

(Do not write above this line.)

State Bar Court of California Hearing Department Los Angeles ACTUAL SUSPENSION		
<p>Counsel For The State Bar</p> <p>Jean Cha Deputy Trial Counsel 1149 S. Hill Street Los Angeles, CA 90015 (213) 765-1000</p> <p>Bar # 228137</p>	<p>Case Number(s): 10-O-05300 - PEM & 10-O-07622</p>	<p>For Court use only</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 1.2em;">PUBLIC MATTER</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 1.5em;">FILED <i>clj</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">SEP 29 2011</p> <p style="text-align: center;">STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE SAN FRANCISCO</p>
<p>In Pro Per Respondent</p> <p>Michelle Perfili Law Offices of Michelle A Perfili PO Box 1034 Lakeside, CA 92040 (619) 966-9003</p> <p>Bar # 107580</p>	<p>Submitted to: Settlement Judge</p> <p>STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING</p>	
<p>In the Matter of: Michelle A. Perfili</p> <p>Bar # 107580</p> <p>A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)</p>	<p>ACTUAL SUSPENSION</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED</p>	

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted December 3, 1982.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of 11 pages, not including the order.



(Do not write above this line.)

- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."
- (5) Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of Law".
- (6) The parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading "Supporting Authority."
- (7) No more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any pending investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.
- (8) Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & 6140.7. (Check one option only):
 - Until costs are paid in full, Respondent will remain actually suspended from the practice of law unless relief is obtained per rule 5.130, Rules of Procedure.
 - Costs are to be paid in equal amounts prior to February 1 for the following membership years: 2013, 2014, & 2015. (Hardship, special circumstances or other good cause per rule 5.132, Rules of Procedure.) If Respondent fails to pay any installment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar Court, the remaining balance is due and payable immediately.
 - Costs are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs".
 - Costs are entirely waived.

B. Aggravating Circumstances [for definition, see Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct, standard 1.2(b)]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are required.

- (1) **Prior record of discipline** [see standard 1.2(f)]
 - (a) State Bar Court case # of prior case
 - (b) Date prior discipline effective
 - (c) Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:
 - (d) Degree of prior discipline
 - (e) If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below.
- (2) **Dishonesty:** Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by or followed by bad faith, dishonesty, concealment, overreaching or other violations of the State Bar Act or Rules of Professional Conduct.
- (3) **Trust Violation:** Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property.
- (4) **Harm:** Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public or the administration of justice.

(Do not write above this line.)

- (5) **Indifference:** Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.
- (6) **Lack of Cooperation:** Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation or proceedings.
- (7) **Multiple/Pattern of Misconduct:** Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing or demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.
- (8) **No aggravating circumstances** are involved.

Additional aggravating circumstances:

N/A

C. Mitigating Circumstances [see standard 1.2(e)]. Facts supporting mitigating circumstances are required.

- (1) **No Prior Discipline:** Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not deemed serious.
- (2) **No Harm:** Respondent did not harm the client or person who was the object of the misconduct.
- (3) **Candor/Cooperation:** Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct and to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation and proceedings. Respondent has agreed to discipline without requiring a hearing.
- (4) **Remorse:** Respondent promptly took objective steps spontaneously demonstrating remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct.
- (5) **Restitution:** Respondent paid \$ _____ on _____ in restitution to _____ without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.
- (6) **Delay:** These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.
- (7) **Good Faith:** Respondent acted in good faith.
- (8) **Emotional/Physical Difficulties:** At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and Respondent no longer suffers from such difficulties or disabilities.
- (9) **Severe Financial Stress:** At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.
- (10) **Family Problems:** At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.
- (11) **Good Character:** Respondent's good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct. Respondent has

(Do not write above this line.)

provided character references from a cross-section of members in the legal and general community including three attorneys, a judge and several members in her community. These references attest to her character, integrity and honesty even with the knowledge of the misconduct and belief that the conduct was aberrational. (Std. 1.2(e)(vi).)

- (12) **Rehabilitation:** Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by convincing proof of subsequent rehabilitation.
- (13) **No mitigating circumstances** are involved.

Additional mitigating circumstances:

Respondent has almost 30 years in practice with no prior record of discipline.

Respondent's misconduct in the Torquato matter occurred during an isolated lapse of Respondent's active status due to her financial difficulties. Respondent did not receive actual notice of the impending date of her inactive enrollment because the August 3, 2007 notice sent to her membership records address were returned to sender. But Respondent should have known that her inactive enrollment was imminent. Respondent contends that she believed that she had until August 31, 2007, to submit her dues payment. Respondent contends that she was not aware of the effective date of her inactive enrollment, despite having access to her membership status online. Her mistaken belief was not reasonable under the circumstances because it was her responsibility to confirm that her membership records address was kept current. Respondent learned of her inactive status on August 30, 2007, when she paid her dues and related late fees and was returned to active status. Respondent updated her membership records address that same day.

Respondent has collaborated in public interest protection lectures for community groups and on college campuses, published self-help articles online and in magazines, has provided a substantial number of pro bono work to clients over many years for organizations such as Elderhelp and reduced fee or sliding scale fee agreements, and over the past decade has coordinated volunteer efforts with animal rescue and volunteered in her local community.

D. Discipline:

- (1) **Stayed Suspension:**
- (a) Respondent must be suspended from the practice of law for a period of ONE (1) YEAR.
- i. and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and present fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the law pursuant to standard 1.4(c)(ii) Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.
- ii. and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.
- iii. and until Respondent does the following:
- (b) The above-referenced suspension is stayed.
- (2) **Probation:**

Respondent must be placed on probation for a period of TWO (2) YEARS, which will commence upon the effective date of the Supreme Court order in this matter. (See rule 9.18, California Rules of Court)

(Effective January 1, 2011)

Actual Suspension

(3) **Actual Suspension:**

- (a) Respondent must be actually suspended from the practice of law in the State of California for a period of THIRTY (30) DAYS.
- i. and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and present fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the law pursuant to standard 1.4(c)(ii), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct
- ii. and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.
- iii. and until Respondent does the following:

E. Additional Conditions of Probation:

- (1) If Respondent is actually suspended for two years or more, he/she must remain actually suspended until he/she proves to the State Bar Court his/her rehabilitation, fitness to practice, and learning and ability in the general law, pursuant to standard 1.4(c)(ii), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.
- (2) During the probation period, Respondent must comply with the provisions of the State Bar Act and Rules of Professional Conduct.
- (3) Within ten (10) days of any change, Respondent must report to the Membership Records Office of the State Bar and to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of information, including current office address and telephone number, or other address for State Bar purposes, as prescribed by section 6002.1 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (4) Within thirty (30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Probation and schedule a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and conditions of probation. Upon the direction of the Office of Probation, Respondent must meet with the probation deputy either in-person or by telephone. During the period of probation, Respondent must promptly meet with the probation deputy as directed and upon request.
- (5) Respondent must submit written quarterly reports to the Office of Probation on each January 10, April 10, July 10, and October 10 of the period of probation. Under penalty of perjury, Respondent must state whether Respondent has complied with the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all conditions of probation during the preceding calendar quarter. Respondent must also state whether there are any proceedings pending against him or her in the State Bar Court and if so, the case number and current status of that proceeding. If the first report would cover less than 30 days, that report must be submitted on the next quarter date, and cover the extended period.

In addition to all quarterly reports, a final report, containing the same information, is due no earlier than twenty (20) days before the last day of the period of probation and no later than the last day of probation.

- (6) Respondent must be assigned a probation monitor. Respondent must promptly review the terms and conditions of probation with the probation monitor to establish a manner and schedule of compliance. During the period of probation, Respondent must furnish to the monitor such reports as may be requested, in addition to the quarterly reports required to be submitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must cooperate fully with the probation monitor.
- (7) Subject to assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully any inquiries of the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which are directed to Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has complied with the probation conditions.

(Do not write above this line.)

- (8) Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.
- No Ethics School recommended. Reason: .
- (9) Respondent must comply with all conditions of probation imposed in the underlying criminal matter and must so declare under penalty of perjury in conjunction with any quarterly report to be filed with the Office of Probation.
- (10) The following conditions are attached hereto and incorporated:
- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Substance Abuse Conditions | <input type="checkbox"/> Law Office Management Conditions |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Medical Conditions | <input type="checkbox"/> Financial Conditions |

F. Other Conditions Negotiated by the Parties:

- (1) **Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination:** Respondent must provide proof of passage of the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination ("MPRE"), administered by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, to the Office of Probation during the period of actual suspension or within one year, whichever period is longer. **Failure to pass the MPRE results in actual suspension without further hearing until passage. But see rule 9.10(b), California Rules of Court, and rule 5.162(A) & (E), Rules of Procedure.**
- No MPRE recommended. Reason:
- (2) **Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court:** Respondent must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 30 and 40 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.
- (3) **Conditional Rule 9.20, California Rules of Court:** If Respondent remains actually suspended for 90 days or more, he/she must comply with the requirements of rule 9.20, California Rules of Court, and perform the acts specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of that rule within 120 and 130 calendar days, respectively, after the effective date of the Supreme Court's Order in this matter.
- (4) **Credit for Interim Suspension [conviction referral cases only]:** Respondent will be credited for the period of his/her interim suspension toward the stipulated period of actual suspension. Date of commencement of interim suspension:
- (5) **Other Conditions:**

Attachment language (if any):

**ATTACHMENT TO
STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION**

IN THE MATTER OF: Michelle A. Perfili, 107580
CASE NUMBERS: 10-O-05300 & 10-O-07622

Respondent MICHELLE A. PERFILI, admits the facts set forth in the stipulation are true and that he is culpable of violations of the specified statutes and Rules of Professional Conduct.

(1) Case No. 10-O-05300 (The Torquato Matter)

FACTS

1. On July 30, 2007, the California Supreme Court entered its order S154741, effective August 16, 2007 suspending Respondent from the practice of law for failing to pay membership fees. On August 3, 2007, the membership billing office of the State Bar of California served a copy of the order on Respondent. Notice was returned to sender. As a consequence of the order, Respondent was not entitled to practice law between August 16, 2007, and August 30, 2007 (the date Respondent made payment and was returned to active status).

2. In December 2006, Jozelle Torquato ("Torquato") employed Respondent to represent her in a real property matter. In early August 2007, Torquato retained Respondent to defend her in an unlawful detainer action related to the real property matter in the San Diego County Superior Court entitled, *Daybreak Group, Inc. v. Karl Sturckow, et al.*, case number UE021286 (the "unlawful detainer action").

3. Between August 16, 2007 and August 28, 2007, while Respondent was not entitled to practice law, Respondent performed work on the unlawful detainer action constituting 12.4 hours of legal services on behalf of Torquato. Respondent drafted and sent correspondence to Torquato and had telephone conversations with Torquato, drafted a pleading and declaration and appeared in court on August 23, 2007, on behalf of Torquato, at an ex parte hearing.

4. Respondent billed Torquato and received \$2,480 in attorney fees for the legal services provided during the time Respondent was not entitled to practice law.

5. Respondent reasonably should have known that she was not authorized to practice law on August 16, 2007 through August 28, 2007, when she performed legal services on behalf of Torquato.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

6. By performing legal services on behalf of Torquato while not entitled to practice law, Respondent practiced law in violation of Business and Professions Code sections 6125 and 6126 (“sections 6125 and 6126”) and by violating sections 6125 and 6126, Respondent failed to support the laws of this state in wilful violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6068(a)

7. By charging and collecting \$2,480 from Torquato as fees while Respondent was not entitled to practice law, Respondent technically charged and collected an illegal fee in wilful violation of Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 4-200(A).

(2) Case No. 10-O-07622 (The Juarez Matter)

FACTS

8. On July 14, 2006, Antonio Juarez (“Juarez”) employed Respondent to file a civil lawsuit regarding a real property matter and paid Respondent \$2,500 in advanced fees. Juarez and Respondent had a 15-year history where Respondent represented Juarez on various other legal matters.

9. In late July 2006, while Respondent was actively representing Juarez in the real property matter, Respondent borrowed \$2,000 from Juarez.

10. Between August 2006 and January 2007, Respondent paid Juarez a total of \$1,400 in cash installments to repay Juarez for the \$2,000 borrowed funds.

11. On January 8, 2007, Respondent gave Juarez a personal check in the amount of \$600, therefore paying back the borrowed funds in full. Juarez cashed the \$600 check.

12. Respondent did not provide Juarez with a writing setting forth the terms of any loan agreement or borrowed funds, Respondent did not inform Juarez that he had the right to consult

with independent counsel regarding the transaction. Respondent did not consent to the borrowing of funds in writing.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

13. By failing to obtain the requisite written informed consent from Juarez to the terms of the loan, by not advising him in writing that he may seek the advice of an independent lawyer of his choice, and by not giving him a reasonable opportunity to seek that advice, Respondent acquired a pecuniary interest adverse to Juarez's interest in wilful violation of Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-300.

DISMISSALS

The parties respectfully request the Court dismiss these alleged violations from the NDC in the interest of justice:

<u>Case No.</u>	<u>Count</u>	<u>Alleged Violation</u>
10-O-05300	Two	Business and Professions Code section 6106
10-O-05300	Four	Business and Professions Code section 6068(m)
10-O-05300	Five	Business and Professions Code, section 6068(m)
10-O-05300	Six	Rule 3-110(A), Rules of Professional Conduct
10-O-05300	Seven	Rule 3-700(D)(1), Rules of Professional Conduct
10-O-05300	Eight	Rule 4-100(B)(3), Rules of Professional Conduct
10-O-05300	Nine	Rule 3-700(D)(2), Rules of Professional Conduct
10-O-05300	Ten	Business and Professions Code section 6068(i)

SUPPORTING AUTHORITY

The purpose of State Bar disciplinary proceedings is not to punish the attorney, but to protect the public, to preserve public confidence in the profession, and to maintain the highest possible professional standards for attorneys. (*Chadwick v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 103, 111; *Cooper v. State Bar* (1987) 43 Cal.3d 1016, 1025; Std. 1.3.)

Standards 2.6, 2.7, 2.8 of the *Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct, Rules Proc. Of State Bar, Title IV*, provides for suspension for a violation of Business and Professions Code § 6068, Rules of Professional Conduct rule 3-300 and 4-200.

The standards are guidelines (*Drociak v. State Bar* (1991) 52 Cal.3d 1085, 1090; *In the Matter of Koehler* (Review Dept. 1991) 1 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 615, 628) and are afforded great weight (*In re Silverton* (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 91-92) and are not applied in a talismanic fashion (*In the Matter of Van Sickle* (Review Dept. 2006) 4 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 980, 994). A determination

of discipline balances the standards with mitigation and aggravation. (Std. 1.6(b); *Segal v. State Bar* (1988) 44 Cal.3d 1077, 1089; *Snyder v. State Bar* (1990) 49 Cal.3d 1302, 1310-11.)

In *Connor v. State Bar* (1990) 50 Cal.3d 1047, the discipline encompassed a public reproof for a single instance of holding an interest adverse to a client without proper notice and consent.

In *In the Matter of Fonte* (Review Department 1994) 2 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 752, an attorney was disciplined for 60 days actual suspension for representing adverse parties without waiver and failing to provide an accounting and 25 years of practice with no priors and extensive public service in mitigation. Here, Respondent has similar mitigating circumstances as the attorney in *Fonte*.

In *In the Matter of Mason* (Review Dept. 1997) 3 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 639, an attorney was suspended for 90 days actual suspension for UPL during a 75-day actual suspension. Mason made an appearance, filed a brief and a declaration. In *Mason* the UPL was wilful and constituted moral turpitude and the court found multiple acts of wrongdoing with substantial pro bono services over many years in mitigation. Here, there is no moral turpitude and Respondent has no prior record of discipline.

Here, 30 days actual suspension is sufficient to protect the public.

PENDING PROCEEDINGS

The disclosure date referred to on page two, paragraph A.(7), was August 31, 2011.

COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS

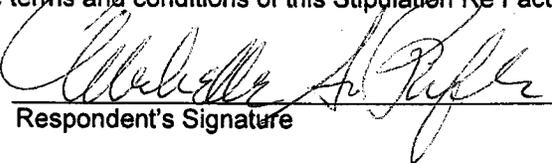
Respondent acknowledges that he was informed that as of August 31, 2011, the estimated prosecution costs in this matter are approximately \$4,161.00 (see Bus. & Prof. Code section 6068.10(c)) or taxable costs (see C.C.P. section 1033.5(a)). Disciplinary costs may be modified by the State Bar Court pursuant to section 6086.10, subdivision(c), or relief may be granted under the Rules of Procedure of the State Bar of California (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 5.130 (old rule 286)). Payment of costs is enforceable as provided in Business and Professions Code section 6140.7 and as a money judgment.

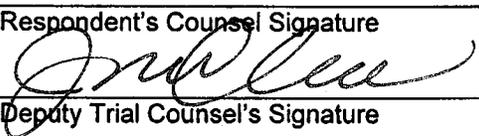
(Do not write above this line.)

In the Matter of: Michelle A. Perfili	Case number(s): 10-O-05300 - PEM & 10-O-07622
--	--

SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

By their signatures below, the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the recitations and each of the terms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Facts, Conclusions of Law, and Disposition.

September 8, 2011  Michelle A. Perfili
Date Respondent's Signature Print Name

Date Respondent's Counsel Signature Print Name
September 19, 2011  Jean Cha
Date Deputy Trial Counsel's Signature Print Name

(Do not write above this line.)

In the Matter of:
Michelle A. Perfili

Case Number(s):
10-O-05300 - PEM & 10-O-07622

ACTUAL SUSPENSION ORDER

Finding the stipulation to be fair to the parties and that it adequately protects the public, IT IS ORDERED that the requested dismissal of counts/charges, if any, is GRANTED without prejudice, and:

- The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED and the DISCIPLINE RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.
- The stipulated facts and disposition are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the DISCIPLINE IS RECOMMENDED to the Supreme Court.
- All Hearing dates are vacated.

The parties are bound by the stipulation as approved unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed within 15 days after service of this order, is granted; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved stipulation. (See rule 5.58(E) & (F), Rules of Procedure.) **The effective date of this disposition is the effective date of the Supreme Court order herein, normally 30 days after file date. (See rule 9.18(a), California Rules of Court.)**

Date

09-28-11

Judge of the State Bar Court


RICHARD A. PLATEL

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of San Francisco, on September 29, 2011, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

- by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at San Francisco, California, addressed as follows:

MICHELLE A. PERFILI
LAW OFFICES OF MICHELLE A PERFILI
PO BOX 1034
LAKESIDE, CA 92040

- by certified mail, No. , with return receipt requested, through the United States Postal Service at , California, addressed as follows:

- by overnight mail at , California, addressed as follows:

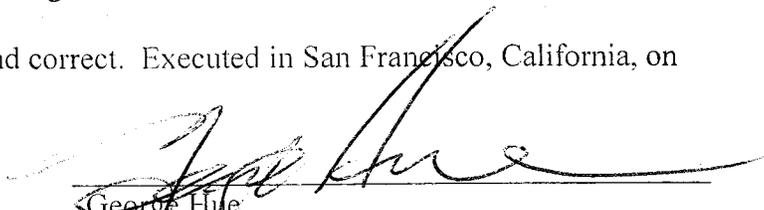
- by fax transmission, at fax number . No error was reported by the fax machine that I used.

- By personal service by leaving the documents in a sealed envelope or package clearly labeled to identify the attorney being served with a receptionist or a person having charge of the attorney's office, addressed as follows:

- by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

Jean Cha, Enforcement, Los Angeles

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in San Francisco, California, on September 29, 2011.


George Hue
Case Administrator
State Bar Court