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04-4	Der Court of Oall	- !-	
State	e Bar Court of Califor Hearing Department Los Angeles REPROVAL	PUBLIC MATTER	
Counsel For The State Bar Alex Hackert Deputy Trial Counsel 845 S. Figueroa St. Los Angeles, CA 90017 (213) 765-1498 Bar # 267342 Counsel For Respondent Jahzeel Osejo	Case Number(s): 16-O-14099-YDR 16-O-17311 (inv.)	For Court use only FILED JUN 1 3 2017 STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE LOS ANGELES	
Lee & Osejo 17897 Macarthur Blvd Ste 205 Irvine, CA 92614 (949) 955-2445 Bar # 279483	Submitted to: Settlement Ju	Idge CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND	
In the Matter of: EDELMIRA MEDINA	PUBLIC REPROVAL	APPROVING	
Bar # 285577	PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED		
A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)			

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Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted **December 3, 2012**.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of 13 pages, not including the order.
- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."

(Effective April 1, 2016)



Reproval

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- (5) Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of Law".
- (6) The parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading "Supporting Authority."
- (7) No more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any pending investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.
- (8) Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & 6140.7. (Check one option only):
 - Costs are added to membership fee for calendar year following effective date of discipline (public reproval).
 - Case ineligible for costs (private reproval).
 - Costs are to be paid in equal amounts prior to February 1 for the following membership years: Two billing cycles immediately following the effective date of the State Bar Court order in this matter. (Hardship, special circumstances or other good cause per rule 5.132, Rules of Procedure.) If Respondent fails to pay any installment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar Court, the remaining balance is due and payable immediately.

Costs are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs".

- Costs are entirely waived.
- (9) The parties understand that:
 - (a) A private reproval imposed on a respondent as a result of a stipulation approved by the Court prior to initiation of a State Bar Court proceeding is part of the respondent's official State Bar membership records, but is not disclosed in response to public inquiries and is not reported on the State Bar's web page. The record of the proceeding in which such a private reproval was imposed is not available to the public except as part of the record of any subsequent proceeding in which it is introduced as evidence of a prior record of discipline under the Rules of Procedure of the State Bar.
 - (b) A private reproval imposed on a respondent after initiation of a State Bar Court proceeding is part of the respondent's official State Bar membership records, is disclosed in response to public inquiries and is reported as a record of public discipline on the State Bar's web page.
 - (c) A public reproval imposed on a respondent is publicly available as part of the respondent's official State Bar membership records, is disclosed in response to public inquiries and is reported as a record of public discipline on the State Bar's web page.

B. Aggravating Circumstances [Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct, standards 1.2(h) & 1.5]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are required.

- (1) **Prior record of discipline**
 - (a) State Bar Court case # of prior case
 - (b) Date prior discipline effective
 - (c) Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:
 - (d) Degree of prior discipline

(Do not write above this line.)					
	(e)	If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below or a separate attachment entitled "Prior Discipline.			
(2)		Intentional/Bad Faith/Dishonesty: Respondent's misconduct was dishonest, intentional, or surrounded by, or followed by bad faith.			
(3)		Misrepresentation: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by misrepresentation.			
(4)		Concealment: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by concealment.			
(5)		Overreaching: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by overreaching.			
(6)		Uncharged Violations: Respondent's conduct involves uncharged violations of the Business and Professions Code or the Rules of Professional Conduct.			
(7)		Trust Violation: Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property.			
(8)		Harm: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public, or the administration of justice.			
(9)		Indifference: Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.			
(10)		Candor/Lack of Cooperation: Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct, or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations or proceedings.			
(11)	\boxtimes	Multiple Acts: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing. See page 9.			
(12)		Pattern: Respondent's current misconduct demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.			
(13)		Restitution: Respondent failed to make restitution.			
(14)		Vulnerable Victim: The victim(s) of Respondent's misconduct was/were highly vulnerable.			
(15)		No aggravating circumstances are involved.			

Additional aggravating circumstances:

C. Mitigating Circumstances [see standards 1.2(i) & 1.6]. Facts supporting mitigating circumstances are required.

- (1) **No Prior Discipline:** Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not likely to recur.
- (2) **No Harm:** Respondent did not harm the client, the public, or the administration of justice.
- (3) Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation and proceedings.

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- (4) Remorse: Respondent promptly took objective steps demonstrating spontaneous remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.
- (5) Restitution: Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.
- (6) **Delay:** These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.
- (7) Good Faith: Respondent acted with a good faith belief that was honestly held and objectively reasonable.
- (8) Emotional/Physical Difficulties: At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical or mental disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and the difficulties or disabilities no longer pose a risk that Respondent will commit misconduct.
- (9) Severe Financial Stress: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.
- (10) Family Problems: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.
- (11) Good Character: Respondent's extraordinarily good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.
- (12) Rehabilitation: Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by subsequent rehabilitation.
- (13) **No mitigating circumstances** are involved.

Additional mitigating circumstances:

Pretrial Stipulation, see page 9-10.

Physical and Emotional Difficulties, see page 10.

Good Character, see page 10.

Pro Bono Work, see page 10.

D. Discipline:

- (1) Private reproval (check applicable conditions, if any, below)
 - (a) Approved by the Court prior to initiation of the State Bar Court proceedings (no public disclosure).
 - (b) Approved by the Court after initiation of the State Bar Court proceedings (public disclosure).

<u>or</u>

(2) Z Public reproval (Check applicable conditions, if any, below)

(Effective April 1, 2016)

E. Conditions Attached to Reproval:

- (1) Respondent must comply with the conditions attached to the reproval for a period of **one year**.
- (2) During the condition period attached to the reproval, Respondent must comply with the provisions of the State Bar Act and Rules of Professional Conduct.
- (3) Within ten (10) days of any change, Respondent must report to the Membership Records Office of the State Bar and to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of information, including current office address and telephone number, or other address for State Bar purposes, as prescribed by section 6002.1 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (4) Within thirty (30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Probation and schedule a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and conditions of reproval. Upon the direction of the Office of Probation, Respondent must meet with the probation deputy either in-person or by telephone. During the reproval conditions period, Respondent must promptly meet with the probation deputy as directed and upon request.
- (5) Respondent must submit written quarterly reports to the Office of Probation on each January 10, April 10, July 10, and October 10 of the condition period attached to the reproval. Under penalty of perjury, Respondent must state whether Respondent has complied with the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all conditions of the reproval during the preceding calendar quarter. Respondent must also state in each report whether there are any proceedings pending against him or her in the State Bar Court and if so, the case number and current status of that proceeding. If the first report would cover less than 30 (thirty) days, that report must be submitted on the next following quarter date, and cover the extended period.

In addition to all quarterly reports, a final report, containing the same information, is due no earlier than twenty (20) days before the last day of the condition period and no later than the last day of the condition period.

- (6) Respondent must be assigned a probation monitor. Respondent must promptly review the terms and conditions of reproval with the probation monitor to establish a manner and schedule of compliance. During the reproval conditions period, Respondent must furnish such reports as may be requested, in addition to the quarterly reports required to be submitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must cooperate fully with the monitor.
- (7) Subject to assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully any inquiries of the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which are directed to Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has complied with the conditions attached to the reproval.
- (8) Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.



(9) Respondent must comply with all conditions of probation imposed in the underlying criminal matter and must so declare under penalty of perjury in conjunction with any quarterly report to be filed with the Office of Probation.

F. Other Conditions Negotiated by the Parties:

None.

ATTACHMENT TO

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF: EDELMIRA MEDINA

CASE NUMBERS: 16-O-14099, 16-O-17311

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that she is culpable of violations of the specified statutes and/or Rules of Professional Conduct.

Case No. 16-O-14099 (Complainant: Teresa Billingsley)

FACTS:

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1. On October 28, 2013, Teresa Billingsley retained respondent to represent her in a prospective civil action involving a breach of contract action in San Bernardino County Superior Court entitled, *Billingsley v. Hawes Real Estate Residential Property Management Company*. Ms. Billingsley paid respondent an advanced fee of \$2,500 for these services.

2. Respondent filed a complaint on behalf of Ms. Billingsley on March 13, 2014.

3. On June 6, 2016, Ms. Billingsley emailed respondent and informed respondent that she was terminating the representation, and requested an itemized accounting of the \$2,500 fee paid to respondent. Respondent received this email.

4. Respondent did not respond to Ms. Billingsley's request for an accounting, and respondent did not produce an accounting until after the instant Notice of Disciplinary Charges was filed.

5. On July 7, 2016, a State Bar investigator sent an investigative letter to respondent at her official State Bar membership records address via United States mail, requesting that respondent respond in writing by July 21, 2016 to the allegations of misconduct being investigated in case no. 16-O-14099. The letter was not returned as undeliverable.

6. Respondent received the July 7, 2016 letter, and on July 21, 2016, respondent contacted the assigned State Bar investigator to request additional time to respond to the July 7, 2016 letter. The investigator agreed to an extension through July 28, 2016. However, respondent did not provide a response to the July 7, 2016 letter.

7. On August 4, 2016, the investigator sent respondent an email about the status of her response, since she did not provide a response by July 28, 2016. Respondent received this email, but did not respond to it.

8. On August 8, 2016, the investigator sent an investigative letter to respondent at her official State Bar membership records address via United States mail, requesting that respondent respond in writing by August 22, 2016, to the allegations of misconduct being investigated in case no. 16-O-14099. The letter was not returned as undeliverable.

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9. Respondent received the August 8, 2016 letter, but did not provide a response to it.

10. On October 3, 2016, the investigator sent an investigative letter to respondent at her official State Bar membership records address via United States mail, requesting that respondent respond in writing by October 12, 2016 to the allegations of misconduct being investigated in case no. 16-O-14099. The letter was not returned as undeliverable.

11. Respondent received the October 3, 2016 letter, but did not provide a response to it.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

12. By failing to promptly provide an accounting to Ms. Billingsley after respondent's termination and Ms. Billingsley's request for an accounting, respondent failed to render an accounting of client funds, in willful violation of Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 4-100(B)(3).

13. By failing to provide a response to the State Bar's investigative letters of July 7, 2016, August 8, 2016 and October 3, 2016, and email of August 4, 2016, which respondent received, and which requested respondent's response to the allegations of misconduct being investigated in case no. 16-O-14099, and failing to otherwise cooperate in the State Bar investigation, respondent willfully violated Business and Professions Code section 6068(i).

Case No. 16-O-17311 (Complainant: Horacio Avila)

FACTS:

14. Horacio Avila hired respondent in August 2015 to represent him in marital dissolution case, *Hortencia Avila v. Horacio Avila*, San Bernardino County Superior Court case no. FAMSS 1505249.

15. On February 4, 2016, respondent was ordered by to prepare a judgment in the case. On March 15, 2016, respondent filed a Findings and Order After Hearing, which was rejected by the court. On March 17, 2016, the court served respondent with a notice of the rejection and a list of what needed to be changed to correct the filing. Respondent received this notice.

16. On March 23, 2017, respondent filed a new Findings and Order After Hearing. This was rejected by the court on July 7, 2016. The court served respondent with notice that the documents respondent filed were being returned along with a list of what needed to be changed to correct the filing. Respondent received this notice.

17. The court sent another notice about the corrections needed for respondent's filings on July 27, 2016. Respondent received this notice.

18. On August 15, 2016, respondent filed a Declaration Regarding Service of Declaration of Disclosure and Income and Expense Declaration. On August 17, 2016, respondent was sent a notice that the documents respondent filed were being returned as additional information was required to complete the judgment.

19. Respondent did not take any further action in this matter until December 16, 2016, when she filed the remaining documents needed to finalize the judgment.

20. On December 5, 2016, a State Bar investigator sent an investigative letter to respondent at her official State Bar membership records address via United States mail, requesting that respondent respond in writing by December 19, 2016 to the allegations of misconduct being investigated in case no. 16-O-17311. The letter was not returned as undeliverable.

21. Respondent received the December 5, 2016 letter, but did not provide a response to it.

22. On January 3, 2017, the investigator sent an investigative letter to respondent at her official State Bar membership records address via United States mail, requesting that respondent respond in writing by January 17, 2017 to the allegations of misconduct being investigated in case no. 16-O-17311. The letter was not returned as undeliverable.

23. Respondent received the January 3, 2017 letter, but did not provide a response to it.

24. On April 3, 2017, the investigator sent an investigative letter to respondent at her official State Bar membership records address via United States mail, requesting that respondent respond in writing by April 17, 2017 to the allegations of misconduct being investigated in case no. 16-O-17311. The letter was not returned as undeliverable.

25. Respondent received the April 3, 2017 letter, but did not provide a response to it.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

26. By repeatedly failing to make corrections to the judgment documents as indicated in the court's notices of March 17, 2016, July 7, 2016, July 27, 2016 and August 17, 2016, and then failing to take any action to finalize the judgment from August 17, 2016 and until the final documents were filed on December 16, 2016, respondent intentionally failed to perform legal services with competence in willful violation of Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-110(A).

27. By failing to provide a response to the State Bar's investigative letters of December 5, 2016, January 3, 2017 and April 3, 2017, which respondent received, and which requested respondent's response to the allegations of misconduct being investigated in case no. 16-O-17311, and failing to otherwise cooperate in the State Bar investigation, respondent willfully violated Business and Professions Code section 6068(i).

AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Multiple Acts of Wrongdoing (Std. 1.5(b)): Respondent committed multiple acts of misconduct by failing to perform legal services with competence, failing to timely provide an appropriate accounting, and failing to cooperate with two State Bar investigations. (See, *In the Matter of Bach* (Review Dept. 1991) 1Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 631, 647 [three instances of misconduct although not a pattern or practice are sufficient to support a finding that respondent engaged in multiple acts of misconduct].)

MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Pretrial Stipulation: By entering into this stipulation, respondent has acknowledged misconduct and is entitled to mitigation for recognition of wrongdoing and saving the State Bar significant resources and time. (*Silva-Vidor v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigative credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability]; *In the Matter of Spaith* (Review Dept. 1996) 3 Cal.

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State Bar Ct. Rptr. 511, 521 [where the attorney's stipulation to facts and culpability was held to be a mitigating circumstance].)

Physical and Emotional Difficulties: In May 2016, respondent began receiving treatment for major medical issues, including stress and anxiety related to her work and family life. These problems contributed to respondent's failure to cooperate in the State Bar investigations and fulfil her duties to Ms. Billingsley and Mr. Avila. Respondent is entitled to limited mitigation under this factor, as at this time there is no prognosis for recovery. (*Read v. State Bar* (1990) 53 Cal.3d 394, 424-425 [domestic and health difficulties may be considered as mitigating circumstances]; *In the Matter of Song* (Review Dept. 2013) 5 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 273, 280-281 [recovery and rehabilitation must be established to qualify for full mitigating credit for emotional problems].)

Good Character: Respondent provided evidence of nine people willing to attest to their belief in respondent's honesty, professionalism, diligence and compassion. These references include four attorneys, a paralegal, a current and former client, and respondent's brother, who is non-commissioned officer in the United States Navy. Most of these references have known respondent for 10 years or more, and all are familiar with the misconduct at issue. These character references entitle respondent to mitigation. (See *In the Matter of Wells* (Review Dept. 2006) 4 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 896, 912-913 [attorney entitled to significant mitigation for marital problems and testimony of eight character witnesses].)

Pro Bono Work: Some of respondent's character references also provided information about respondent's pro bono work. Respondent has waived her fees for several clients whom she represented in family law cases. Respondent also volunteered to provide court appearance coverage for an attorney who was dealing with a terminally ill family member. Respondent's pro bono work is worth "considerable weight" in mitigation. (*In the Matter of Respondent K* (Review Dept. 1993) 2 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 335, 359.)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

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The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct "set forth a means for determining the appropriate disciplinary sanction in a particular case and to ensure consistency across cases dealing with similar misconduct and surrounding circumstances." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, std. 1.1. All further references to standards are to this source.) The standards help fulfill the primary purposes of discipline, which include: protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; maintenance of the highest professional standards; and preservation of public confidence in the legal profession. (See std. 1.1; *In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205.)

Although not binding, the standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (*In re Silverton* (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting *In re Brown* (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and *In re Young* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (*In re Naney* (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) If a recommendation is at the high end or low end of a standard, an explanation must be given as to how the recommendation was reached. (Std. 1.1.) "Any disciplinary recommendation that deviates from the Standards must include clear reasons for the departure." (Std. 1.1; *Blair v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

In determining whether to impose a sanction greater or less than that specified in a given standard, in addition to the factors set forth in the specific standard, consideration is to be given to the primary purposes of discipline; the balancing of all aggravating and mitigating circumstances; the type of misconduct at issue; whether the client, public, legal system or profession was harmed; and the member's willingness and ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. (Stds. 1.7(b) and (c).)

Standard 1.7(a) further provides that, "If a member commits two or more acts of misconduct and the Standards specify different sanctions for each act, the most severe sanction must be imposed." Here, the most severe sanction is found under Standards 2.2(b) and 2.7(c). Standard 2.2(b) is applicable to respondent's failure to properly account for the fees paid by Ms. Billingsley upon respondent's termination, and states that suspension or reproval is the presumed sanction for violations of Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 4-100 that do not involve commingling or failing to promptly pay entrusted funds. Standard 2.7(c) is applicable to respondent's failure to perform with competence in Horacio Avila's martial dissolution case, and states that suspension or reproval is the presumed sanction for performance violations, with the degree of sanction depending upon the extent of the misconduct and the degree of harm to the client.

Although respondent's misconduct in Ms. Billingsley and Mr. Avila's cases is directly related to the practice of law, her misconduct is limited in scope and time and did not result in significant harm to her clients. Respondent's misconduct is aggravated by multiple acts, but is mitigated by her physical and emotional difficulties, good character and pro bono work. By entering into this pretrial stipulation, respondent has acknowledged and accepted responsibility for her misconduct, thus saving the State Bar time and resources. The mitigating circumstances predominate and therefore discipline at the low end of the applicable Standards is adequate to protect the public and fulfill the purposes of attorney discipline. Discipline consisting of a public reproval with conditions for one year, on the terms and conditions set forth herein, is appropriate, is consistent with the Standards, and will protect the public, the courts and the legal profession, maintain high professional standards, and preserve public confidence in the legal profession.

DISMISSALS.

The parties respectfully request the Court to dismiss the following alleged violations in the interest of justice:

<u>Case No.</u>	<u>Count</u>	Alleged Violation
16-O-14099	One	Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-110(A)
16-O-14099	Three	Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-700(D)(2)
16-O-14099	Four	Business and Professions Code section 6068(m)

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of Chief Trial Counsel has informed respondent that as of May 30, 2017, the discipline costs in this matter are \$6,817. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

EXCLUSION FROM MINIMUM CONTINUING LEGAL EDUCATION ("MCLE") CREDIT

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Respondent may <u>not</u> receive MCLE credit for completion of State Bar Ethics School, and/or any other educational course(s) to be ordered as a condition of reproval. (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 3201.)

Case number(s): 16-O-14099-YDR 16-O-17311 (inv.)	
	16-0-14099-YDR

SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

By their signatures below, the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the recitations and each of the terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Fact, Conclusions of Law and Disposition.

ſ 00 **Edelmira Medina** Respondent's Signature Date Print Name 20 Jahzeel Osejo Respondent's Counsel Signature Print Name 6/5/2017 Date Alex Hackert Deputy Trial Counsel's Signature **Print Name**

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In the Matter of: EDELMIRA MEDINA	Case Number(s): 16-O-14099-YDR 16-O-17311 (inv.)	

REPROVAL ORDER

Finding that the stipulation protects the public and that the interests of Respondent will be served by any conditions attached to the reproval, IT IS ORDERED that the requested dismissal of counts/charges, if any, is GRANTED without prejudice, and:

- The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AND THE REPROVAL IMPOSED.
- The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the REPROVAL IMPOSED.
- All court dates in the Hearing Department are vacated.
- 1. On page 2 of the Stipulation, paragraph A.(8), at the checked box, "Two billing cycles immediately following the effective date of the State Bar Court order in this matter" is deleted, and in its place is inserted "2018 and 2019".
- 2. On page 8 of the Stipulation, numbered paragraph 15, line 1, "by" is deleted.

The parties are bound by the stipulation as approved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed within 15 days after service of this order, is granted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved stipulation. (See rule 5.58(E) & (F), Rules of Procedure.) **Otherwise the stipulation shall be effective 15 days after service of this order.**

Failure to comply with any conditions attached to this reproval may constitute cause for a separate proceeding for willful breach of rule 1-110, Rules of Professional Conduct.

2017 Date

CYNUTHIA VALENZUELA Judge of the State Bar Court

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of Los Angeles, on June 13, 2017, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at Los Angeles, California, addressed as follows:

JAHZEEL OSEJO LEE & OSEJO 17897 MACARTHUR BLVD STE 205 IRVINE, CA 92614

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

ALEX HACKERT, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in Los Angeles, California, on June 13, 2017.

Johnnie Lee Smith Case Administrator State Bar Court