

SEP - 6 2017 STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE

LOS ANGELES

FILEI

STATE BAR COURT OF CALIFORNIA

HEARING DEPARTMENT – LOS ANGELES

)

)

In the Matter of STEVEN C. WILHEIM, A Member of the State Bar, No. 185884.

Case No. 16-O-17033-DFM

DECISION AND ORDER OF INVOLUNTARY INACTIVE ENROLLMENT

In this matter, respondent Steven C. Wilheim (Respondent) was charged with five counts of misconduct involving a single client matter. Respondent attended the initial status conference but subsequently failed to participate either in person or through counsel, and his default was entered. The Office of Chief Trial Counsel of the State Bar of California (State Bar) filed a petition for disbarment under rule 5.85 of the Rules of Procedure of the State Bar.¹

Rule 5.85 provides the procedure to follow when an attorney fails to participate in a disciplinary proceeding after receiving adequate notice and opportunity. The rule provides that if an attorney's default is entered for failing to respond to the notice of disciplinary charges (NDC), and the attorney fails to have the default set aside or vacated within 90 days, the State Bar will file a petition requesting the court to recommend the attorney's disbarment.²

¹ Unless otherwise indicated, all references to rules are to this source.

² If the court determines that any due process requirements are not satisfied, including adequate notice to the attorney, it must deny the petition for disbarment and take other appropriate action to ensure that the matter is promptly resolved. (Rule 5.85(F)(2).)

In the instant case, the court concludes that the requirements of rule 5.85 have been satisfied and, therefore, grants the petition and recommends that Respondent be disbarred from the practice of law.

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

Respondent was admitted to practice law in this state on December 10, 1996, and has been a member since then.

Procedural Requirements Have Been Satisfied

On March 14, 2017, the State Bar properly filed and served an NDC on Respondent by certified mail, return receipt requested, at his membership records address. The NDC notified Respondent that his failure to participate in the proceeding would result in a disbarment recommendation. (Rule 5.41.) The NDC was not returned to the State Bar by the U.S. Postal Service as undeliverable.³

In addition, Respondent had actual notice of this proceeding. On April 17, 2017, he was present at and participated in the initial status conference in this matter.

Respondent, however, failed to file a response to the NDC. On April 11, 2017, the State Bar filed and properly served a motion for entry of Respondent's default. The motion included a supporting declaration of reasonable diligence by the Senior Trial Counsel, declaring the additional steps taken to provide notice to Respondent. (Rule 5.80.) The motion also notified Respondent that, if he did not timely move to set aside his default, the court would recommend his disbarment. Respondent did not file a response to the motion, and his default was entered on April 28, 2017. The order entering default was served on Respondent at his membership records address by certified mail, return receipt requested. The court also ordered Respondent's involuntary inactive enrollment as a member of the State Bar under Business and Professions

 $^{^{3}}$ The State Bar did not indicate whether a signed return receipt for the NDC was received from Respondent. (Rule 5.80(B)(1).)

Code section 6007, subdivision (e), effective three days after service of the order, and he has remained inactively enrolled since that time.

Respondent then did not seek to have his default set aside or vacated. (Rule 5.83(C)(1) [attorney has 90 days to file motion to set aside default].) On August 2, 2017, the State Bar filed the petition for disbarment. The State Bar reported in the petition that: (1) it had a telephone conversation with Respondent's counsel four days before the entry of default (on April 24, 2017) and was told that Respondent intended to proceed by default and be disbarred in this matter;⁴ (2) Respondent has other disciplinary matters pending; (3) Respondent has no prior record of discipline; and (4) the Client Security Fund has not made any payments resulting from Respondent's conduct. Respondent did not respond to the petition for disbarment or move to set aside or vacate the default. The case was submitted for decision on August 29, 2017.

The Admitted Factual Allegations Warrant the Imposition of Discipline

Upon entry of a respondent's default, the factual allegations in the NDC are deemed admitted and no further proof is required to establish the truth of such facts. (Rule 5.82.) As set forth below in greater detail, the factual allegations in the NDC support the conclusion that Respondent is culpable as charged and violated a statute, rule, or court order that would warrant the imposition of discipline. (Rule 5.85(F)(1)(d).)

Case No. 16-O-17033 - The Bradley Matter

Count One – Respondent willfully violated rule 3-110(A) of the Rules of Professional Conduct (failing to perform legal services with competence) by failing to perform the services for which he was employed, i.e., filing a civil action on his client's behalf.

⁴ The State Bar also had a follow-up conversation with Respondent's counsel on July 21, 2017, and learned that Respondent was now acting in pro per in this matter. The State Bar did not affirmatively state in its declaration whether it has had any contact with Respondent since the default was entered as required by rule 5.85(A)(1).

Count Two – Respondent willfully violated Business and Professions Code section 6068, subdivision (m) (failure to respond to client inquiries), by failing to promptly respond to numerous reasonable client status inquiries.

Count Three – Respondent willfully violated Business and Professions Code section 6106 (moral turpitude – misrepresentation) by telling his client he had filed a wrongful death lawsuit on her behalf when he knew or was grossly negligent in not knowing the statement was false.

Count Four – Respondent willfully violated rule 3-700(A)(2) of the Rules of Professional Conduct (improper withdrawal) by terminating his employment without notice to his client.

Count Five – Respondent willfully violated Business and Professions Code section 6068, subdivision (i) (failing to cooperate in a disciplinary investigation), by failing to provide any response to the allegations in a disciplinary investigation after being contacted by the State Bar.

Disbarment is Recommended

Based on the above, the court concludes that the requirements of rule 5.85(F) have been satisfied, and Respondent's disbarment is recommended. In particular:

(1) the NDC was properly served on Respondent under rule 5.25;

(2) Respondent had actual notice of the proceedings prior to the entry of his default;

(3) the default was properly entered under rule 5.80; and

(4) the factual allegations in the NDC, deemed admitted by the entry of the default, support a finding that Respondent violated a statute, rule, or court order that would warrant the imposition of discipline.

Despite actual notice and opportunity, Respondent failed to participate in this disciplinary proceeding. As set forth in the Rules of Procedure of the State Bar, the court recommends disbarment.

-4-

RECOMMENDATIONS

Disbarment

The court recommends that respondent Steven C. Wilheim, State Bar number 185884, be disbarred from the practice of law in the State of California and that his name be stricken from the roll of attorneys.

California Rules of Court, Rule 9.20

The court also recommends that Respondent be ordered to comply with the requirements of California Rules of Court, rule 9.20, and to perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 30 and 40 days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court order in this proceeding.

Costs

The court further recommends that costs be awarded to the State Bar in accordance with Business and Professions Code section 6086.10, such costs being enforceable both as provided in Business and Professions Code section 6140.7 and as a money judgment.

ORDER OF INVOLUNTARY INACTIVE ENROLLMENT

In accordance with Business and Professions Code section 6007, subdivision (c)(4), the court orders that Steven C. Wilheim, State Bar number 185884, be involuntarily enrolled as an inactive member of the State Bar of California, effective three calendar days after the service of this decision and order. (Rule 5.111(D).)

Dated: September **(**, 2017

DONALD F. MILES Judge of the State Bar Court

-5-

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of Los Angeles, on September 6, 2017, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

DECISION AND ORDER OF INVOLUNTARY INACTIVE ENROLLMENT

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at Los Angeles, California, addressed as follows:

STEVEN C. WILHEIM 5567 RESEDA BLVD SUITE 300 TARZANA, CA 91356

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

DREW D. MASSEY, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in Los Angeles, California, on September 6, 2017.

Mazie Yip Case Administrator State Bar Court