective April 1, 2016)

Reproval

(Do n	ot write	e above	this line.)		
(5)	Cor Law		ons of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of		
(6)			es must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading ng Authority."		
(7)	No more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any pending investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.				
(8) Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. 6 6140.7. (Check one option only):			of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & Check one option only):		
			sts are added to membership fee for calendar year following effective date of discipline (public roval).		
		thre circ inst due	set ineligible for costs (private reproval). In the sets are to be paid in equal amounts prior to February 1 for the following membership years: for the see billing cycles following the effective date of the State Bar Court's Order. (Hardship, special cumstances or other good cause per rule 5.132, Rules of Procedure.) If Respondent fails to pay any stallment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar Court, the remaining balance is and payable immediately.		
			sts are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs". sts are entirely waived.		
(9)	The	partie	es understand that:		
	(a)		A private reproval imposed on a respondent as a result of a stipulation approved by the Court prior to initiation of a State Bar Court proceeding is part of the respondent's official State Bar membership records, but is not disclosed in response to public inquiries and is not reported on the State Bar's web page. The record of the proceeding in which such a private reproval was imposed is not available to the public except as part of the record of any subsequent proceeding in which it is introduced as evidence of a prior record of discipline under the Rules of Procedure of the State Bar.		
	(b)		A private reproval imposed on a respondent after initiation of a State Bar Court proceeding is part of the respondent's official State Bar membership records, is disclosed in response to public inquiries and is reported as a record of public discipline on the State Bar's web page.		
	(c)	\boxtimes	A public reproval imposed on a respondent is publicly available as part of the respondent's official State Bar membership records, is disclosed in response to public inquiries and is reported as a record of public discipline on the State Bar's web page.		
Mis		duct,	ing Circumstances [Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional , standards 1.2(h) & 1.5]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are		
(1)		Prio	r record of discipline		
	(a)		State Bar Court case # of prior case		
	(b)		Date prior discipline effective		
	(c)		Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:		
	(d)		Degree of prior discipline		

(Do no	ot write	e above this line.)
	(e)	If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below or a separate attachment entitled "Prior Discipline.
(2)		Intentional/Bad Faith/Dishonesty: Respondent's misconduct was dishonest, intentional, or surrounded by, or followed by bad faith.
(3)		Misrepresentation: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by misrepresentation.
(4)		Concealment: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by concealment.
(5)		Overreaching: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by overreaching.
(6)		Uncharged Violations: Respondent's conduct involves uncharged violations of the Business and Professions Code or the Rules of Professional Conduct.
(7)		Trust Violation: Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property.
(8)		Harm: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public, or the administration of justice.
(9)		Indifference: Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.
(10)		Candor/Lack of Cooperation: Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct, or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations or proceedings.
(11)		Multiple Acts: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing.
(12)		Pattern: Respondent's current misconduct demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.
(13)		Restitution: Respondent failed to make restitution.
(14)		Vulnerable Victim: The victim(s) of Respondent's misconduct was/were highly vulnerable.
(15)	\boxtimes	No aggravating circumstances are involved.
Addi	tiona	al aggravating circumstances:
		ating Circumstances [see standards 1.2(i) & 1.6]. Facts supporting mitigating stances are required.
(1)		No Prior Discipline: Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not likely to recur.
(2)		No Harm: Respondent did not harm the client, the public, or the administration of justice.
(3)		Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation and proceedings.

(Do no	ot writ	e above this line.)
(4)		Remorse: Respondent promptly took objective steps demonstrating spontaneous remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.
(5)		Restitution: Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.
(6)		Delay: These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.
(7)		Good Faith: Respondent acted with a good faith belief that was honestly held and objectively reasonable.
(8)		Emotional/Physical Difficulties: At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical or mental disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and the difficulties or disabilities no longer pose a risk that Respondent will commit misconduct.
(9)		Severe Financial Stress: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.
(10)		Family Problems: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.
(11)		Good Character: Respondent's extraordinarily good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct. See Stipulation Attachment at page 10.
(12)		Rehabilitation: Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by subsequent rehabilitation.
(13)		No mitigating circumstances are involved.
Addi	tiona	al mitigating circumstances:
		No Prior Discipline: See Stipulation Attachment at page 10. PreTrial Stipulation: See Stipulation Attachment at page 10.
D. D	isci	pline:
(1)		Private reproval (check applicable conditions, if any, below)
	(a)	Approved by the Court prior to initiation of the State Bar Court proceedings (no public disclosure).
<u>or</u>	(b)	Approved by the Court after initiation of the State Bar Court proceedings (public disclosure).
(2)	\boxtimes	Public reproval (Check applicable conditions, if any, below)
E. C	ond	itions Attached to Reproval:
(1)	\boxtimes	Respondent must comply with the conditions attached to the reproval for a period of one (1) year.

(Do no	t write	above this line.)
(2)	\boxtimes	During the condition period attached to the reproval, Respondent must comply with the provisions of the State Bar Act and Rules of Professional Conduct.
(3)		Within ten (10) days of any change, Respondent must report to the Membership Records Office of the State Bar and to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of information, including current office address and telephone number, or other address for State Bar purposes, as prescribed by section 6002.1 of the Business and Professions Code.
(4)		Within thirty (30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Probation and schedule a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and conditions of reproval. Upon the direction of the Office of Probation, Respondent must meet with the probation deputy either in-person or by telephone. During the reproval conditions period, Respondent must promptly meet with the probation deputy as directed and upon request.
(5)		Respondent must submit written quarterly reports to the Office of Probation on each January 10, April 10, July 10, and October 10 of the condition period attached to the reproval. Under penalty of perjury, Respondent must state whether Respondent has complied with the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all conditions of the reproval during the preceding calendar quarter. Respondent must also state in each report whether there are any proceedings pending against him or her in the State Bar Court and if so, the case number and current status of that proceeding. If the first report would cover less than 30 (thirty) days, that report must be submitted on the next following quarter date, and cover the extended period.
		In addition to all quarterly reports, a final report, containing the same information, is due no earlier than twenty (20) days before the last day of the condition period and no later than the last day of the condition period.
(6)		Respondent must be assigned a probation monitor. Respondent must promptly review the terms and conditions of reproval with the probation monitor to establish a manner and schedule of compliance. During the reproval conditions period, Respondent must furnish such reports as may be requested, in addition to the quarterly reports required to be submitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must cooperate fully with the monitor.
(7)		Subject to assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully any inquiries of the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which are directed to Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has complied with the conditions attached to the reproval.
(8)		Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.
		☐ No Ethics School recommended. Reason:
(9)		Respondent must comply with all conditions of probation imposed in the underlying criminal matter and must so declare under penalty of perjury in conjunction with any quarterly report to be filed with the Office of Probation.
(10)		Respondent must provide proof of passage of the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination ("MPRE"), administered by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, to the Office of Probation within one year of the effective date of the reproval.
		☐ No MPRE recommended. Reason:
(11)	\boxtimes	The following conditions are attached hereto and incorporated:

(Do not write above	this line.)		
	Substance Abuse Conditions		Law Office Management Conditions
	Medical Conditions	\boxtimes	Financial Conditions
F Other Co.	nditions Negotiated by the Partie	e.	

Restite Restite Payer	espondent must pay restitut ayee(s) listed below. If the (any portion of the principal mount(s) paid, plus applicab	Client Security Fund ("C amount(s) listed below	CSF") has reimburs , Respondent mus	ed one or more of	the payee(s) for
Paye	espondent must pay restitut ayee(s) listed below. If the (any portion of the principal mount(s) paid, plus applicab	Client Security Fund ("C amount(s) listed below le interest and costs.	CSF") has reimburs , Respondent mus	ed one or more of t also pay restitution	the payee(s) for
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m as pr th	espondent must pay the about provide satisfactory products otherwise directed by the cobation (or period of reprove payment of restitution, incorpayee/CSF (as applicable)	of of payment to the Of Office of Probation. No al), Respondent must reluding interest, in full.	fice of Probation will later than 30 days make any necessal	ith each quarterly propertion in prior to the expira	probation report, tion of the period
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☐ If	Respondent fails to pay any e remaining balance is due	y installment as describ and payable immediate	ed above, or as ma	ay be modified by t	the State Bar Co
Client	t Funds Certificate				
×	report. Respondent n	sses client funds at any nust file with each requ other financial professi	ired report a certific	cate from Respond	ient and/or a cei
		maintained a bank acc	ount in a bank auth State of California	norized to do busin	aga in the State

- b. Respondent has kept and maintained the following:
 - i. A written ledger for each client on whose behalf funds are held that sets forth:
 - 1. the name of such client;
 - 2. the date, amount and source of all funds received on behalf of such client;
 - 3. the date, amount, payee and purpose of each disbursement made on behalf of such client; and,
 - 4. the current balance for such client.
 - ii. a written journal for each client trust fund account that sets forth:
 - 1. the name of such account;
 - 2. the date, amount and client affected by each debit and credit; and,
 - 3. the current balance in such account.
 - iii. all bank statements and cancelled checks for each client trust account; and,
 - iv. each monthly reconciliation (balancing) of (i), (ii), and (iii), above, and if there are any differences between the monthly total balances reflected in (i), (ii), and (iii), above, the reasons for the differences.
- c. Respondent has maintained a written journal of securities or other properties held for clients that specifies:
 - i. each item of security and property held;
 - ii. the person on whose behalf the security or property is held;
 - iii. the date of receipt of the security or property;
 - iv. the date of distribution of the security or property; and,
 - v. the person to whom the security or property was distributed.
- 2. If Respondent does not possess any client funds, property or securities during the entire period covered by a report, Respondent must so state under penalty of perjury in the report filed with the Office of Probation for that reporting period. In this circumstance, Respondent need not file the accountant's certificate described above.
- 3. The requirements of this condition are in addition to those set forth in rule 4-100, Rules of Professional Conduct.

d. Client Trust Accounting School

Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must supply to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School Client Trust Accounting School, within the same period of time, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.

ATTACHMENT TO

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF:

DIANNE KAREN HARMATA

CASE NUMBER:

16-O-13974-YDR

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that she is culpable of violations of the specified statutes and/or Rules of Professional Conduct.

Case No. 16-O-13974 (State Bar Investigation)

FACTS:

- 1. Respondent and her brother, attorney John Michael Harmata ("John"), are both former law partners at a law firm known as Harmata & Associates, A Professional Law Corporation. The partnership dissolved in September 2015. At all times between June 2012 and September 2015, Respondent and John jointly owned and maintained a client trust account no. xxxxx1705 at U.S. Bank ("CTA"). Respondent assumed primary responsibility for maintaining the CTA, and for depositing funds and issuing checks from the CTA. The State Bar has filed a separate case against John, State Bar Court Case Nos. 15-O-15656, 15-O-15667, 15-O-15900 and 16-O-12063, and this Case No. 16-O-13974 was consolidated with the cases against John, and which is subject to a separate Stipulation Re Facts, Conclusions of Law and Order Approving to be filed concurrently with this Stipulation.
- 2. In June 2012, Brian Wilson ("Wilson") hired John to handle a civil dispute with his former business partner, A.L.
- 3. On July 1, 2013 and on September 2, 2013, John received two \$2,625 checks totaling \$5,250, directly from A.L. which were settlement funds that belonged to Wilson. John caused the checks to be deposited into the CTA, but he did not tell Wilson he had received the checks. John failed to recognize that the two \$2,625 checks he deposited into his CTA were actually funds that belonged to Wilson because John failed to maintain a proper client ledger for Wilson. John also failed to tell Respondent that the two \$2,625 checks totaling \$5,250 that he had received from A.L. were for settlement funds that belonged to Wilson, and instead told Respondent he believed the checks were for his fees.
- 4. During the time John was supposed to be holding the \$5,250 that belonged to Wilson, the CTA balance dipped to \$108.01 on March 31, 2014 because Respondent had relied on John's representations that the two checks in the amount of \$2,625, which he received on July 1, 2013 and September 2, 2013, were for fees, when in fact, they were not for fees. Respondent, believing that John had provided her with accurate information about the two checks totaling \$5,250, issued checks which caused the CTA balance to dip to \$108.01.
- 5. On June 1, 2016, the State Bar opened an investigation into Respondent's involvement with respect to the CTA and the issuance of the checks, which resulted in the CTA balance dipping to

\$108.01 on March 31, 2014, when there was supposed to be \$5,250 belonging to Wilson in the CTA. During the investigation, the State Bar asked Respondent to produce the accounting records for the CTA.

- 6. Respondent was primarily responsible for maintaining the CTA records during the existence of Harmata & Associates, and following the dissolution of Harmata & Associates. Respondent has not maintained a client ledger for Wilson, the monthly reconciliations for the CTA and the written account journal for the CTA as required by rules 4-100(C) and 4-100(B)(3) of the Rules of Professional Conduct.
- 7. Respondent is not responsible for the misappropriation of Wilson's \$5,250, as John was solely responsible for causing the misappropriation to occur by providing Respondent with wrong information regarding Wilson's funds.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

8. By failing to maintain a client ledger for Wilson, the monthly reconciliations for the CTA, and the written account journal for the CTA as required by rules 4-100(C) and 4-100(B)(3) of the Rules of Professional Conduct, Respondent failed to maintain proper accounting records in willful violation of Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 4-100(B)(3).

ADDITIONAL FACTS RE MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Good Character (Std. 1.6(f): Respondent has presented letters from six character witnesses from the legal and general communities (two former clients, three attorneys and one from Respondent's current employer since she has been employed in banking and not in the practice of law), all of whom are aware of the misconduct in this case, and all of whom have attested to her good character.

No Prior Discipline (Std. 1.6(a)): Respondent was admitted to practice law in California in 1987 and she has no prior record of discipline. (*In the Matter of Riordan* (Review Dept. 2007) 5 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr 41 [attorney credited with significant mitigation for serious misconduct where the attorney had practiced discipline-free for more than seventeen years].

Pretrial Stipulation: By entering into this stipulation, respondent has acknowledged misconduct and is entitled to mitigation for recognition of wrongdoing and saving the State Bar significant resources and time. (Silva-Vidor v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigative credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability]; In the Matter of Spaith (Review Dept. 1996) 3 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 511, 521 [where the attorney's stipulation to facts and culpability was held to be a mitigating circumstance].)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct "set forth a means for determining the appropriate disciplinary sanction in a particular case and to ensure consistency across cases dealing with similar misconduct and surrounding circumstances." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, std. 1.1. All further references to standards are to this source.) The standards help fulfill the primary purposes of discipline, which include: protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; maintenance of the highest professional standards; and preservation of public confidence in the legal profession. (See std. 1.1; *In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205.)

Although not binding, the standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (In re Silverton (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting In re Brown (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and In re Young (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (In re Naney (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) If a recommendation is at the high end or low end of a standard, an explanation must be given as to how the recommendation was reached. (Std. 1.1.) "Any disciplinary recommendation that deviates from the Standards must include clear reasons for the departure." (Std. 1.1; Blair v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

In determining whether to impose a sanction greater or less than that specified in a given standard, in addition to the factors set forth in the specific standard, consideration is to be given to the primary purposes of discipline; the balancing of all aggravating and mitigating circumstances; the type of misconduct at issue; whether the client, public, legal system or profession was harmed; and the member's willingness and ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. (Stds. 1.7(b) and (c).)

Standard 2.2(b) is the applicable standard for a single violation of rule 4-100(B)(3), which provides that suspension or reproval is the presumed sanction. Thus, based upon the Standard, the high range of discipline appears to be a three-year actual suspension, and the low range of discipline appears to be a private reproval.

Respondent has three mitigating factors, which are entitled to significant weight. In particular, Respondent's discipline free practice since 1992 is entitled to significant weight in mitigation.

Case law also supports a public reproval.

In *In the Matter of Cacioppo* (Review Dept. 1992) 2 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 128, the Review Department recommended six months' stayed suspension and one year probation for an attorney who was found culpable of failing to account and failing to communicate where the attorney claimed a fire had destroyed his records, but the attorney had a prior public reproval. Otherwise, the court noted that it would have recommended a reproval. The attorney's misconduct in Cacioppo was worse than the Respondent's misconduct in the instant case as it did not only involve an accounting violation, and the Respondent has no prior discipline.

In *In the Matter of Lazarus* (Review Dept. 1991) 1 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 38, the Review Department recommended two months' stayed suspension and one year probation for an attorney who was found culpable of two acts of misconduct: failure to advise client of receipt of funds and failure to account.

DISMISSALS.

The parties respectfully request the Court to dismiss the following alleged violations in the interest of justice:

Case No.	Count	Alleged Violation
16-O-13794	One	Business and Professions Code section 6106
16-O-13794	Two	Rule 4-100(A), Rules of Professional Conduct
16-O-13794	Three	Rule 4-100(B)(1), Rules of Professional Conduct

Four

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of Chief Trial Counsel has informed respondent that as of February 8, 2017, the discipline costs in this matter are approximately \$3,669. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

EXCLUSION FROM MINIMUM CONTINUING LEGAL EDUCATION ("MCLE") CREDIT

Respondent may <u>not</u> receive MCLE credit for completion of State Bar Ethics School, State Bar Client Trust Accounting School, and/or any other educational course(s) to be ordered as a condition of reproval or suspension. (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 3201.)

(Do not write above this line.)		
In the Matter of: DIANNE KAREN HARMATA	Case number(s): 16-O-13794-YDR	

SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

	the parties and their counsel, as applicable, sign terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Fact	
	haune to mate	Dianne Harmata
Date	Respondent's Signature	Print Name
Date 2/21/17	Respondent's Counsel'S gnature	Print Name (MBERLY G. AMERS ON Print Name

In the Matter of: DIANNE KAREN HARMATA	Case Number(s): 16-O-13794-YDR	

REPROVAL ORDER

Finding that the stipulation protects the public and that the interests of Respondent will be served by any conditions attached to the reproval, IT IS ORDERED that the requested dismissal of counts/charges, if any, is GRANTED without prejudice, and:

X	The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AND THE REPROVAL IMPOSED.
	The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the REPROVAL IMPOSED.
K	All court dates in the Hearing Department are vacated.

The parties are bound by the stipulation as approved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed within 15 days after service of this order, is granted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved stipulation. (See rule 5.58(E) & (F), Rules of Procedure.) **Otherwise the stipulation shall be effective 15 days after service of this order.**

Failure to comply with any conditions attached to this reproval may constitute cause for a separate proceeding for willful breach of rule 1-110, Rules of Professional Conduct.

3/3/17

Date

DONALD F. MILES

Judge of the State Bar Court

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of Los Angeles, on March 9, 2017, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at Los Angeles, California, addressed as follows:

DIANNE K. HARMATA 8545 W WARM SPRINGS RD A4 150 LAS VEGAS, NV 89113

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

Kimberly G. Anderson, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in Los Angeles, California, on March 9, 2017.

Angela Capenter
Case Administrator
State Bar Court

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